# Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

# Elizabeth Good

#### **OVERVIEW**

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

### **Directions**

- 1. Rename this file <FirstLast>\_A04\_DataWrangling.Rmd (replacing <FirstLast> with your first and last name).
- 2. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 3. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 4. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 5. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 6. Ensure that code in code chunks does not extend off the page in the PDF.

The completed exercise is due on Thursday, Sept 28th @ 5:00pm.

# Set up your session

- 1a. Load the tidyverse, lubridate, and here packages into your session.
- 1b. Check your working directory.
- 1c. Read in all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset, being sure to set string columns to be read in a factors. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
  - 2. Apply the glimpse() function to reveal the dimensions, column names, and structure of each dataset.

```
#1a
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(here)
#1b
here()
```

## [1] "C:/Users/goode/OneDrive/Documents/Duke/ENV872 EDE/EDE Fall2023"

```
#1c
03_NC2018 <- read.csv(
  file=here("Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2018_raw.csv"),
  stringsAsFactors = TRUE</pre>
```

```
03_NC2019 <- read.csv(</pre>
  file=here("Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv"),
  stringsAsFactors = TRUE
PM25 NC2018 <- read.csv(
 file=here("Data/Raw/EPAair PM25 NC2018 raw.csv"),
  stringsAsFactors = TRUE
)
PM25_NC2019 <- read.csv(
 file=here("Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv"),
  stringsAsFactors = TRUE
#2
glimpse(03_NC2018)
## Rows: 9,737
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                                           <fct> 03/01/2018, 03/02/2018, 03/03/201~
## $ Source
                                           <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS~
## $ Site.ID
                                           <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ POC
                                           <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.043, 0.046, 0.047, 0.049, 0.047~
## $ UNITS
                                           <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                           <int> 40, 43, 44, 45, 44, 28, 33, 41, 4~
## $ Site.Name
                                           <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                           <int> 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 1~
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                           <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
                                          <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                          <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
                                           <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA_CODE
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                           <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
                                           <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
## $ STATE_CODE
## $ STATE
                                           <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ COUNTY CODE
                                           <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                           <fct> Alexander, Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                           <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                           <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
glimpse(03_NC2019)
## Rows: 10,592
## Columns: 20
                                           <fct> 01/01/2019, 01/02/2019, 01/03/201~
## $ Date
## $ Source
                                           <fct> AirNow, AirNow, AirNow, Ar
## $ Site.ID
                                           <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ POC
                                           <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.029, 0.018, 0.016, 0.022, 0.037~
```

```
## $ UNITS
                                          <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
                                          <int> 27, 17, 15, 20, 34, 34, 27, 35, 3~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                          <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
## $ Site.Name
                                          <int> 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 2~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                          <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
                                          <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
                                          <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                                          <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA CODE
## $ CBSA NAME
                                          <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ STATE_CODE
                                          <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
## $ STATE
                                          <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                          <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                          <fct> Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                          <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                          <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
```

## glimpse(PM25\_NC2018)

```
## Rows: 8,983
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                           <fct> 01/02/2018, 01/05/2018, 01/08/2018, 01/~
## $ Source
                           <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, ~
## $ Site.ID
                           <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                           ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 2.9, 3.7, 5.3, 0.8, 2.5, 4.5, 1.8, 2.5,~
## $ UNITS
                           <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                           <int> 12, 15, 22, 3, 10, 19, 8, 10, 18, 7, 24~
## $ Site.Name
                           <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                           ## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                           ## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                           <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
                           <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
## $ CBSA CODE
                           ## $ CBSA_NAME
                           ## $ STATE CODE
                           ## $ STATE
                           <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ COUNTY CODE
                           ## $ COUNTY
                           <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Aver~
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                           <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
                           <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
```

#### glimpse(PM25\_NC2019)

```
## Rows: 8,581
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                              <fct> 01/03/2019, 01/06/2019, 01/09/2019, 01/~
## $ Source
                              ## $ Site.ID
                              <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                              ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 1.6, 1.0, 1.3, 6.3, 2.6, 1.2, 1.5, 1.5,~
## $ UNITS
                              <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                              <int> 7, 4, 5, 26, 11, 5, 6, 6, 15, 7, 14, 20~
                              <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ Site.Name
```

```
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                       ## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                       ## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
                       <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                       <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ CBSA CODE
                       ## $ CBSA NAME
## $ STATE CODE
                       ## $ STATE
                       <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                       ## $ COUNTY
                       <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Aver~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                       <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                       <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
```

# Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change the Date columns to be date objects.
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY\_AQI\_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
## [1] "Date"
```

```
select(c(Date,
                           DAILY_AQI_VALUE,
                           Site.Name,
                           AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
                           COUNTY,
                           SITE LATITUDE,
                           SITE_LONGITUDE))
PM25 NC2018 <- PM25 NC2018 %>%
     select(c(Date,
                           DAILY_AQI_VALUE,
                           Site.Name,
                           AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
                           COUNTY,
                           SITE_LATITUDE,
                           SITE_LONGITUDE))
PM25_NC2019 <- PM25_NC2019 %>%
     select(c(Date,
                           DAILY_AQI_VALUE,
                           Site.Name,
                           AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
                           COUNTY,
                           SITE_LATITUDE,
                           SITE LONGITUDE))
PM25_NC2018$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- factor(
     PM25_NC2018$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
     levels=c("Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",
                           "PM2.5 - Local Conditions"),
     labels=c("PM25", "PM25"))
PM25_NC2019$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- factor(
     PM25_NC2019$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
     levels=c("Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",
                           "PM2.5 - Local Conditions"),
    labels=c("PM25", "PM25"))
# so you can make sure I did it correctly
glimpse(03_NC2018)
## Rows: 9,737
## Columns: 7
                                                            <date> 2018-03-01, 2018-03-02, 2018-03-03, 2018-03-04, 20~
## $ Date
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                                           <int> 40, 43, 44, 45, 44, 28, 33, 41, 45, 40, 31, 43, 42,~
## $ Site.Name
                                                            <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylo~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <fct> Ozone, 
                                                           <fct> Alexander, Alexander, Alexander, Alexander, Alexander
## $ COUNTY
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                                           <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                                           <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
```

```
## Rows: 10,592
## Columns: 7
## $ Date
                                                                                            <date> 2019-01-01, 2019-01-02, 2019-01-03, 2019-01-04, 20~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                                                                            <int> 27, 17, 15, 20, 34, 34, 27, 35, 35, 28, 27, 25, 31,~
## $ Site.Name
                                                                                            <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylo~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <fct> Ozone, 
                                                                                            <fct> Alexander, Alexander, Alexander, Alexander, Alexander
## $ COUNTY
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                                                                            <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                                                                            <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
glimpse(PM25_NC2018)
## Rows: 8,983
## Columns: 7
## $ Date
                                                                                            <date> 2018-01-02, 2018-01-05, 2018-01-08, 2018-01-11, 20~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                                                                            <int> 12, 15, 22, 3, 10, 19, 8, 10, 18, 7, 24, 5, 9, 14, ~
## $ Site.Name
                                                                                            <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Lin~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <fct> PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM26, 
## $ COUNTY
                                                                                            <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Av-
                                                                                            <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 3~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
                                                                                            <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.933~
glimpse(PM25_NC2019)
## Rows: 8,581
## Columns: 7
## $ Date
                                                                                            <date> 2019-01-03, 2019-01-06, 2019-01-09, 2019-01-12, 20~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                                                                            <int> 7, 4, 5, 26, 11, 5, 6, 6, 15, 7, 14, 20, 8, 10, 8, ~
## $ Site.Name
                                                                                            <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Lin~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <fct> PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM25, PM26, 
## $ COUNTY
                                                                                            <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Av-
                                                                                            <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 3~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                                                                           <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.933~
#6
write.csv(03_NC2018,
                                      row.names = FALSE,
                                     file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_processed.csv")
write.csv(03_NC2019,
                                      row.names = FALSE,
                                     file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2019_processed.csv")
write.csv(PM25_NC2018,
                                      row.names = FALSE,
                                      file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_processed.csv")
write.csv(PM25_NC2019,
                                     row.names = FALSE,
                                     file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed.csv")
```

glimpse(03\_NC2019)

# Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Include only sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School" (the function intersect can figure out common factor levels but it will include sites with missing site information, which you don't want...)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site name, AQS parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be 14,752 x 9.
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair\_O3\_PM25\_NC1819\_Processed.csv"

