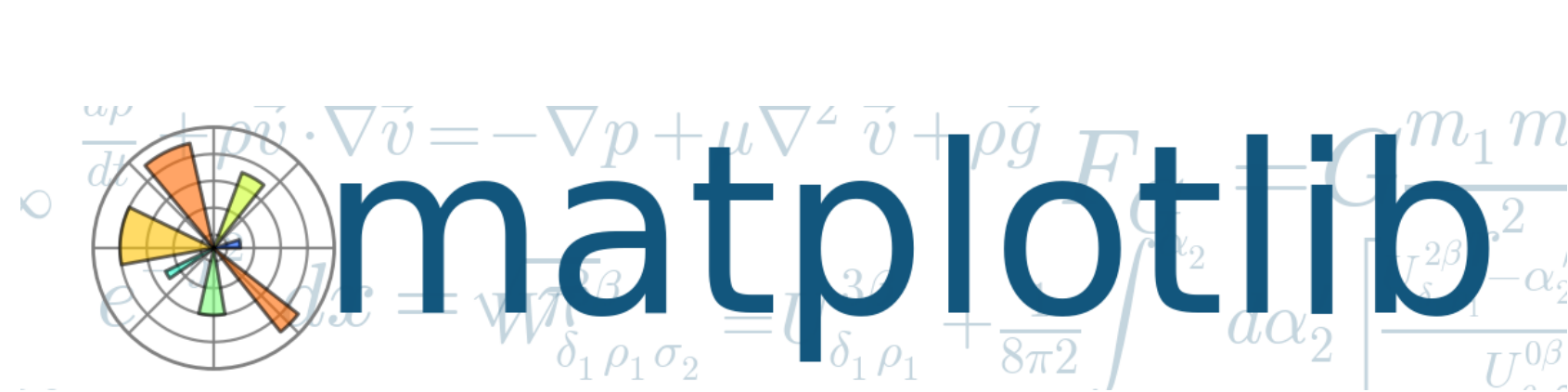
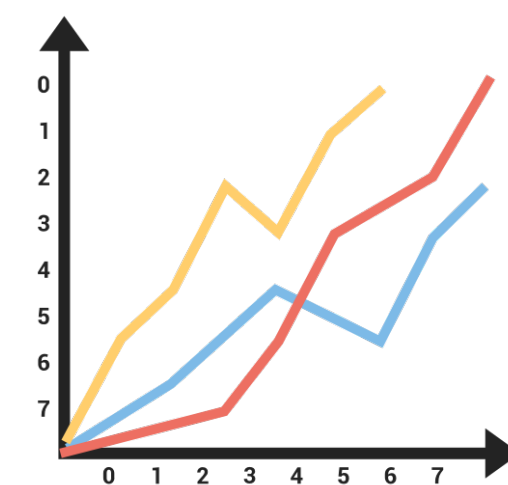
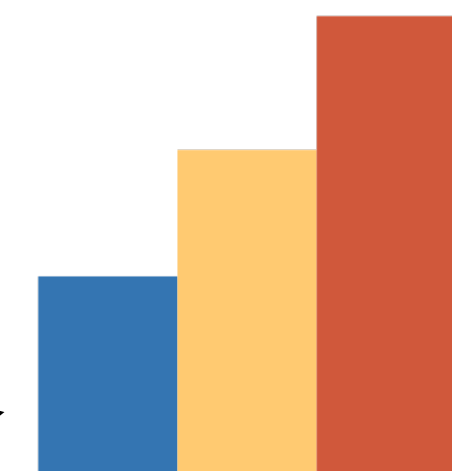
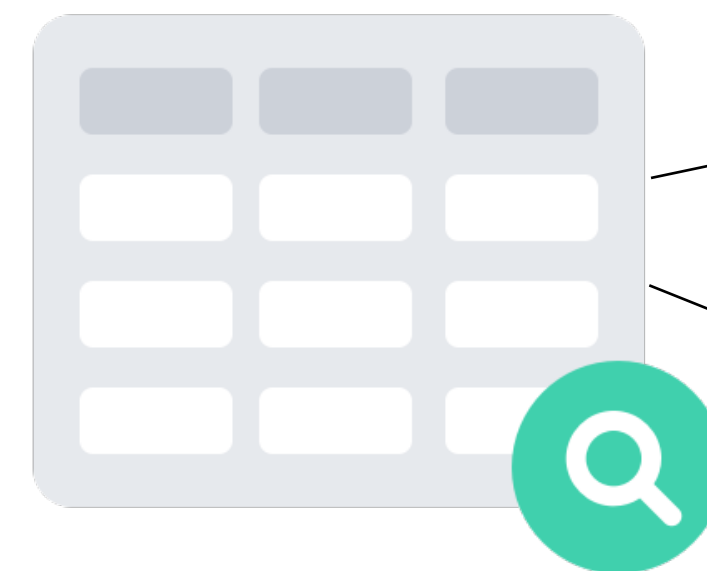


