## BDAT1004PS2

## November 2, 2022

BDAT 1004 - 02 PROBLEM SET 2

```
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     QUESTION 1
[35]: #Python Module
      a=0
      def b():
          global a # all references to a in c() are to the global a
          a = c(a) # global a is changed
      def c(a):
          return a + 2
[36]: b()
      b()
      b()
      a
[36]: 6
     Explanation:
     In every executed statement since b is defined as the function of the global variable
     Function c takes a as a parameter and returns each time with increments 2
     b() returns 2
     b() returns 4
     b() returns 6
     So that a = 6
     QUESTION 2
```

```
[37]: def filelength(file):
          try:
              file=open(file)
              contents=file.read()
              file.close()
              print(len(contents))
          except:
              FileNotFoundError()
              print(f'{file} not found.')
      filelength('FileLength.txt')
      filelength('goodnewsLength.txt')
     123
     goodnewsLength.txt not found.
     QUESTION 3
[39]: class Marsupial(): #a class named Marsupial
          def __init__(self):
              self.contents = [] #creating an ampty list to store contents
          def put_in_pouch(self,thing):
              self.contents.append(thing) #appending to contents
          def pouch contents(self):
              return self.contents # this will return the contents of the list
      m=Marsupial()
      m.put_in_pouch('doll')
      m.put_in_pouch('firetruck')
      m.put_in_pouch('kitten')
      m.pouch_contents()
[39]: ['doll', 'firetruck', 'kitten']
[42]: class kangaroo(Marsupial): #subclass of Marsupial that inherits all the Marsupial
          def __init__(self,x,y): #he coordinates x and y of the Kangaroo object,
              Marsupial.__init__(self)
              self.y=y
              self.x=x
          def jump(self,dx,dy):
              self.x = self.x+dx
              self.y = self.y+dy
          def __str__(self):
              return 'I am a kangaroo located at coordinates({},{})'.format(self.
       \hookrightarrow x, self.y)
```

```
k=kangaroo(0,0)
      print(k)
      k.put_in_pouch('doll')
      k.put_in_pouch('firetruck')
      k.put_in_pouch('kitten')
      k.pouch_contents()
      k.jump(1,0)
      k.jump(1,0)
      k.jump(1,0)
      print(k)
     I am a kangaroo located at coordinates(0,0)
     I am a kangaroo located at coordinates(3,0)
     QUESTION 4
[43]: def collatz(x):
          if x==1:
              print(x)
              return
          elif x\%2==0:
              print(x)
              collatz(x//2) # recursion
          else:
              print(x)
              collatz(3*x+1) #recursion
      collatz(1)
      collatz(10)
     1
     10
     5
     16
     8
     4
     2
     1
     QUESTION 5
[44]: def binary(n):
          x = str(n \% 2)
          if n//2**1 > 0:
              x = x+binary(n//2**1)#Returns n with the bits shifted to the right same_
       →as n>>1
          return x
```

```
print(binary(0))
      print(binary(1))
      print(binary(3))
      print(binary(9))
     0
     1
     11
     1001
     QUESTION 6
[45]: from html.parser import HTMLParser
      class HeadingParser(HTMLParser):#We create a subclass of HTMLParser
          indent = 0
          headerFlag = False
          def handle_starttag(self, tag, attrs):
                  #Each heading should be indented as follows:
                  #an h1 heading should have ndentation O,
                  #and h2 heading should have indentation 1, etc.
                  #Test your implementation using w3c.html.
              if tag == "h1":
                  self.headerFlag = True
                  self.indent= 0
              elif tag == "h2":
                  self.headerFlag = True
                  self.indent= 1
              elif tag == "h3":
                  self.headerFlag = True
                  self.indent= 2
              elif tag == "h4":
                  self.headerFlag = True
                  self.indent= 3
              elif tag == "h5":
                  self.headerFlag = True
                  self.indent= 4
              elif tag == "h6":
                  self.headerFlag = True
                  self.indent= 5
              else:
                  self.headerFlag = False
                  self.indent= 0
          def handle_data(self, w3c_data):
              if self.headerFlag:
```

