CS 35L Software Construction Laboratory (Lab1-A) Mon, Jan 9, 2012

#### Course Information:

Course Web: http://cs.ucla.edu/classes/winter12/cs35L/Piazza: http://piazza.com/class#winter2012/cs35l Instructor in charge: Paul Eggert, Boelter 4532J.

Office hours: Mondays 10:00-11:00 and Wednesdays 14:00-15:00.

Instructor: Jiwen Cai (jwcai@cs.ucla.edu)

Tentative Office hours: Mondays 16:30-17:30 in Boelter 2432

Thursdays 9:30-10:30 in Boelter 2432

Prerequisite: CS 31

What is CS35?

This course leads you to train yourself as a professional and efficient software engineer.

In this course, we will cover:

Basic linux commands, vim, emacs, man, shell scripting, python, make, automake, version control (diff, git, svn), gdb, valgrind, and etc.

## Grading:

50% homework and in-class presentations

10 homework, each homework contains two parts: 1) Lab 2) Assignment We will go through the lab in class and leave assignments to you. The deadline of the 1st homework is Jan 13, 2011 (this Friday!!!). Lateness penalty: 1 day late: 1%, 2 days late: 2%, 3 days late: 4%, ... Hour code: you may discuss in form of study group, but no copying from others In-class presentation:

50% final exam

Final exam: Friday, March 23, 2012, 11:30am-2:30pm, no makeup.

### Today's plan:

Introduction to several basic linux commands.

Learning Vim

Walking through part of Lab 1

#### Wednesday's plan:

Introduction to file attributes More Linux commands Learning Emacs Finishing Lab 1

#### Unix and Linux:

Read wiki by yourslef:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unix http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linux

CLI (Command Line Interface) vs GUI (Graphic User Interface)

Steep learning curve Speed with commands Low resources usgae Power of scripting

### Convenient remote access

### Linux File System

Starts from root

Tree structured hierarchy

Command 1: ls -- list directory contents

Command 2: cd -- change directory

Command 3: pwd -- print name of current/working directory

#### Helper Commands:

Command 4: man -- an interface to the on-line reference manuals

Command 5: which -- locate a command

Command 6: whereis -- locate the binary, source, and manual page files for a command

Sometimes, just try [command] --help or [command] -h

## Command is CLI programs with arguments:

man, ls, cd, and etc are actually programs, i.e. executable binary files \$PATH environment variable tells the system where to find such programs echo \$PATH -- view the current path

### Vim Level 1: Survival

Command mode and Insert Mode

- i switch to insert mode before the current position
- a switch to insert mode after the current position (append)
- - A jump to the last character of the current line and switch to the insert mode
  - x delete one character
  - :wq save and exit (:w save, :q exit)
  - :q! exit without saving
  - hjkl move cursor

### Vim Level 2: Feeling good

- o insert new line below the cursor
- O insert new line above the cursor
- 0 move to the begin of the line
- ^ move to the first non-blank character in the line
- \$ move to the end of the line
- q\_ move to the last non-blackk character in the line
- / search for pattern
- dd delete current line
- p paste

# Vim Level 3 and more:

Please read: http://blog.interlinked.org/tutorials/vim\_tutorial.html

Today's lab: #1 #2 #4 #6 #8 #9 #11 #14