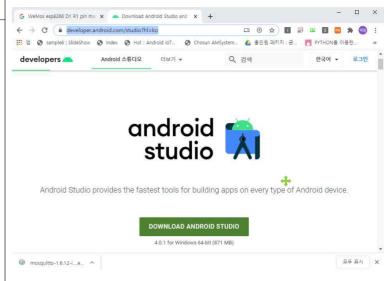
8. Android에서 제어하기

8.1 개발환경 구성

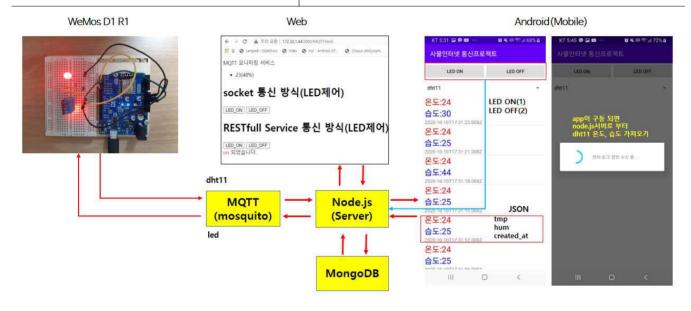
* android studio 설치하기

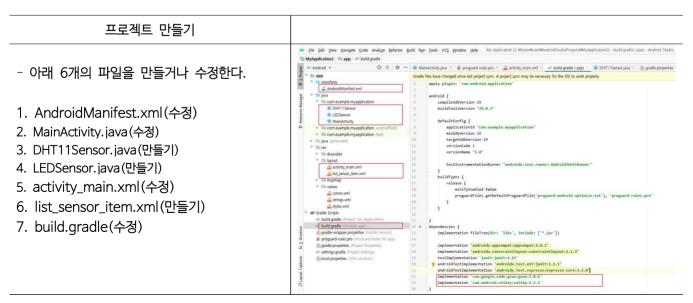
아래사이트에서 안드로이드 스튜디오를 다운받아 설치한다.

https://developer.android.com/studio?hl=ko



[안드로이드에서 구동화면]

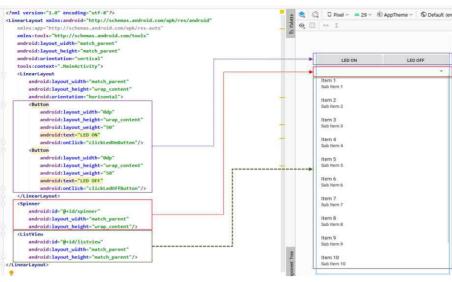




8.2 레이아웃 구성하기

(/LinearLayout)

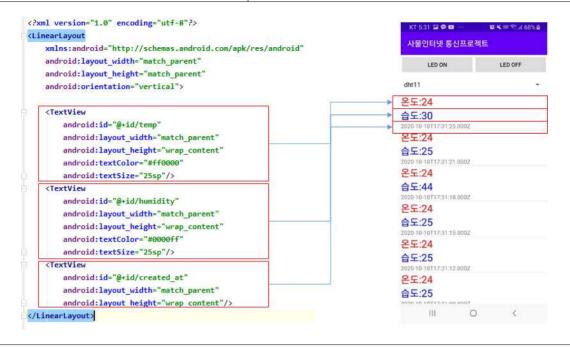
activity_main.xml



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
(LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
   xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
   android:lavout width="match parent"
   android:layout height="match parent"
   android:orientation="vertical"
   tools:context=".MainActivity">
    (LinearLayout
        android:layout width="match parent"
        android:lavout height="wrap content"
        android:orientation="horizontal">
        (Button
            android:lavout width="0dp"
            android:layout height="wrap content"
            android:layout weight="50"
            android:text="LED ON"
            android:onClick="clickLedOnButton"/>
        (Button
            android:layout_width="0dp"
            android:layout height="wrap content"
            android:layout_weight="50"
            android:text="LED OFF"
            android:onClick="clickLedOffButton"/>
    ⟨/LinearLayout⟩
    (Spinner
        android:id="@+id/spinner"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
    (ListView
        android:id="@+id/listview"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="match_parent"/>
```

8.2 레이아웃 구성하기

list_sensor_item.xml



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
(LinearLayout
   xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical">
    TextView
        android:id="@+id/temp"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout height="wrap content"
        android:textColor="#ff0000"
        android:textSize="25sp"/>
    (TextView
        android:id="@+id/humidity"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout height="wrap content"
        android:textColor="#0000ff"
        android:textSize="25sp"/>
    (TextView
        android:id="@+id/created at"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
⟨/LinearLayout⟩
```