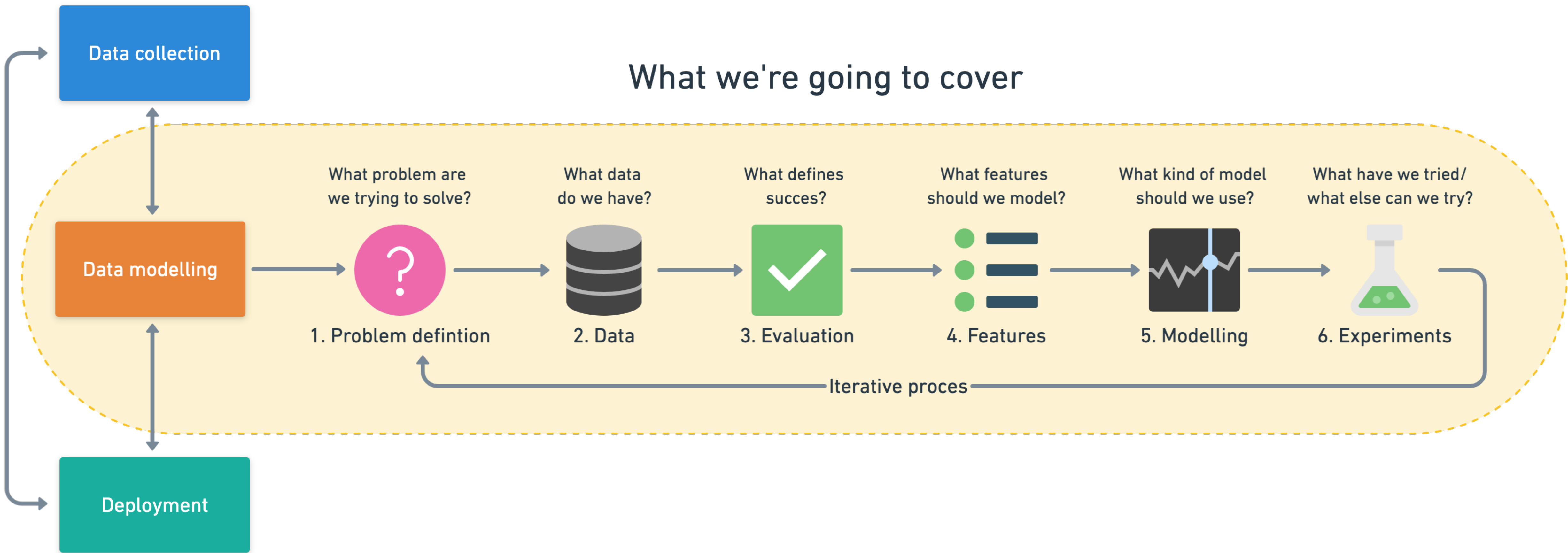
# What is Matplotlib?



