

[CSS553]

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Assignment 5

1. Write program in C where the parent thread creates 10 threads to find prime number. The child threads increments the count of primes in a globally declared integer variable count. The access to count should be protected by semaphores. Solve the problem using POSIX unnamed semaphores.
2. Solve the above problem 1 by creating multiple process instead of threads and implement access synchronization using named semaphores.
3. Implement a solution for the producer-consumer (infinite buffer) problem using semaphores.

Answer 1 – Primes using threads with unnamed semaphores.

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdbool.h>
3  #include <fcntl.h>
4  #include <sys/stat.h>
5  #include <semaphore.h>
6  #include <stdlib.h>
7  #include <unistd.h>
8  #include <pthread.h>
9  #include <sys/syscall.h>
10 #include <sys/types.h>
11 #include <sys/wait.h>
12 #include <string.h>
13 #define TC 10
14
15 pthread_t *c_thread;
16 int count = 0;
17 sem_t semaphore;
18
19 typedef struct c_args {
20     int x, y;
21 } c_args;
22
23 bool isPrime(int n){
24     if (n <= 1)
25         return false;
26     for (int i = 2; i*i <= n; i++)
27         if (n % i == 0) return false;
28     return true;
29 }
30
31 void * getPrimes(void * a){
32     c_args * args = (c_args*)a;
33     int start = (int)((c_args*)args)->x;
34     int end = (int)((c_args*)args)->y;
35     for (int i = start; i <= end; i++)
36         if(isPrime(i)){
37             sem_wait(&semaphore);
38             count++;
39             sem_post(&semaphore);
40         }
41     free(a);
42     return 0;
43 }
44
```

```

45 int main(void){
46
47     sem_init(&semaphore, 0, 1);
48     printf("\nEnter #x and #y: ");
49     int x,y;
50     scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
51     printf("\n");
52     int cc = TC;
53     c_thread = (pthread_t*) malloc(sizeof(pthread_t)*cc);
54     c_args **args = (c_args**) malloc(sizeof(c_args*)*cc);
55     for (int i = 0; i < cc; i++){
56         args[i] = (c_args*) malloc(sizeof(c_args));
57         args[i]->x = i*(y-x)/cc + x+1;
58         args[i]->y = (i+1)*(y-x)/cc + x;
59         pthread_create(&c_thread[i], NULL, getPrimes, (void*)(args[i]));
60     }
61     free(args);
62     int c;
63     for (int i = 0; i < TC; i++)
64         c = pthread_join(c_thread[i], NULL);
65     sem_destroy(&semaphore);
66     printf("Prime count: %d\n\n", count);
67
68     return 0;
69 }

```

>> Race condition occurring when `sem_wait()` and `sem_post()` was commented out.

```
goofynugtz@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System
• Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs
/Assignment 5" && gcc q1_unnamedSemaphore.c -o q1_unnamedSemaphore.out && ./q
1_unnamedSemaphore.out
```

Enter #x and #y: 1 100000

Prime count: 9311

```
goofynugtz@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System
• Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs
/Assignment 5" && gcc q1_unnamedSemaphore.c -o q1_unnamedSemaphore.out && ./q
1_unnamedSemaphore.out
```

Enter #x and #y: 1 100000

Prime count: 8960

>> Output – Multiple runs

```
goofynugtz@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System
• Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs
/Assignment 5" && gcc q1_unnamedSemaphore.c -o q1_unnamedSemaphore.out && ./q
1_unnamedSemaphore.out
```

Enter #x and #y: 1 100000

Prime count: 9592

```
goofynugtz@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System
• Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs
/Assignment 5" && gcc q1_unnamedSemaphore.c -o q1_unnamedSemaphore.out && ./q
1_unnamedSemaphore.out
```

Enter #x and #y: 1 100000

Prime count: 9592

