

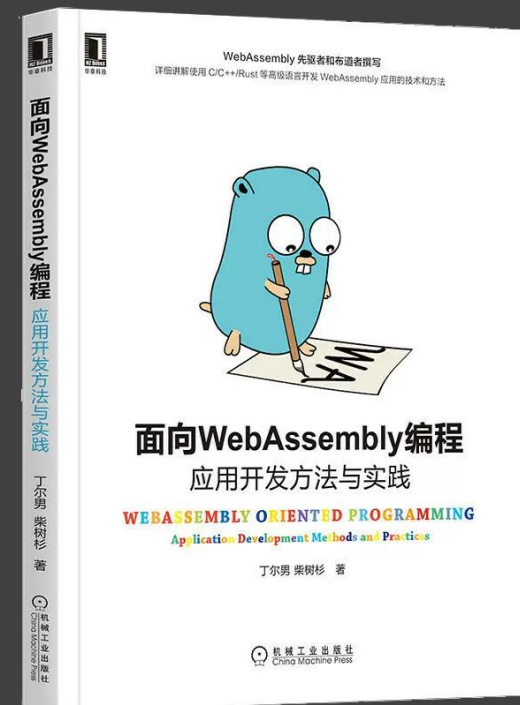
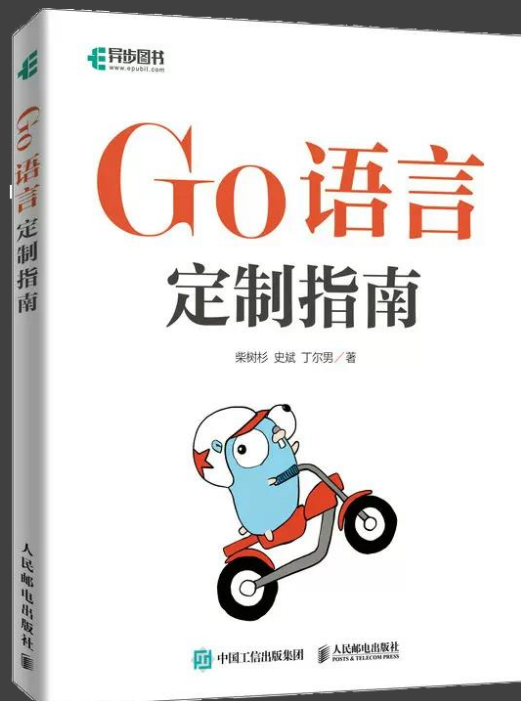
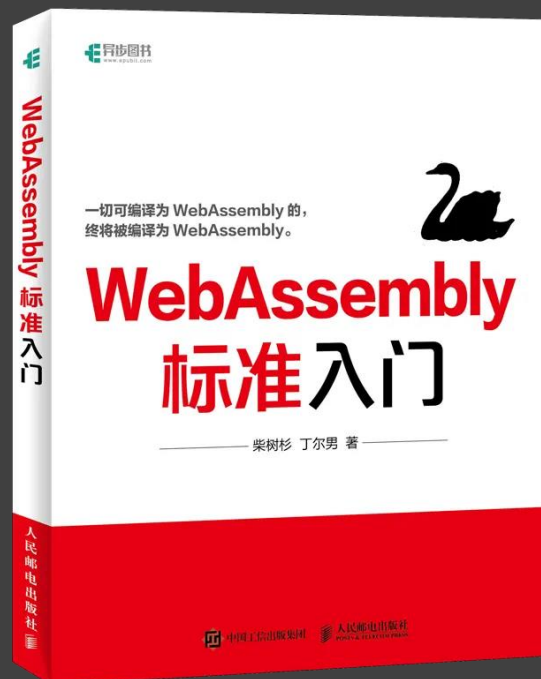