8.3 메인 엑티비티 만들기

MainActivity.java

package com.example.myapplication;

```
import android.app.ProgressDialog;
import android.content.Context;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import android.widget.AdapterView;
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
import android.widget.ListView;
import android.widget.Spinner;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
import com.android.volley.RequestQueue;
import com.android.volley.Response;
import com.android.volley.toolbox.StringRequest;
import com.android.volley.toolbox.Volley;
import org.json.JSONArray;
import org.json.JSONObject;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        // 여기서부터 코딩 시작~~
        final String[] sensors={"dht11","mq2"};
        ArrayAdapter(String) spinnerAdapter=
                new ArrayAdapter(String)(MainActivity.this,
                        android.R.layout.simple_spinner_dropdown_item, sensors);
        // Alt+Enter
        Spinner spinner=(Spinner)findViewByld(R.id.spinner);
        spinner.setAdapter(spinnerAdapter);
        //스피너 선택시 동작되는 부분 : 센서 데이터 가져오기
        spinner.setOnltemSelectedListener(new AdapterView.OnltemSelectedListener() {
            @Override
            public void onltemSelected(AdapterView(?) adapterView, View view, int i, long I) {
                final ProgressDialog dialog=new ProgressDialog(MainActivity.this);
                dialog.setMessage("센서 로그 정보 수신 중....");
                dialog.show();
```

```
Response.Listener(String)
                                       listener=new Response.Listener(String)() {
                         @Override
                         public void onResponse(String response) {
                             dialog.dismiss();
                             try {
                                 JSONArray array=new JSONArray(response);
                                 items.clear();
                                 for(int i=0; i(array.length();i++){
                                     JSONObject obj=array.getJSONObject(i);
                                     items.add(new ltem(obj.getInt("tmp"),
                                             obj.getInt("hum"),
                                             obj.getString("created_at")));
                                 }//_for
                                 ItemAdapter adapter=new ItemAdapter(MainActivity.this);
                                 ListView listView=(ListView)findViewByld(R.id.listview);
                                 listView.setAdapter(adapter);
                             }catch (Exception e){
                                 e.printStackTrace();
                             }
                         }
                 };
            StringRequest dht11=new DHT11Sensor(sensors[i], listener);
            dht11.setShouldCache(false);
            RequestQueue requestQueue = Volley.newRequestQueue(MainActivity.this);
            requestQueue.add(dht11);
        @Override
        public void onNothingSelected(AdapterView(?) adapterView) {
    });
class Item{
    int temp, humidity; String created_at;
    ltem(int temp, int humidity, String created_at){
        this.temp=temp;
        this.humidity=humidity;
        this.created at=created at;
ArrayList(Item) items=new ArrayList(Item)();
class ItemAdapter extends ArrayAdapter{
    public ItemAdapter(Context context) {
```

```
super(context, R.layout.list_sensor_item, items);
   }
    @Override
    public View getView(int position, View convertView, ViewGroup parent) {
       View view=convertView;
       if(view==null){
           LayoutInflater inflater=
                   (LayoutInflater)getSystemService(LAYOUT_INFLATER_SERVICE);
           view=inflater.inflate(R.layout.list_sensor_item, null);
       TextView tempText=view.findViewById(R.id.temp);
       TextView humidityText=view.findViewByld(R.id.humidity);
       TextView createdAtText=view.findViewByld(R.id.created_at);
       tempText.setText("온도:"+items.get(position).temp);
       humidityText.setText("습도:"+items.get(position).humidity);
       createdAtText.setText("수집정보(날짜/시간)"+items.get(position).created_at);
       return view;
// LED ON 버튼 클릭시 동작되는 부분
public void clickLedOnButton(View view) {
    // 서버 응답시 실행되는 콜백 리스너
    Response.Listener(String) listener=new Response.Listener(String)() {
        @Override
        public void onResponse(String response) {
           try {
               JSONObject obj=new JSONObject(response);
               Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(),
                     "LED가 켜짐:"+obj.get("led"), Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
           }catch (Exception e){
               e.printStackTrace();
           }
       }
   };
    StringRequest led=new LEDSensor("on", listener);
    led.setShouldCache(false);
    RequestQueue requestQueue = Volley.newRequestQueue(MainActivity.this);
   requestQueue.add(led);
}
// LED OFF 버튼 클릭시 동작되는 부분
public void clickLedOffButton(View view) {
    // 서버 응답시 실행되는 콜백 리스너
   Response.Listener(String) listener=new Response.Listener(String)() {
```