```
03_PM25_NC1819 <- rbind(03_NC2018,
                        03 NC2019,
                        PM25_NC2018,
                        PM25 NC2019)
#8
03 PM25 NC1819 <- 03 PM25 NC1819 %>%
  filter(Site.Name %in% c("Linville Falls",
                           "Durham Armory",
                           "Leggett",
                           "Hattie Avenue",
                           "Clemmons Middle"
                           "Mendenhall School"
                           "Frying Pan Mountain",
                           "West Johnston Co.",
                           "Garinger High School",
                           "Castle Hayne",
                           "Pitt Agri. Center",
                           "Bryson City",
                           "Millbrook School")) %>%
  group by (Date, Site.Name, AQS PARAMETER DESC, COUNTY) %>%
  filter(!is.na(DAILY AQI VALUE) &
           !is.na(SITE LATITUDE) &
           !is.na(SITE LONGITUDE)) %>%
  summarise(meanAQI = mean(DAILY_AQI_VALUE),
            meanLAT = mean(SITE_LATITUDE),
```

```
meanLONG = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE)) %>%
 mutate(Month = lubridate::month(Date)) %>%
 mutate(Year = lubridate::year(Date))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Date', 'Site.Name', 'AQS_PARAMETER_DESC'.
## You can override using the '.groups' argument.
03 PM25 NC1819 <- pivot wider(03 PM25 NC1819,
                            names_from = AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
                            values_from = meanAQI)
glimpse(03_PM25_NC1819)
## Rows: 8,976
## Columns: 9
## Groups: Date, Site.Name [8,976]
## $ Date
              <date> 2018-01-01, 2018-01-01, 2018-01-01, 2018-01-01, 2018-01-01,~
## $ Site.Name <fct> Bryson City, Castle Hayne, Clemmons Middle, Durham Armory, G~
## $ COUNTY
              <fct> Swain, New Hanover, Forsyth, Durham, Mecklenburg, Forsyth, E~
              <dbl> 35.43477, 34.36417, 36.02600, 36.03296, 35.24010, 36.11069, ~
## $ meanLAT
## $ meanLONG <dbl> -83.44213, -77.83861, -80.34200, -78.90404, -80.78568, -80.2~
## $ Month
              <dbl> 2018, 2018, 2018, 2018, 2018, 2018, 2018, 2018, 2018, 2018, ~
## $ Year
              <dbl> 35.0, 13.0, 24.0, 31.0, 20.0, 22.0, 14.0, 28.0, 15.0, 24.0, ~
## $ PM25
## $ Ozone
              <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, 32, NA, NA, 34, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA
#10
dim(03_PM25_NC1819)
## [1] 8976
#11
write.csv(03_PM25_NC1819,
         row.names = FALSE,
         file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair 03 PM25 NC1819 Processed.csv")
```

#### Generate summary tables

- 12. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group. Then, add a pipe to remove instances where mean **ozone** values are not available (use the function drop\_na in your pipe). It's ok to have missing mean PM2.5 values in this result.
- 13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'Month'. You can override
## using the '.groups' argument.
glimpse(03_PM25_NC1819_summary)
## Rows: 182
## Columns: 5
## Groups: Site.Name, Month [109]
## $ Site.Name <fct> Bryson City, Bryson City, Bryson City, Bryson C~
## $ Month
              <dbl> 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 6, 6, 7, 7, 8, 8, 9, 9, 10, 3, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6,~
              <dbl> 2018, 2019, 2018, 2019, 2019, 2018, 2019, 2018, 2019, 2018, ~
## $ Year
              <dbl> 41.58065, 42.51613, 44.53333, 45.40000, 39.60000, 37.80000, ~
## $ mean03
## $ meanPM25 <dbl> 34.74194, NA, 28.16667, 26.73333, NA, NA, NA, NA, 33.64516, ~
#13
dim(03_PM25_NC1819_summary)
```

## [1] 182 5

14. Why did we use the function drop\_na rather than na.omit?

Answer: Using drop\_na allows us to remove all the NA values from the mean ozone column while keeping any NA values in the mean PM25 that are in the same row as an existing mean ozone value. Using na.omit removes all rows that contain an NA value so that there are no NA values in the mean ozone or the mean PM25 columns.