CSE 13S Fall 2021 James Gu jjgu@ucsc.edu 11 November 2021

Assignment 6: Public Key Cryptography

# **Description of Program:**

In computer science, cryptography was once only used for the government, spies, and the military, but now it is very commonly used in most websites using SSL. The earliest public key cryptography algorithm and the one we will be focusing on in this assignment is RSA. Public key cryptography uses a pair of keys: public keys and private keys. Someone can encrypt a message using the public key but it can only be decrypted with the private key. The three programs we will be creating are a key generator, an encryptor, and a decryptor. The keygen program will produce key pairs. The encryptor will encrypt files using the public key. And the decryptor will decrypt encrypted files using the private key.

### Files:

decrypt.c:

This contains the implementation and main() function for the decrypt program

encrypt.c:

This contains the implementation and main() function for the encrypt program.

kevgen.c:

This contains the implementation and main() function for the keygen program

numtheory.c:

This contains the implementations of the number theory functions

numtheory.h:

This specifies the interface for the number theory functions.

randstate.c:

This contains the implementation of the random state interface for the RSA library and number theory functions.

randstate.h:

This specifies the interface for initializing and clearing the random state.

rsa.c:

This contains the implementation of the RSA library.

rsa.h:

This specifies the interface for the RSA library.

#### Makefile:

- CC = clang must be specified.
- CFLAGS = -Wall -Wextra -Werror -Wpedantic must be specified.
- pkg-config to locate compilation and include flags for the GMP library must be used.
- make must build the encrypt, decrypt, and keygen executables, as should make all.
- make decrypt should build only the decrypt program.
- make encrypt should build only the encrypt program.
- make keygen should build only the keygen program.
- make clean must remove all files that are compiler generated.
- make format should format all your source code, including the header files.

### READEME.md:

This must use proper Markdown syntax and describe how to use your program and Makefile. It should also list and explain any command-line options that your program accepts. Any false positives reported by scan-build should be documented and explained here as well. Note down any known bugs or errors in this file as well for the graders.

### DESIGN.pdf:

This document must be a proper PDF. This design document must describe your design and design process for your program with enough detail such that a sufficiently knowledgeable programmer would be able to replicate your implementation. This does not mean copying your entire program in verbatim. You should instead describe how your program works with supporting pseudocode.

## Pseudocode:

```
randstate.c:
Initialize global random state named state.
Void randstate init(uint64 t seed):
       Initialize state for the mersenne twister algorithm
       Set the seed
Void randstate clear(void):
       Clear memory used by state
numtheory.c:
Initialize d
Void pow mod(mpz t out, mpz t base, mpz t exponent, mpz t mod):
       Set out to 1
       Set p to base
       while(d is greater than 0):
              If d is odd:
                      Set out to (out * p) % mod
               Set p to (p*p) % mod
```

### Set d to the floor of d/2

```
bool is prime(mpz t n, uint64 t iters):
       Write n - 1 = 2^{s*}r such that r is odd
       For iters times:
               Set base to a random number 2 to n-2
               Initialize out
               Out = pow_mod(out, base, r, n)
               If out does not equal 1 and out does not equal n-1:
                      Set j to 1
                      While j is less than or equal to s - 1 and out is not equal to n - 1:
                              Set out to pow_mod(out, 2, n)
                              If y is equal to 1:
                                      Return false
                              Set j to j +1
                      If y does not equal n - 1:
                              Return false
       Return true
Void make_prime(mpz_t p, uint64_t bits, uint64_t iters):
       while(1 == 1):
               Generate a random number into p that is at least bits long
               If is_prime(p, iters):
                      Break
Void gcd(mpz_t d, mpz_t a, mpz_t b):
       While b is not equal to 0
               Set temp equal to b
               Set b to a % b
               Set a to temp
       Set d to a
Void mod_inverse(mpz_t i, mpz_t a, mpz_t n):
       Set r to n
       Set r_prime to a
       Set temp to 0
       Set temp_prime to 1
       while(r prime is not 0):
               Set q to floor of r/r_prime
               Set temp_r to r
               Set r to r prime
               Set r_prime to temp_r - q * r_prime
               Set temp t to temp
               Set temp to temp_prime
```

```
Set temp prime to temp t - q * temp prime
       If r is greater than 1:
              Set i to 0
       If t is less than 0:
              Set temp to temp + n
       Set i to temp
rsa.c:
Void rsa_make_pub(mpz_t p, mpz_t q, mpz_t n, mpz_t e, uint64_t nbits, uint64_t iters):
       Set rand nbits to a random number of bits in the range nbits/4 to (3*nbits)/4
       make prime(p, rand nbits, iters)
       make_prime(q, nbits - rand_nbits, iters)
       Set totient to (p-1)*(q-1)
       while(true):
              Generate random numbers around nbits and call the current random number
              curr rand
              Initialize d
              gcd(d, curr rand, totient)
              if(curr_rand and totient are coprime):
                      Break
       Set e to curr_rand
Void rsa_write_pub(mpz_t n, mpz_t e, mpz_t s, char username[], FILE *pbfile):
       Write n, e, s, username\n to pbfile
Void rsa read pub(mpz t n, mpz t e, mpz t s, char username[], FILE *pbfile):
       Read the public RSA key from the pbfile
Void rsa_make_priv(mpz_t d, mpz_t e, mpz_t p, mpz_t q):
       Set totient to (p-1)*(q-1)
       mod inverse(e, p, q):
       Set d to e % totient
Void rsa_write_priv(mpz_t n, mpz_t d, FILE *pvfile):
       Write n, d\n to pvfile
Void rsa_read_priv(mpz_t n, mpz_t d, FILE *pvfile):
       Read the private RSA key from the pyfile
Void rsa_encrypt(mpz_t c, mpz_t m, mpz_t e, mpz_t n):
       Set c to me%n
Void rsa decrypt(mpz t m, mpz t c, mpz t d, mpz t n):
       Set m to cd%n
```

```
Void rsa_sign(mpz_t s, mpz_t m, mpz_t d, mpz_t n):
    Set s to m<sup>d</sup>%n

bool rsa_verify(mpz_t m, mpz_t s, mpz_t e, mpz_t n):
    Set t to s<sup>e</sup>%n
    If t is equal to m:
        Return true
    Return false
```