

## Safety Data Sheet LIND-P071

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. Issue date: 03/03/2015 Revision date: 03/25/2022 Supersedes: 02/16/2021 Version: 3.1

## SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Substance name : Hydrogen sulfide
CAS-No. : 7783-06-4
Formula : H2S

Other means of identification : Dihydrogen Sulfide; Sulfur Hydride; Hydrogen Sulphide

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial and professional use

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Linde Inc.

10 Riverview Drive

Danbury, CT 06810-6268, USA

www.lindeus.com

Electronics gas products 1-800-932-0624 or 1-908-329-9700

Linde Inc. 1-844-44LINDE (1-844-445-4633)

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24 hr/day 7 days/week

Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Flam. Gas 1 H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) H280 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation: gas) H330 STOT SE 3 H335 Aquatic Acute 1 H400

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS US labelling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)



 $\Diamond$ 

GHS04



GHS06



GHS07



GHS02 : Danger

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger Hazard statements (GHS US) : H220 - I

: H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS

H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

H330 - FATAL IF INHALED

H335 - MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.

H400 - VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE CGA-HG01 - MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.

CGA-HG04 - MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR

CGA-HG11 - SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED

CGA-HG16 - EXTENDED EXPOSURE TO GAS REDUCES THE ABILITY TO SMELL

SULFIDES.



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Precautionary statements (GHS US)

: P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Heat, Open flames, Sparks, Hot surfaces

P260 - Do not breathe gas

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280+P284 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.

P377 - LEAKING GAS FIRE: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P302, P336, P315 - IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions

CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.

CGA-PG20+CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.

CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.

CGA-PG18 - When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug. CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.

CGA-PG29 - Do not depend on odour to detect the presence of gas.

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%
Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent)	(CAS-No.) 7783-06-4	100

## 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an

ophthalmologist immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance. Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, Water spray or fog.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish

flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area,

check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

Explosion hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : DANGER! Toxic, flammable liquefied gas

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters :

Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

fiahters.

Other information

: Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by TC.).

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : DANGER! Toxic, flammable liquefied gas . Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing

agents. Immediately evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Remove all sources of ignition if safe to do so. Reduce vapors with fog or fine water spray, taking care not to spread liquid with water. Shut off flow if safe to do so. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Flammable vapors may spread from leak and could explode if reignited by sparks or flames. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check atmosphere with an appropriate device.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release. Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Leak-check system with soapy water; never use a flame.

All piped systems and associated equipment must be grounded.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment.

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g, NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 3.1. Control parameters

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	1 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	5 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL C [ppm]	20 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	100 ppm

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use corrosion-resistant equipment. Use an explosion-proof local exhaust system. Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Inadequate - Use only in a closed system. Use explosion proof equipment and lighting.

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

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Skin and body protection : Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where

needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with

product is possible.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that

meets or exceeds the requirements of the appropriate Health and Safety Regulations. Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Standard EN

511 - Cold insulating gloves. None necessary.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colourless gas. Colorless liquid at low temperature or under high pressure.

Molecular mass : 34 g/mol Colour : Colourless.

Odour : Odour can persist. Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Rotten eggs.

Odour threshold : Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.

pH : Not applicable.

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -86 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -60.3 °C

Flash point : Not applicable.

Critical temperature : 100.4 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : 260 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : 4.3 – 46 vol %
Vapour pressure : 1880 kPa
Critical pressure : 8940 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available

Relative gas density : 1.2

Solubility : Water: 3980 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : Not applicable.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.
Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Explosive limits : No data available

## 9.2. Other information

Gas group : Press. Gas (Liq.)

Additional information : Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below

ground level.

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

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10.2.	Chemical stability	
	,	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions	
		May react violently with oxidants. Can form explosive mixture with air.
10.4.	Conditions to avoid	
		Avoid moisture in installation systems. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
10.5.	Incompatible materials	
		Ammonia. Bases. Bromine pentafluoride. Chlorine trifluoride. chromium trioxide. (and heat). Copper. (powdered). Fluorine. Lead. Lead oxide. Mercury. Nitric acid. Nitrogen trifluoride. nitrogen sulfide. Organic compounds. Oxidizing agents. Oxygen difluoride. Rubber. Sodium. (and moisture). Water.
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products	

Thermal decomposition may produce: Sulfur. Hydrogen.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : FATAL IF INHALED.

Hydrogen sulfide ( \f )7783-06-4	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	700 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	356 ppm/4h
ATE US (gases)	356 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapours)	0.99 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust.mist)	0.99 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified
Aspiration hazard : Not classified

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
LC50 - Fish [2]	0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])

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#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic products.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.

Effect on the ozone layer : None.

Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : U.S. - RCRA (Resource Conservation Recovery Act) - Hazardous Constituents - Appendix VIII

to 40 CFR 261. U.S. - RCRA (Resource Conservation Recovery Act) - U Series Wastes -

Acutely Toxic Wastes Other Hazardous Characteristics.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1053 Hydrogen sulfide, 2.3

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1053

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Hydrogen sulfide

Class (DOT) : 2.3 - Class 2.3 - Poisonous gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : Poison Gas 2.3 - Poison gas

2.1 - Flammable gas





DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 2 - This material is poisonous by inhalation (see 171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone B (see 173.116(a) or 173.133(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter.

B9 - Bottom outlets are not authorized.

B14 - Each bulk packaging, except a tank car or a multi-unit-tank car tank, must be insulated with an insulating material so that the overall thermal conductance at 15.5 C (60 F) is no more than 1.5333 kilojoules per hour per square meter per degree Celsius (0.075 Btu per hour per square foot per degree Fahrenheit) temperature differential. Insulating materials must not promote corrosion to steel when wet.

N89 - When steel UN pressure receptacles are used, only those bearing the "H" mark are authorized.

## **Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 117

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Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure

valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1053

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : HYDROGEN SULPHIDE

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

Division (IMDG) : 2.3 - Toxic gases

 EmS-No. (1)
 : F-D

 MFAG-No
 : 117

 EmS-No. (2)
 : S-U

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1053

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Hydrogen sulphide

Class (IATA) : 2 - Gases

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases toxic under pressure(Hazardous materials notice Appended

Table 1 Article 194 of the Enforcement Regulations)

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

## Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

## Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

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#### National regulations 15.2.2.

#### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

Hydrogen sulfide(7783-06-4)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Linde asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Linde Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Linde Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Linde SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Linde or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.lindeus.com. If you have questions regarding Linde SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Linde suppliers in your area, phone or write the Linde Call Center (Phone: 1-844-44-Linde (1-844-445-4633); Address: Linde Call Center, Linde Inc, P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

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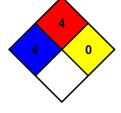
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NFPA health hazard : 4 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can be

 4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



NFPA fire hazard

NFPA instability

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Linde 2022

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.