W3C Mission Principles

## QUESTION 7

```
[46]: #import HTMLParser, urlopen, urljoin
      #coding idea from stackoverflow
      from html.parser import HTMLParser
      from urllib.request import urlopen
      from urllib.parse import urljoin
      class Parser(HTMLParser):
          def __init__(self, url):
              HTMLParser.__init__(self)
              self.url = url
              self.url_list = []
          def append_list(self):
              return self.url_list
          def handle_starttag(self, tags, attri):
              for head in attri:
                  contents = urljoin(self.url, head[1])
                  if contents[:4] == 'http':
                      self.url_list.append(contents)
      indentation = 0
      def webdir(url, distance, indentation):
          distance -= 1
          print(indentation*' ', url)
          object = urlopen(url).read().decode()
          column = Parser(url)
```

```
column.feed(object)
         url_link = column.append_list()
         url_list = url_link
         indentation += 4
         for links in url_list:
             if distance < 0 or indentation < 0:</pre>
                 return 1
             else:
                 webdir(links, distance, indentation)
     webdir('http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/test1.html', 2, 0) #recursive_
      \hookrightarrow function
     http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/test1.html
             http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/test2.html
                     http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/test4.html
             http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/test3.html
                     http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/test4.html
    QUESTION 8
[2]: | !pip install ipython-sql
     import sqlite3
     con = sqlite3.connect('goodnewsdatabase.db')
     cur = con.cursor()
    Requirement already satisfied: ipython-sql in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (0.4.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: ipython>=1.0 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (7.29.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: prettytable<1 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (0.7.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: sqlparse in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (from ipython-sql) (0.4.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: sqlalchemy>=0.6.7 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (1.4.36)
    Requirement already satisfied: six in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages
    (from ipython-sql) (1.16.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: ipython-genutils>=0.1.0 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (0.2.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: jedi>=0.16 in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.18.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: prompt-toolkit!=3.0.0,!=3.0.1,<3.1.0,>=2.0.0 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql)
    (3.0.20)
    Requirement already satisfied: pexpect>4.3 in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
```

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packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (4.8.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: backcall in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.2.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: setuptools>=18.5 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql)
    (58.0.4)
    Requirement already satisfied: appnope in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.1.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: decorator in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (5.1.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.2 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql)
    (5.1.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: pickleshare in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.7.5)
    Requirement already satisfied: pygments in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (2.10.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib-inline in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql)
    (0.1.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: greenlet!=0.4.17 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from sqlalchemy>=0.6.7->ipython-sql)
    (1.1.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: parso<0.9.0,>=0.8.0 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from
    jedi >= 0.16 - ipython >= 1.0 - ipython - sql) (0.8.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: ptyprocess>=0.5 in
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from
    pexpect>4.3->ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.7.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: wcwidth in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-
    packages (from prompt-
    toolkit!=3.0.0,!=3.0.1,<3.1.0,>=2.0.0->ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.2.5)
    WARNING: You are using pip version 22.0.4; however, version 22.3 is
    available.
    You should consider upgrading via the '/opt/anaconda3/bin/python -m pip install
    --upgrade pip' command.
[]: cur.execute("CREATE TABLE CITY DATA (City text, Country text, Season text, []
```

```
Cur.execute("CREATE TABLE CITY_DATA (City text, Country text, Season text, Grant text, Gr
```

```
('London','United Kingdom','Spring',8.3,169.6),('London','United⊔

→Kingdom', 'Summer', 15.7, 157.0),
           ('London', 'United Kingdom', 'Fall', 10.4, 218.5), ('Cairo', 'Egypt', 'Winter', 13.
       →6,16.5),('Cairo','Egypt','Spring',20.7,6.5),
           ('Cairo', 'Egypt', 'Summer', 27.7, 0.1), ('Cairo', 'Egypt', 'Fall', 22.2, 4.5)]
      for cities in data:
          cur.execute("INSERT INTO CITY_DATA VALUES (?,?,?,?,?)",cities)
          con.commit()
[47]: #a) All the temperature data.
      cur.execute('SELECT Temperature FROM CITY_DATA')
      cur.fetchall()
[47]: [(24.8,),
       (28.4,),
       (27.9,),
       (27.6,),
       (4.2,),
       (8.3,),
       (15.7,),
       (10.4,),
       (13.6,),
       (20.7,),
       (27.7,),
       (22.2,)]
[48]: #b) All the cities, but without repetition.
      cur.execute('SELECT DISTINCT City FROM CITY_DATA')
      cur.fetchall()
[48]: [('Mumbai',), ('London',), ('Cairo',)]
[49]: #c) All the records for India.
      cur.execute('SELECT * FROM CITY_DATA WHERE Country LIKE "India%"')
      cur.fetchall()
[49]: [('Mumbai', 'India', 'Winter', 24.8, 5.9),
       ('Mumbai', 'India', 'Spring', 28.4, 16.2),
       ('Mumbai', 'India', 'Summer', 27.9, 1549.4),
       ('Mumbai', 'India', 'Fall', 27.6, 346.0)]
[50]: #d) All the Fall records.
      cur.execute('SELECT * FROM CITY_DATA WHERE Season LIKE "Fall%"')
      cur.fetchall()
[50]: [('Mumbai', 'India', 'Fall', 27.6, 346.0),
       ('London', 'United Kingdom', 'Fall', 10.4, 218.5),
```

