# Appendix A

## Physical Constants

Permittivity of free space $\varepsilon_0 = \frac{1}{36\pi} \times 10^{-9}$ F/m

Permeability of free space $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ H/m

## ∇ Operator

$$\nabla V = \vec{a}_x \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} + \vec{a}_y \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} + \vec{a}_z \frac{\partial V}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{A} = \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{A} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{a}_x & \vec{a}_y & \vec{a}_z \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\nabla V = \vec{a}_r \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} + \vec{a}_\phi \frac{\partial V}{r\partial \phi} + \vec{a}_z \frac{\partial V}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{A} = \frac{\partial (rA_r)}{r\partial r} + \frac{\partial A_\phi}{r\partial \phi} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{A} = \frac{1}{r} \begin{vmatrix} \vec{a}_r & r\vec{a}_\phi & \vec{a}_z \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ A_r & rA_\phi & A_z \end{vmatrix}$$

ATTENTION: The Singapore Copyright Act applies to the use of this document. Nanyang Technological University Library

# Appendix A (continued)

## Electric and Magnetic Fields

$$\vec{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon}\iiint_V \frac{\rho_v \vec{a}_R}{R^2} dv = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon}\iiint_V \frac{\rho_v \vec{R}}{R^3} dv$$

$$V = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon}\iiint_V \frac{\rho_v}{R} dv$$

$$\vec{H} = \frac{1}{4\pi}\int_C \frac{I\vec{dl} \times \vec{a}_R}{R^2} = \frac{1}{4\pi}\int_C \frac{I\vec{dl} \times \vec{R}}{R^3}$$

$$\oint_C \vec{H} \cdot \vec{dl} = I = \iint_S \vec{J} \cdot \vec{ds}$$

$$emf = \oint_C \tilde{E} \cdot \vec{dl} = -\frac{d\Phi_m}{dt} = -\frac{d}{dt}\iint_S \tilde{B} \cdot \vec{ds}$$

## Maxwell's Equations

$$\nabla \times \tilde{E} = -\frac{\partial \tilde{B}}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \times \tilde{H} = \frac{\partial \tilde{D}}{\partial t} + \tilde{J}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \tilde{D} = \rho$$

$$\nabla \cdot \tilde{B} = 0$$

## Complex Propagation Constant

$$\gamma = \alpha + j\beta = j\omega\sqrt{\mu\varepsilon_c} = j\omega\sqrt{\mu(\varepsilon - j\sigma/\omega)}$$

## Complex Intrinsic Impedance

$$\eta_c = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\varepsilon_c}} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\varepsilon - j\sigma/\omega}}$$

ATTENTION: The Singapore Copyright Act applies to the use of this document. Nanyang Technological University Library

# Appendix A (continued)

## Reflection and Transmission of Electromagnetic Wave

$$\frac{\sin\theta_t}{\sin\theta_i} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_1\varepsilon_1}{\mu_2\varepsilon_2}} \qquad \tan\theta_{B\|} = \sqrt{\frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1}} \qquad \sin\theta_c = \sqrt{\frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1}}$$

$$\Gamma_\perp = \frac{\eta_2\cos(\theta_i) - \eta_1\cos(\theta_t)}{\eta_2\cos(\theta_i) + \eta_1\cos(\theta_t)} \qquad \tau_\perp = \frac{2\eta_2\cos(\theta_i)}{\eta_2\cos(\theta_i) + \eta_1\cos(\theta_t)}$$

$$\Gamma_\| = \frac{\eta_2\cos(\theta_t) - \eta_1\cos(\theta_i)}{\eta_2\cos(\theta_t) + \eta_1\cos(\theta_i)} \qquad \tau_\| = \frac{2\eta_2\cos(\theta_i)}{\eta_2\cos(\theta_t) + \eta_1\cos(\theta_i)}$$

## Transmission Line

$$V(z) = V_o^+ \; e^{-j\beta z} + V_o^- \; e^{+j\beta z}$$

$$I(z) = \frac{1}{Z_o}\{V_o^+ \; e^{-j\beta z} - V_o^- \; e^{+j\beta z}\}$$

$$\beta = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$$

$$\Gamma_L = \frac{V_o^-}{V_o^+} = \frac{Z_L - Z_o}{Z_L + Z_o}$$

$$\Gamma(z) = \Gamma_L \, e^{+j2\beta z} \qquad -\ell \le z \le 0$$

$$Z_{in}(-\ell) = \frac{Z_L + jZ_o\tan(\beta\ell)}{Z_o + jZ_L\tan(\beta\ell)} Z_o$$

END OF PAPER



ATTENTION: The Singapore Copyright Act applies to the use of this document. Nanyang Technological University Library