프로젝트 이름 변경하기



8.4 인터넷 및 보안정책 허용

AndroidManifest.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
{manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    package="com.example.myapplication">
    \uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>
    (application
        android:usesCleartextTraffic="true"
        android:allowBackup="true"
        android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
        android:label="@string/app_name"
        android:roundlcon="@mipmap/ic_launcher_round"
        android:supportsRtl="true"
        android:theme="@style/AppTheme">
        (activity android:name=".MainActivity")
            (intent-filter)
                ⟨action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" /⟩
                ⟨category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" /⟩
            ⟨/intent-filter⟩
        ⟨/activity⟩
    (/application)
(/manifest)
```

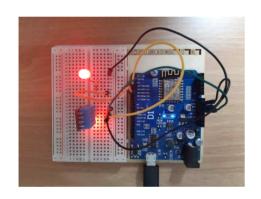
8.5 volley API 다운로드	build.gradle
* build.gradle 파일 하단에 2개의 API를 추가한다. implementation 'com.google.code.gson:gson:2.8.6' implementation 'com.android.volley:volley:1.1.1'	<pre>implementation fileTree(dir: 'libs', include: ['*.jar']) implementation 'androidx.appcompat:appcompat:1.0.2' implementation 'androidx.constraintlayout:constraintlayout:1.1.3' testImplementation 'junit:junit:4.12' androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.ext:junit:1.1.1' androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.espresso:espresso-core:3.2.0' implementation 'com.google.code.gson:gson:2.8.6' implementation 'com.android.volley:volley:1.1.1'</pre>
8.5.1 DHT11 리스너 만들기	DHT11Sensor.java
* Node.js 서버로 요청하는 주소 http://172.30.1.44:3000/devices/device	<pre>package com.example.myapplication; import com.android.volley.Response; import com.android.volley.toolbox.StringRequest; import java.util.HashMap; import java.util.Map; public class DHT11Sensor extends StringRequest { final static private String URL="http://172.30.1.44:3000/devices/device" private Map<string, string=""> parameters; public DHT11Sensor(String sensor, Response.Listener<string> listener){ super(Method.POST, URL, listener,null); parameters=new HashMap<>(); parameters.put("sensor",sensor); } @Override protected Map<string, string=""> getParams() { return parameters; } } </string,></string></string,></pre>

8.5.2 LED 리스너 만들기 LEDSensor.java 1 package com.example.myapplication; 2 import com.android.volley.Response; 3 import com.android.volley.toolbox.StringRequest; 4 import java.util.HashMap; 5 import java.util.Map;

