

### **MBAS 821**

### Introduction to Finance

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### Welcome to Finance Fundamentals





### Course Related Stuff



The course website is here: <a href="https://queens-mbas821.netlify.app/">https://queens-mbas821.netlify.app/</a>. I will post material here often.

- 1. Course outline
- 2. Slides
- 3. Living Case
- 4. Assignments
- 5. ...

## Grading



- Two individual assignments
  - o 5% each, due on August 11th and 21st at 11:59pm
- Three living Case write-ups
  - o Group work, 10% each, due on August 12th, 19th, 24th before class starts
- One Living Case presentation
  - o Group work, 15%, on the report submission date of your selected case.
- 3-hour open book final exam (40%)
- Class Participation (5%)

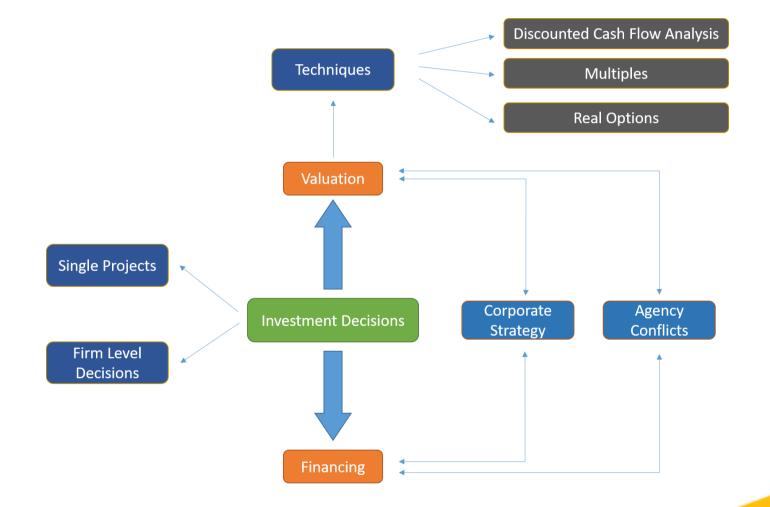
#### What is Finance?



- Finance is about the allocation of funds from demanders and suppliers
  - o Borrowers and lenders
  - Investors and firms
  - Investors and innovators
  - o ...
- The financial system's role is to allocate these funds in the most efficient way possible
  - From those that seek/prefer risk to those that eschew risk
  - From this with capital and patience to those without
  - From this without ideas to those with ideas
- Finance is largely about decision making using a quantitative lens, from multiple perspectives.

## The Finance Roadmap





### Decision making in a Finance world



- The most important job of a financial manager is to make a firm's investment decisions.
- These decisions require the evaluation of costs and benefits.
  - Managers must justify to shareholders that these investments are good uses of their money.

# Once the investment decision is made, the only thing left is...





## Financing Decisions



- How do we pay for it?:
  - Large investments may require the corporation to raise additional cash.
  - Opportunity costs?
  - o Do we raise money by issuing shares?
  - o Or borrow money by issuing debt?
  - Or do we use retained earnings?
- These decisions determine the capital structure (debt and equity mix of a firm).

## Cash Management (liquidity)



- The firm needs to have enough cash on hand to meet its daily obligations.
- A firm typically burns through a significant amount of cash developing a new product before its sales can generate income.
- The decision here is to prevent firm's operation being hindered due to a lack of cash.
  - Discussion Q: Can a profitable firm become bankrupt?

## Breakout Activity





### **Breakout Activity**



- Take some time to consider the the following questions and return with discussions:
- 1. If you have a large capital investment where retained earnings or cash on hand cannot cover the cost and you need to raise the money externally, how would you raise this money? Why?
- 2. What are the pros and cons of this action? Are there associated risks? For whom?
- 3. How would this impact the financial market? For instance, would your stock value move up or down?

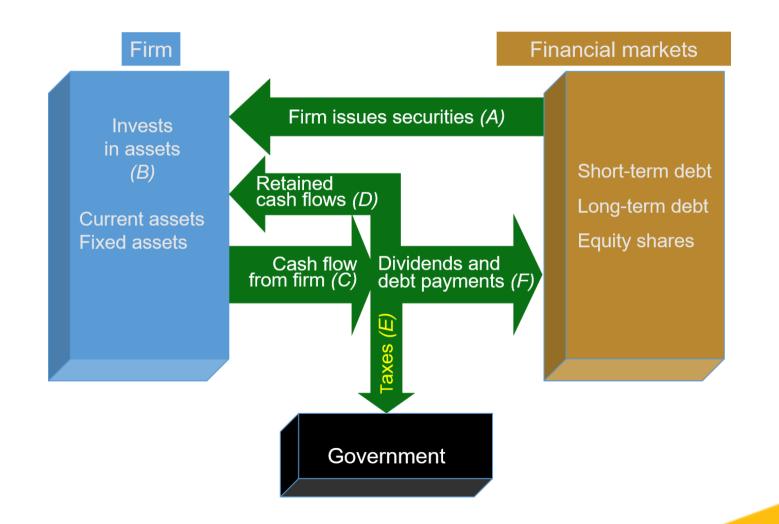
## Why study Finance?



- Financial literacy is an important skill that:
  - Distinguishes people on the job market.
  - Develops business acumen.
  - Make informed decisions regarding spending, saving, and investment.
  - Imparts a greater understanding of the global economy.
- Core principles:
  - Time value of money.
  - Risk-return tradeoff.
- A large part of our role in studying finance is attempting to understand how a firm's actions impact the financial market and vice versa.

## Where has the money gone?





### In this course



- We will mainly focus on the tools needed to evaluate investment decisions.
- However, we will discuss pros and cons of these investment decisions from different perspectives.
  - Is the investment profitable?
  - Are there financing challenges?
  - o etc.