Data

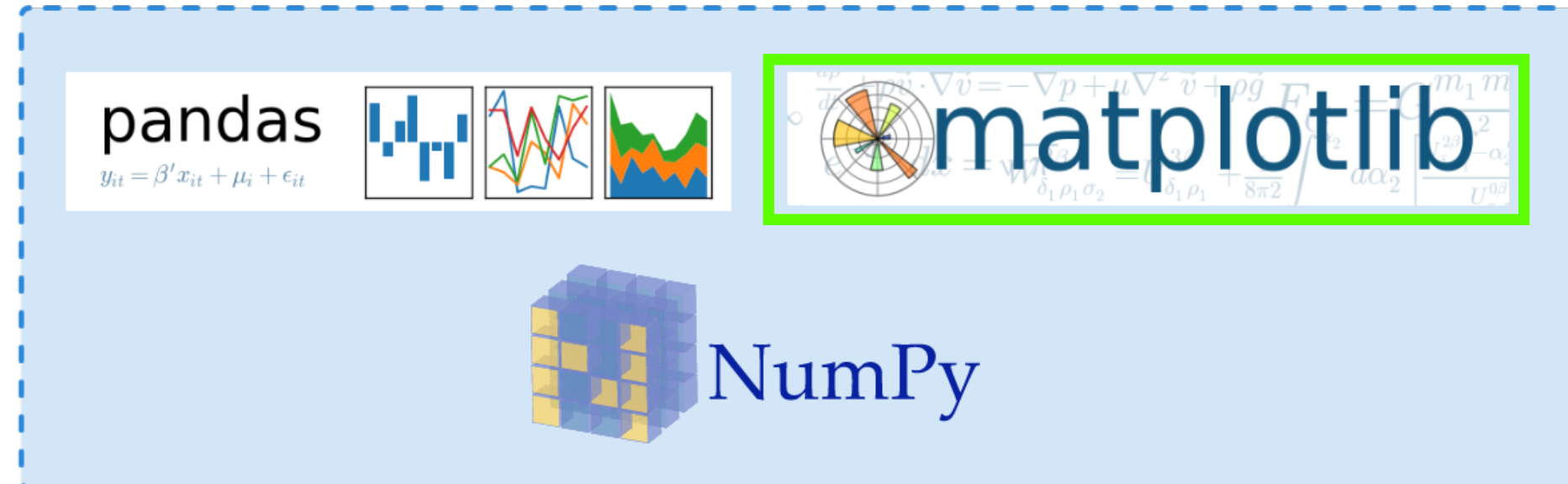
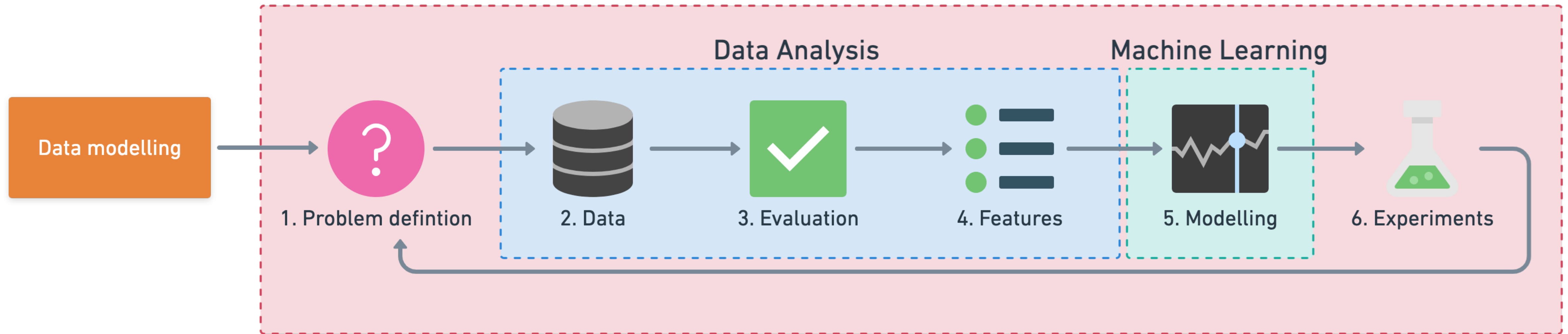