```
goofynugtz@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System
• Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs
/Assignment 5" && gcc q1_unnamedSemaphore.c -o q1_unnamedSemaphore.out && ./q
1_unnamedSemaphore.out
```

Enter #x and #y: 1 100000

Prime count: 9592

Answer 2 – Primes using processes with named semaphores.

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <unistd.h>
4  #include <stdbool.h>
5  #include <fcntl.h>
6  #include <semaphore.h>
7  #include <sys/stat.h>
8  #include <sys/syscall.h>
9  #include <sys/types.h>
10 #include <sys/wait.h>
11 #include <sys/ipc.h>
12 #include <sys/shm.h>
13 #define SEM_NAME "/mutex"
14 #define SHM_KEY 0x1234
15 #define PC 10
16
17 pid_t *c_pid, wait_p;
18 int shmidx, *count;
19 void *memory;
20
21 bool isPrime(int n){
22     if (n <= 1)
23         return false;
24     for (int i = 2; i*i <= n; i++)
25         if (n % i == 0) return false;
26     return true;
27 }
28
29 void getPrimes(int x, int y, sem_t *b_sem){
30     for (int i = x; i <= y; i++)
31         if(isPrime(i)){
32             sem_wait(b_sem);
33             void *c_m = shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
34             int *_count = (int*)c_m;
35             (*_count) += 1;
36             shmdt(c_m);
37             sem_post(b_sem);
38         }
39     exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
40 }
41
```

```

42 int main(void){
43     shm_id = shmget(SHM_KEY, sizeof(int), 0666|IPC_CREAT);
44     memory = shmat(shm_id, NULL, 0);
45     count = (int*)memory;
46     (*count) = 0;
47     int x,y;
48     printf("\nEnter #x and #y: ");
49     scanf("%d", &x);
50     scanf("%d", &y);
51     printf("\n");
52     int pc = PC, status;
53     c_pid = (pid_t*) malloc(sizeof(pid_t)*pc);
54     sem_t *binary_sem = sem_open(SEM_NAME, O_CREAT, 0660, 1);
55     int start, end;
56
57     for (int i = 0; i < pc; i++){
58         start = i*(y-x)/pc + x+1;
59         end = (i+1)*(y-x)/pc + x;
60         c_pid[i] = fork();
61         if (c_pid[i] == 0)
62             getPrimes(start, end, binary_sem);
63     }
64     while ((wait_p = wait(&status)) > 0);
65     printf("Prime count: %d\n\n", *count);
66
67     shmdt(memory);
68     shmctl(shm_id, IPC_RMID, 0);
69 }

```

>> Output – Multiple runs

```
goofynugtz@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs/Assignment 5" && gcc q2_namedSemaphore.c -o q2_namedSemaphore.out && ./q2_namedSemaphore.out
```

Enter #x and #y: 1 100000

Prime count: 9592

```
goofynugtz@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs/Assignment 5" && gcc q2_namedSemaphore.c -o q2_namedSemaphore.out && ./q2_namedSemaphore.out
```

Enter #x and #y: 1 100000

Prime count: 9592

```
goofynugtz@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs/Assignment 5" && gcc q2_namedSemaphore.c -o q2_namedSemaphore.out && ./q2_namedSemaphore.out
```

Enter #x and #y: 1 100000

Prime count: 9592

Answer 3 – Producer Consumer

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <unistd.h>
4  #include <semaphore.h>
5  #include <fcntl.h>
6  #include <sys/stat.h>
7  #include <stdbool.h>
8  #include <pthread.h>
9  #define N (int)1e6
10
11 sem_t nrFull, nrEmpty, mutexPd, mutexCn;
12 int buffer, in, out;
13 pthread_t *p_id;
14 pthread_t *c_id;
15
16 void* producer(){
17     while(1){
18         sem_wait(&mutexPd);
19         sem_wait(&nrEmpty);
20         printf(">> Produced by %lu. Buffer @ %d\n", pthread_self(), in);
21         in = (in+1) % N;
22         buffer++;
23         sleep(1);
24         sem_post(&nrFull);
25         sem_post(&mutexPd);
26         sleep(1);
27     }
28 }
29
30 void *generateProducer(void *args){
31     for (int i = 0; i < (*(int*)args); i++){
32         pthread_create(&p_id[i], NULL, producer, NULL);
33         printf("P Thread %d @id %ld\n", i, p_id[i]);
34     }
35 }
36
37 void* consumer(){
38     while(1){
39         sem_wait(&mutexCn);
40         sem_wait(&nrFull);
41         printf("> Consumed by %lu. Buffer @ %d\n", pthread_self(), out);
42         out = (out+1) % N;
43         buffer--;
44         sleep(1);
45         sem_post(&nrEmpty);
46         sem_post(&mutexCn);
47         sleep(1);
48     }
49 }
```