```
('Cairo', 'Egypt', 'Fall', 22.2, 4.5)]
[51]: | #e) The city, country, and season for which the average rainfall
      #is between 200 and 400 millimeters.
      cur.execute('SELECT City, Country, Season FROM CITY_DATA WHERE Rainfall BETWEEN⊔
       →200 AND 400')
      cur.fetchall()
[51]: [('Mumbai', 'India', 'Fall'),
       ('London', 'United Kingdom', 'Winter'),
       ('London', 'United Kingdom', 'Fall')]
[52]: | #f \rangle The city and country for which the average Fall temperature is above 20_{\sqcup}
      ⇔degrees,
      #in increasing temperature order.
      cur.execute('SELECT City, Country, Temperature FROM CITY_DATA WHERE TemperatureL
       ⇒> 20 ORDER BY Temperature DESC')
      cur.fetchall()
[52]: [('Mumbai', 'India', 28.4),
       ('Mumbai', 'India', 27.9),
       ('Cairo', 'Egypt', 27.7),
       ('Mumbai', 'India', 27.6),
       ('Mumbai', 'India', 24.8),
       ('Cairo', 'Egypt', 22.2),
       ('Cairo', 'Egypt', 20.7)]
[53]: #g) The total annual rainfall for Cairo.
      cur.execute('SELECT SUM(Rainfall) AS RF, City FROM CITY_DATA WHERE City LIKE_

¬"Cairo" GROUP BY City')

      cur.fetchall()
[53]: [(27.6, 'Cairo')]
[54]: #h) The total rainfall for each season.
      cur.execute('SELECT SUM(Rainfall), Season FROM CITY_DATA GROUP BY Season')
      cur.fetchall()
[54]: [(569.0, 'Fall'),
       (192.299999999998, 'Spring'),
       (1706.5, 'Summer'),
       (230.1, 'Winter')]
     QUESTION 9
```

```
[26]: words = ['The', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox', 'jumps', 'over', 'the', 'lazy', 'dog']
[55]: lista = [a.upper() for a in words]
      lista
[55]: ['THE', 'QUICK', 'BROWN', 'FOX', 'JUMPS', 'OVER', 'THE', 'LAZY', 'DOG']
[56]: listb = [b.lower() for b in words]
      listb
[56]: ['the', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox', 'jumps', 'over', 'the', 'lazy', 'dog']
[57]: listc = [len(c) for c in words] #the list of lengths of words in list words).
      listc
[57]: [3, 5, 5, 3, 5, 4, 3, 4, 3]
[58]: #he list containing a list for every word of list words,
      #where each list contains the word in uppercase and lowercase and the length of \Box
       \rightarrow the word.
      listd = [(d.upper(),d.lower(),len(d)) for d in words]
      listd
[58]: [('THE', 'the', 3),
       ('QUICK', 'quick', 5),
       ('BROWN', 'brown', 5),
       ('FOX', 'fox', 3),
       ('JUMPS', 'jumps', 5),
       ('OVER', 'over', 4),
       ('THE', 'the', 3),
       ('LAZY', 'lazy', 4),
       ('DOG', 'dog', 3)]
[59]: | #the list of words in list words containing 4 or more characters.
      liste = [e for e in words if len(e)>=4]
      liste
[59]: ['quick', 'brown', 'jumps', 'over', 'lazy']
```