Steps in a full machine learning project



# Tools you can use

## Data Science

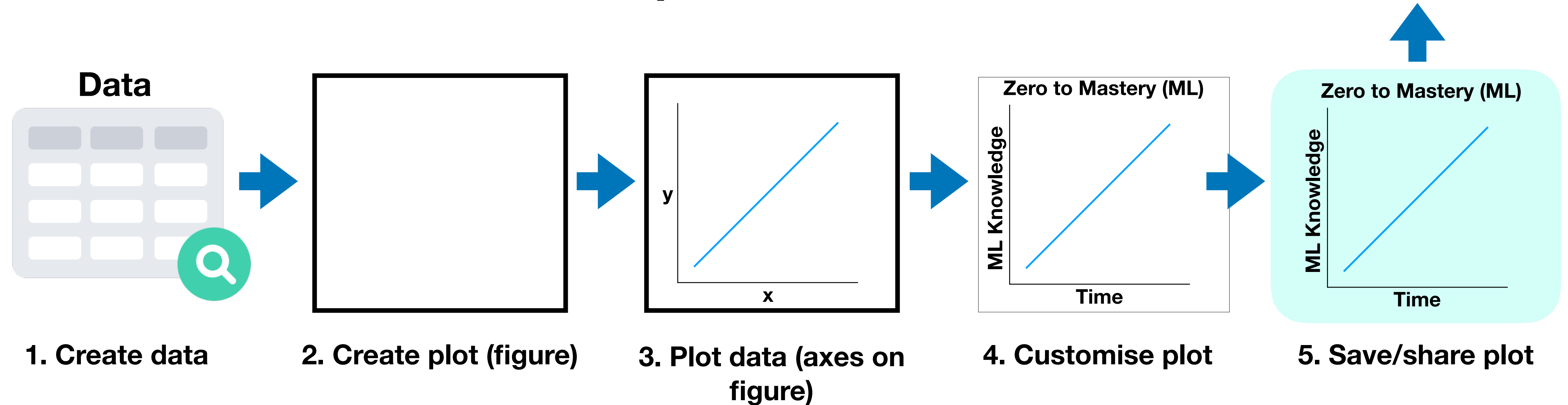


# Why Matplotlib?

- **Built on NumPy arrays (and Python)**
- **Integrates directly with pandas**
- **Can create basic or advanced plots**
- **Simple to use interface (once you get the foundations)**