```

50
51 void *generateConsumers(void *args){
52     for (int i = 0; i < (*(int*)args); i++){
53         pthread_create(&c_id[i], NULL, consumer, NULL);
54         printf("C Thread %d @id %ld\n", i, c_id[i]);
55     }
56 }
57
58 int main(void){
59
60     int p_count = 5, c_count = 5;
61     // printf("Enter #Producer #Consumer: ");
62     // scanf("%d %d", &p_count, &c_count);
63
64     sem_init(&nrFull, 0, 0);
65     sem_init(&nrEmpty, 0, N);
66     sem_init(&mutexPd, 0, 1);
67     sem_init(&mutexCn, 0, 1);
68
69     p_id = (pthread_t*) malloc(sizeof(pthread_t)* p_count);
70     c_id = (pthread_t*) malloc(sizeof(pthread_t)* c_count);
71
72     pthread_t gen_p;
73     pthread_create(&gen_p, NULL, generateProducer, &p_count);
74     pthread_t gen_c;
75     pthread_create(&gen_c, NULL, generateConsumers, &c_count);
76
77     while(1);
78     return 0;
79 }

```

>> Output

```
goofynugt@LAPTOP-UTQJNQCA:/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System
Labs/Assignment 5$ cd "/mnt/d/Classes/5. Fifth Semester/Operating System Labs
/Assignment 5" && gcc q3_producercConsumer.c -o q3_producercConsumer.out && .
/q3_producercConsumer.out
P Thread 0 @id 139893989185088
P Thread 1 @id 139893980792384
P Thread 2 @id 139893972399680
P Thread 3 @id 139893964006976
P Thread 4 @id 139893955614272
>> Produced by 139893955614272. Buffer @ 0
C Thread 0 @id 139893947221568
C Thread 1 @id 139893938828864
C Thread 2 @id 139893862823488
C Thread 3 @id 139893854430784
C Thread 4 @id 139893846038080
> Consumed by 139893947221568. Buffer @ 0
>> Produced by 139893972399680. Buffer @ 1
>> Produced by 139893980792384. Buffer @ 2
> Consumed by 139893862823488. Buffer @ 1
>> Produced by 139893972399680. Buffer @ 3
> Consumed by 139893854430784. Buffer @ 2
>> Produced by 139893964006976. Buffer @ 4
> Consumed by 139893938828864. Buffer @ 3
> Consumed by 139893846038080. Buffer @ 4
>> Produced by 139893955614272. Buffer @ 5
>> Produced by 139893989185088. Buffer @ 6
> Consumed by 139893947221568. Buffer @ 5
> Consumed by 139893862823488. Buffer @ 6
>> Produced by 139893980792384. Buffer @ 7
>> Produced by 139893972399680. Buffer @ 8
> Consumed by 139893854430784. Buffer @ 7
>> Produced by 139893964006976. Buffer @ 9
> Consumed by 139893938828864. Buffer @ 8
>> Produced by 139893955614272. Buffer @ 10
> Consumed by 139893846038080. Buffer @ 9
>> Produced by 139893989185088. Buffer @ 11
> Consumed by 139893947221568. Buffer @ 10
>> Produced by 139893980792384. Buffer @ 12
> Consumed by 139893862823488. Buffer @ 11
>> Produced by 139893972399680. Buffer @ 13
> Consumed by 139893854430784. Buffer @ 12
>> Produced by 139893964006976. Buffer @ 14
> Consumed by 139893938828864. Buffer @ 13
> Consumed by 139893846038080. Buffer @ 14
>> Produced by 139893955614272. Buffer @ 15
> Consumed by 139893947221568. Buffer @ 15
>> Produced by 139893989185088. Buffer @ 16
> Consumed by 139893862823488. Buffer @ 16
>> Produced by 139893980792384. Buffer @ 17
>> Produced by 139893989185088. Buffer @ 18
> Consumed by 139893854430784. Buffer @ 17
```

All compiler code are uploaded [here](#).