```
import java.util.Map;
     public class LEDSensor extends StringRequest {
         final static private String URL="http://172.30.1.44:3000/devices/led";
 8
         private Map<String, String> parameters;
 9
10
         public LEDSensor(String led, Response.Listener<String> listener){
             super(Method.POST, URL, listener,null);
11
12
             parameters=new HashMap<>();
13
             parameters.put("flag",led);
14
15
16
         @Override
17
         protected Map<String, String> getParams() {
18
             return parameters;
19
20
```

[실행결과]

안드로이드와 웹 구동 화면









socket 통신 방식(LED제어)

LED_ON LED_OFF

RESTfull Service 통신 방식(LED제어)

LED_ON LED_OFF off 되었습니다.

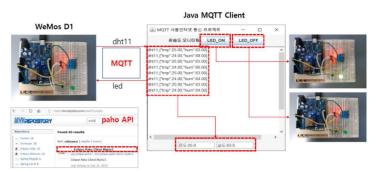
9. Java에서 DHT11 센서 모니터링 및 LED 제어하기(mosquitto 연동)

9.1 개발환경 구성

* eclipse IDE에서 MQTT Java project만들기

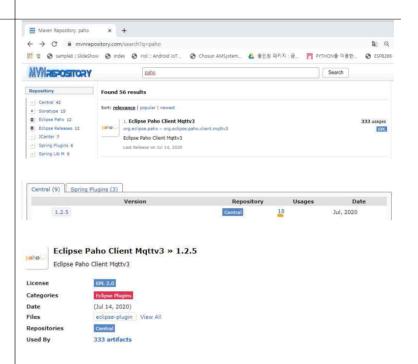


* paho, JSON-Java API를 다운받고 라이브러 리 연결하기



9.2 API 다운로드

* paho API 다운로드 아래 사이트에서 paho API를 다운로드한다. https://mvnrepository.com/

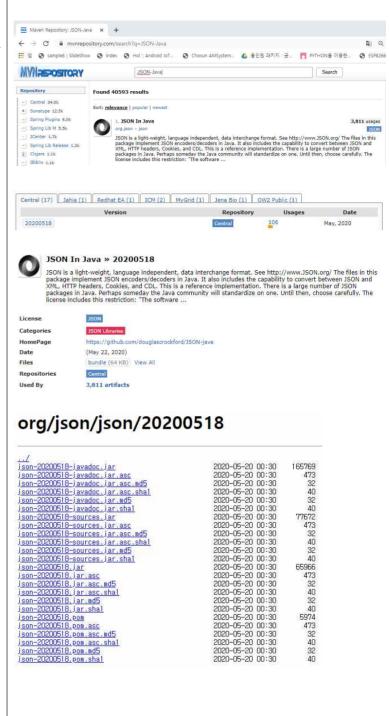


org/eclipse/paho/org.eclipse.paho.client.mqttv3/1.2.5



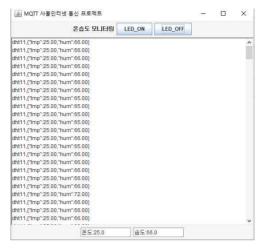
* JSON-Java API 다운로드 아래 사이트에서 JSON-Java API를 다운로드한 다.

https://mvnrepository.com/



9.3 GUI 만들기

IoTFrame.java



```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;
import org.eclipse.paho.client.mqttv3.MqttMessage;
import org.json.JSONObject;
public class IoTFrame extends JFrame implements ActionListener, ReceiveEventListner {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    private JTextField tmp = new JTextField(10);
    private JTextField hum = new JTextField(10);
    private JButton ledOn = new JButton("LED_ON");
    private JButton ledOff = new JButton("LED_OFF");
    private JLabel msg = new JLabel("온습도 모니터링");
    private JTextArea out = new JTextArea(20,40);
    private JPanel panel = new JPanel();
    private JPanel panel1 = new JPanel();
    private JPanel panel2 = new JPanel();
    private ScrollPane sp=new ScrollPane();
    private MqttClass mqtt = null;
    public IoTFrame(MqttClass mqtt) {
        this();
        this.mgtt = mgtt;
        this.mqtt.setMyEventListner(this);
    public IoTFrame() {
        super("MQTT 사물인터넷 통신 프로젝트");
        setSize(400,400);
        panel.add(msg);
        panel.add(ledOn);
        panel.add(ledOff);
        panel1.add(tmp);
```