# What are we going to cover?

## A Matplotlib workflow

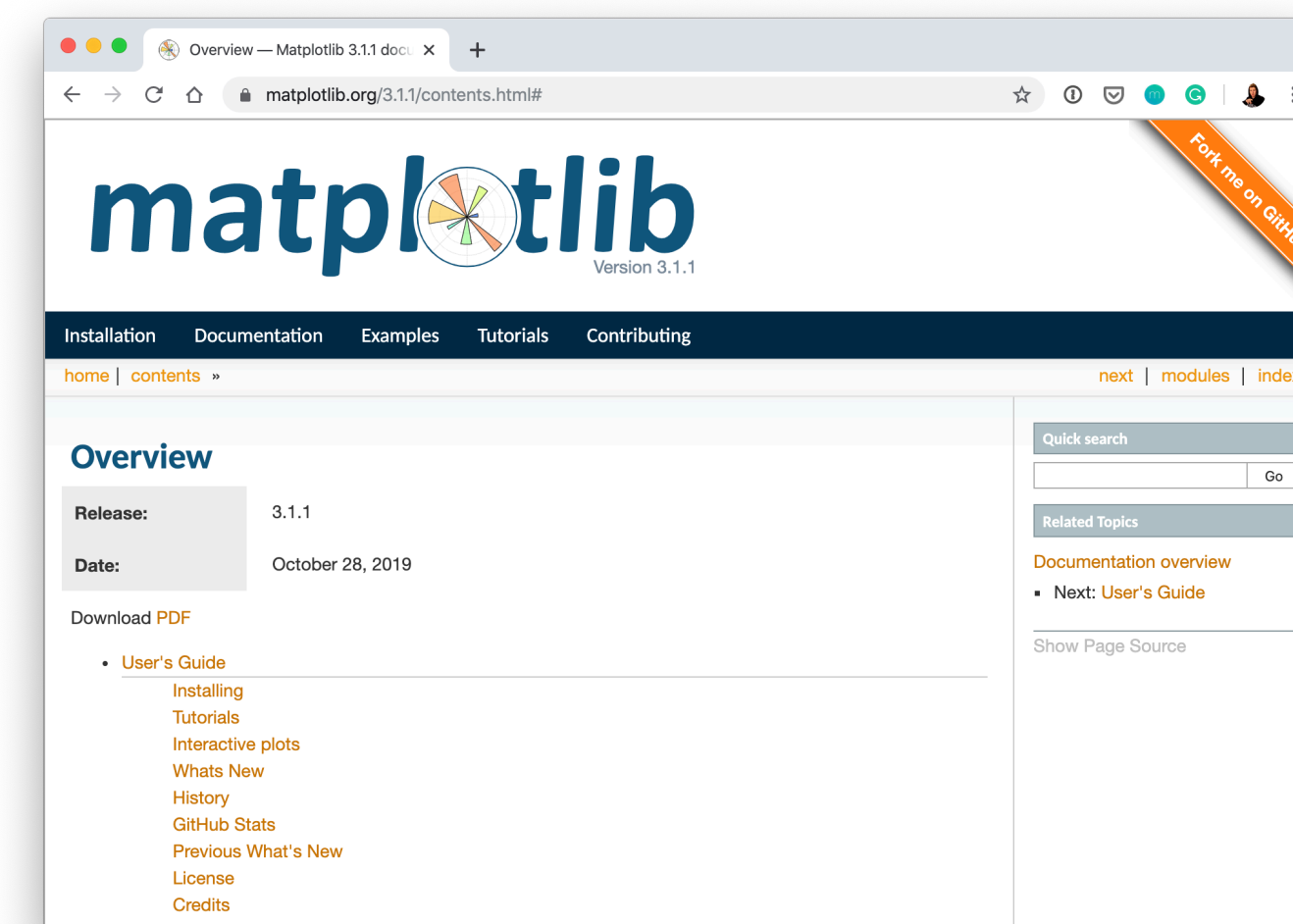
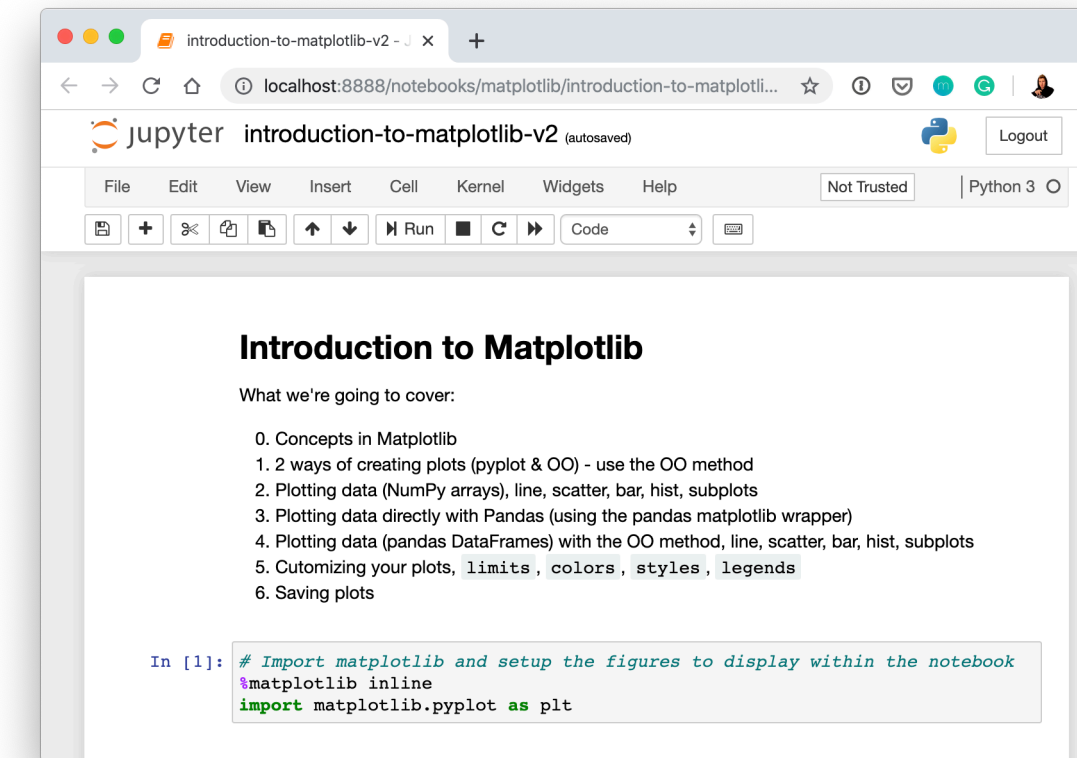


