

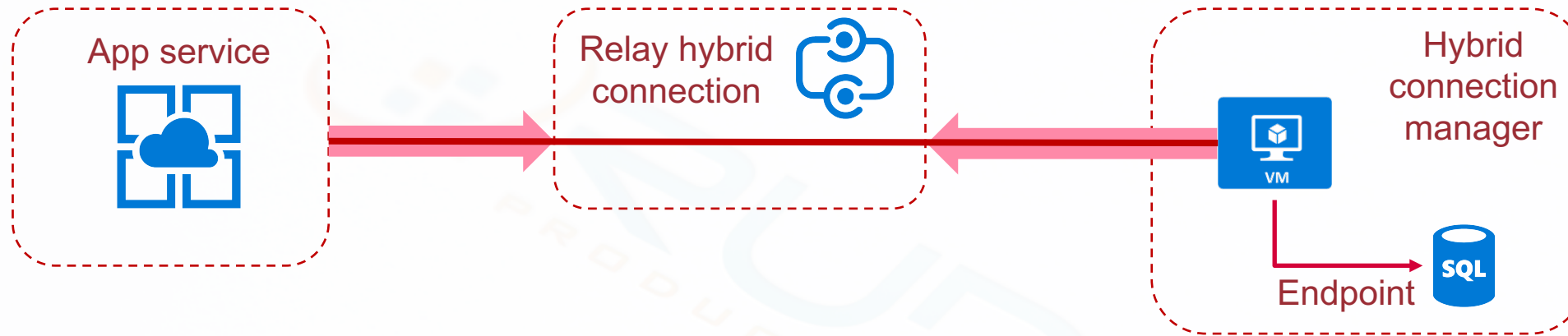
# Hybrid connections

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- Hybrid Connections is both a service in Azure and a feature in Azure App Service. As a service, it has uses and capabilities beyond those that are used in App Service.
- Within App Service, Hybrid Connections can be used to access application resources in other networks
- As used in App Service, each Hybrid Connection correlates to a single TCP host and port combination. This means that the Hybrid Connection endpoint can be on any operating system and any application, provided you are accessing a TCP listening port.
- The Hybrid Connections feature does not know or care what the application protocol is, or what you are accessing. It is simply providing network access.

# How it works



- The Hybrid Connections feature consists of two outbound calls to Azure Service Bus Relay. There is a connection from a library on the host where your app is running in App Service. There is also a connection from the Hybrid Connection Manager (HCM) to Service Bus Relay.
- Through the two joined connections, your app has a TCP tunnel to a fixed host:port combination on the other side of the HCM. The connection uses TLS 1.2 for security and shared access signature (SAS) keys for authentication and authorization.

# Hybrid connections benefits and limitations



- Benefits
  - Apps can access on-premises systems and services securely.
  - The feature does not require an internet-accessible endpoint.
  - Because the feature is network level, it is agnostic to the language used by your app and the technology used by the endpoint.
  - It can be used to provide access in multiple networks from a single app.
- Limitations
  - Using UDP.
  - Accessing TCP-based services that use dynamic ports, such as FTP Passive Mode or Extended Passive Mode.
  - Supporting LDAP, because it sometimes requires UDP.