```
panel1.add(hum);
    sp.add(out);
    add(BorderLayout.NORTH, panel); //jframe에 div
    add(BorderLayout.CENTER, sp); //jframe에 div
    add(BorderLayout.SOUTH, panel1);
    //add(BorderLayout.EAST, panel2);
    ledOn.addActionListener(this); //통지할 수 있게 설정
    ledOff.addActionListener(this); //통지할 수 있게 설정
    setVisible(true);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
@Override
public void recvMsq(String topic, MqttMessage msq) {
    System.out.println(topic+","+msg);
    String append = out.getText();
    out.setText(topic+","+msg+"₩n"+append);
    JSONObject obj=new JSONObject(new String(msg.getPayload()));
    tmp.setText("온도:"+obj.get("tmp").toString());
    hum.setText("습도:"+obj.get("hum").toString());
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
    JButton b = (JButton) e.getSource();
    if(b.getText().equals("LED_ON")) {
        mqtt.sendMessage("1");
   }else if(b.getText().equals("LED_OFF")) {
       mqtt.sendMessage("2");
}
```

9.4 mosquitto 연결 데이터 통신

MgttClass.java

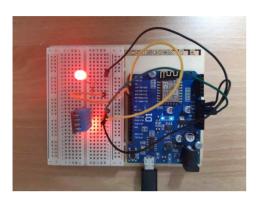
```
import java.util.UUID;
import org.eclipse.paho.client.mgttv3.*;
public class MqttClass implements MqttCallback{
    private MqttClient client = null;
    public MqttClass() {
        new Thread(task1).start();
    private ReceiveEventListner listener = null;
    Runnable task1 = new Runnable() {
        @Override
        public void run() {
            try {
                 String clientId = UUID.randomUUID().toString();
                //new MqttClient()
                client = new MqttClient("tcp://172.30.1.44:1883", clientld);
                MqttConnectOptions connopt = new MqttConnectOptions();
                connopt.setCleanSession(true);
                client.connect(connopt);
                client.setCallback(MgttClass.this);
                client.subscribe("dht11");
                new IoTFrame(MqttClass.this);
            } catch (MqttException e) {
                 System.out.println("ERRO"+e.getStackTrace());
    };
    public void sendMessage(String payload) {
        MqttMessage message = new MqttMessage();
        message.setPayload(payload.getBytes());
        try {
            if(client.isConnected()) {
                client.publish("led", message);
        } catch (MqttException e) {
            System.out.println("error1-"+e.getStackTrace());//+e.getMessage());
    }
```

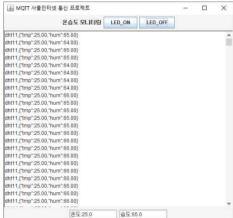
```
@Override
    public void connectionLost(Throwable arg0) {
        try {
            System.out.println("disconect");
            client.close();
        } catch (MqttException e) {
            System.out.println("error"+e.getMessage());
    @Override
    public void deliveryComplete(IMqttDeliveryToken arg0) {
    public void setMyEventListner(ReceiveEventListner listener) {
        this.listener = listener;
    @Override
    public void messageArrived(String topic, MqttMessage msg) throws Exception {
        //System.out.println(topic+","+msq.toString());
        listener.recvMsg(topic, msg);
    }
- 인터페이스 만들기
                                          ReceiveEventListner.java
import org.eclipse.paho.client.mqttv3.MqttMessage;
public interface ReceiveEventListner {
    public void recvMsg(String topic, MqttMessage msg);
```

9.5 main 클래스 만들기 및 구동

JavaMQTT.java

```
public class JavaMQTT{
     public static void main(String[] args) {
          new MqttClass();
     }
}
```





C:₩Program Files₩mosquitto\mosquitto_sub -d -t led

```
Client mosq-O9PxEEFcniOqpzHdnq sending PINGREQ
Client mosq-O9PxEEFcniOqpzHdnq received PINGRESP
Client mosq-O9PxEEFcniOqpzHdnq sending PINGRESP
Client mosq-O9PxEEFcniOqpzHdnq received PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m0, 'led', ... (1 bytes))
I Client mosq-O9PxEEFcniOqpzHdnq received PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m0, 'led', ... (1 bytes))
Client mosq-O9PxEEFcniOqpzHdnq received PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m0, 'led', ... (1 bytes))
Client mosq-O9PxEEFcniOqpzHdnq received PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m0, 'led', ... (1 bytes))
Client mosq-O9PxEEFcniOqpzHdnq received PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m0, 'led', ... (1 bytes))
```

C:₩Program Files₩mosquitto\mosquitto_sub -d -t dht11

```
| The content of the
```