# What are we going to cover?

- **Matplotlib workflow**
- **Importing Matplotlib and the 2 ways of plotting**
- **Plotting data from NumPy arrays**
- **Plotting data from pandas DataFrames**
- **Customizing plots**
- **Saving and sharing plots**

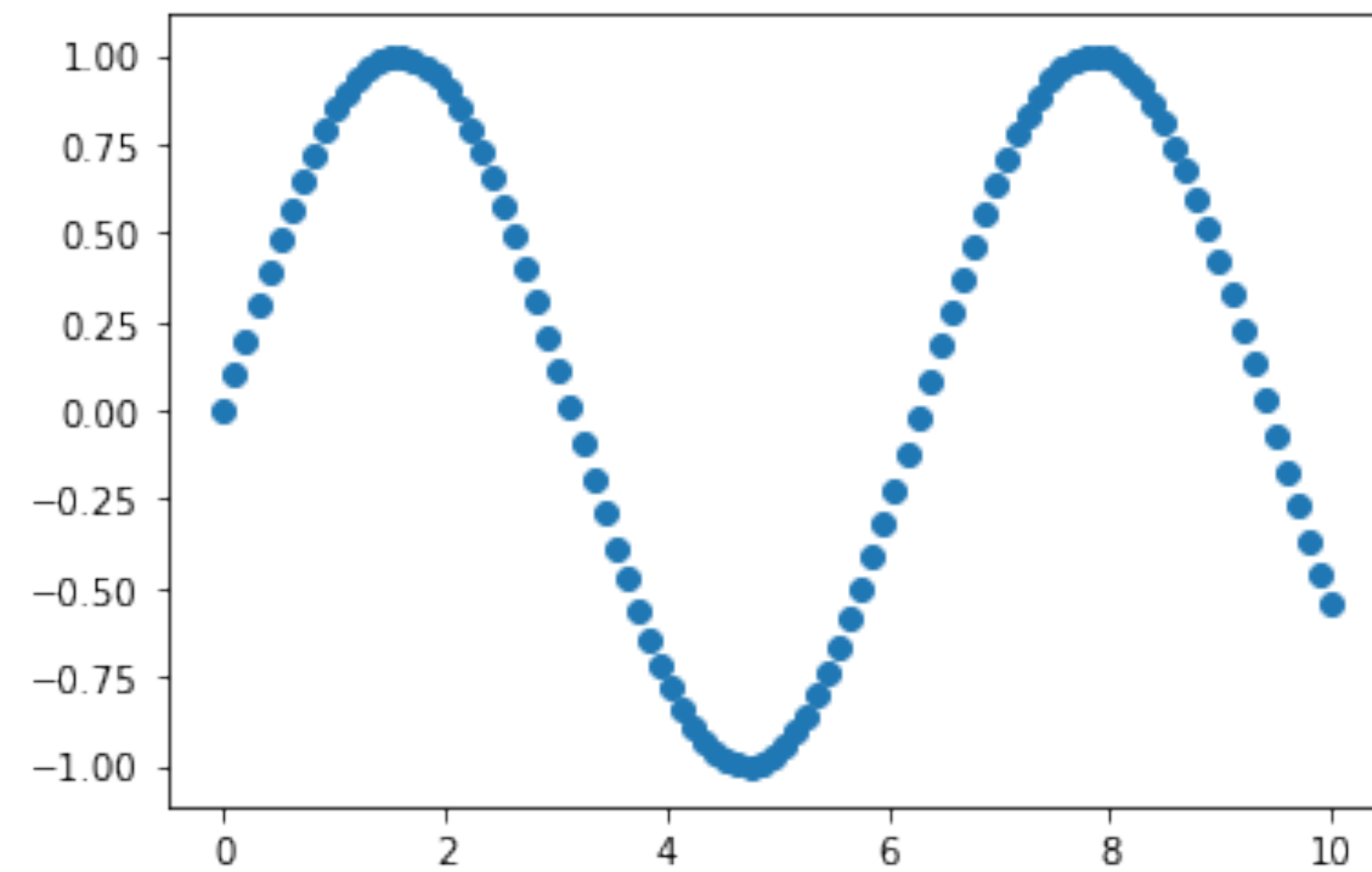
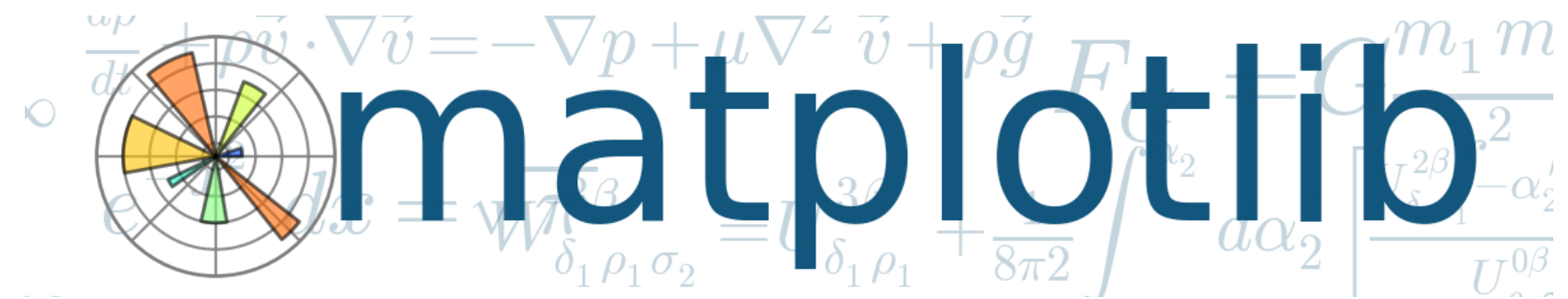
# Where can you get help?

- Follow along with the code →
- Try it for yourself
- Search for it →
- Try again
- Ask →



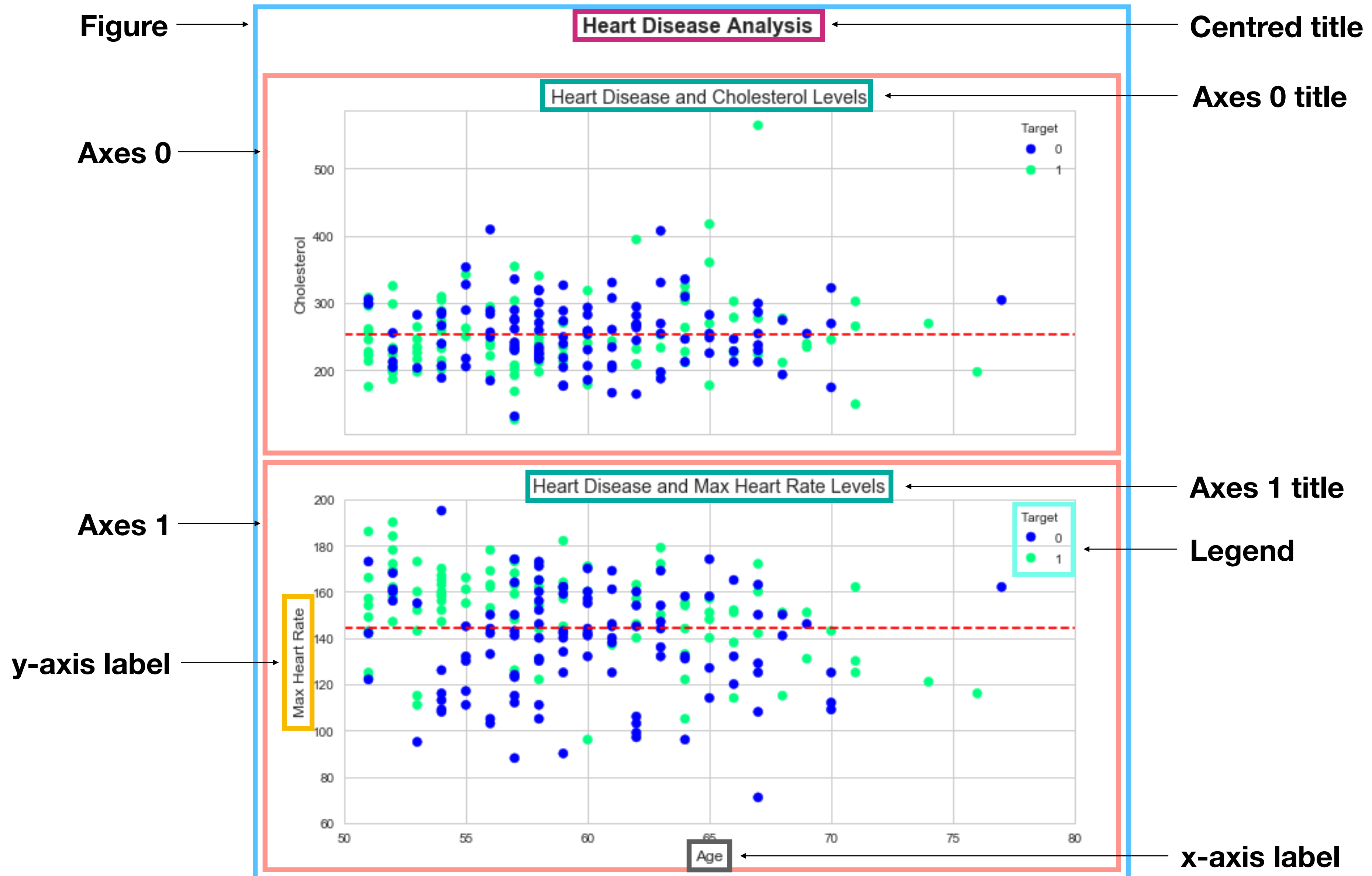


# Let's plot!





# Anatomy of a Matplotlib plot



# Anatomy of a Matplotlib plot

```
%matplotlib inline
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid') # set plot style

# Read in and manipulate data
heart_disease = pd.read_csv('../data/heart-disease.csv')
over_50 = heart_disease[heart_disease['age'] > 50]

# Create figure (plot) with 2 axes
fig, (ax0, ax1) = plt.subplots(nrows=2,
                               ncols=1,
                               sharex=True,
                               figsize=(10, 10))

# Add data, titles, meanline (axhline) and legend to axes 0
scatter = ax0.scatter(over_50["age"],
                      over_50["chol"],
                      c=over_50["target"],
                      cmap='winter')
ax0.set(title="Heart Disease and Cholesterol Levels",
        ylabel="Cholesterol",
        xlim=[50, 80])
ax0.axhline(y=over_50["chol"].mean(),
            color='r',
            linestyle='--',
            label="Average");
ax0.legend(*scatter.legend_elements(), title="Target")

# Add data, titles, meanline (axhline) and legend to axes 1
scatter = ax1.scatter(over_50["age"],
                      over_50["thalach"],
                      c=over_50["target"],
                      cmap='winter')
ax1.set(title="Heart Disease and Max Heart Rate Levels",
        xlabel="Age",
        ylabel="Max Heart Rate",
        ylim=[60, 200])
ax1.axhline(y=over_50["thalach"].mean(),
            color='r',
            linestyle='--',
            label="Average");
ax1.legend(*scatter.legend_elements(), title="Target")

# Title the figure
fig.suptitle('Heart Disease Analysis', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold');
```