# 通过SSA的解释执行窥探Golang编译之一角



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PLOC 联合发起人





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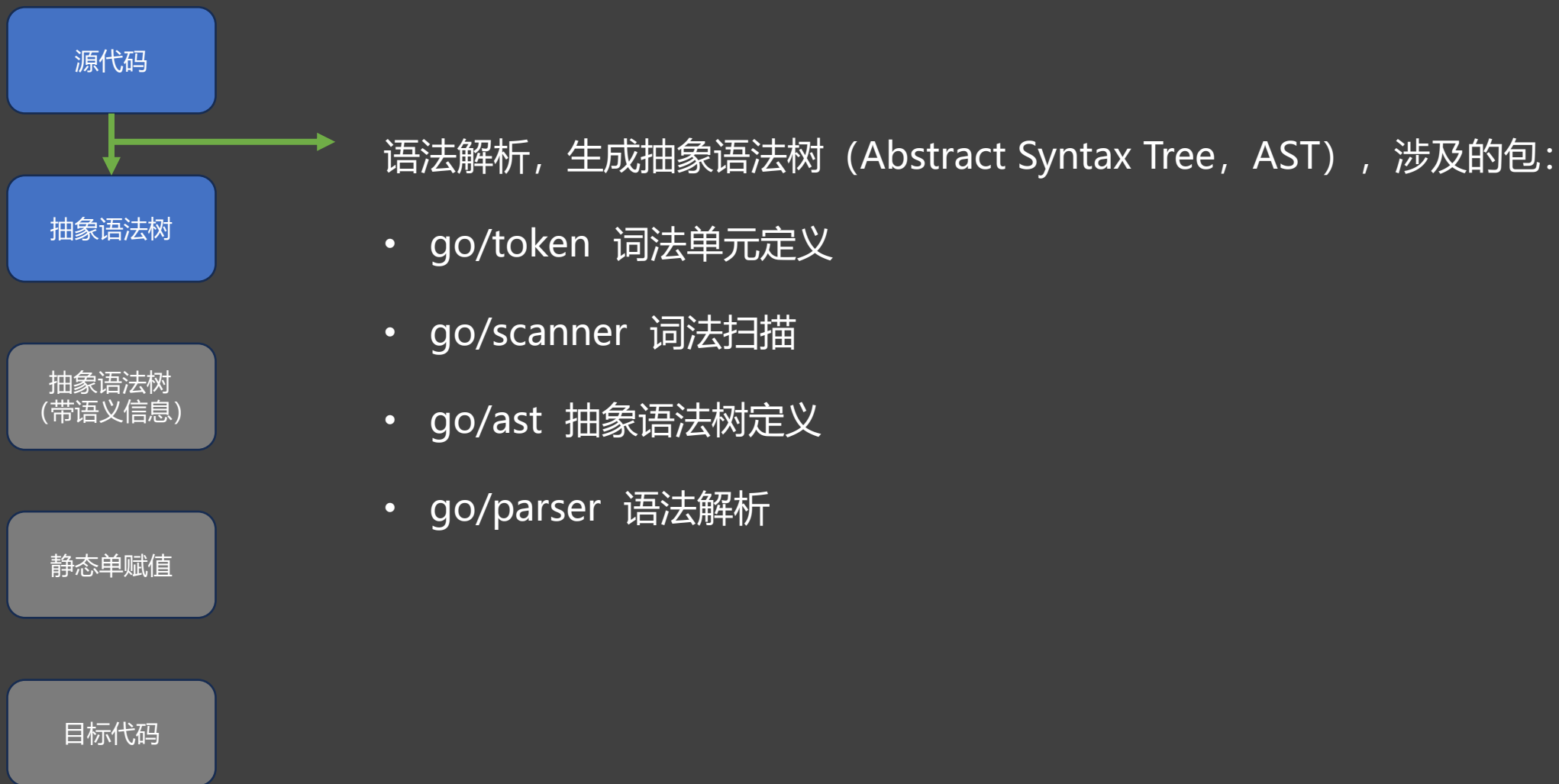
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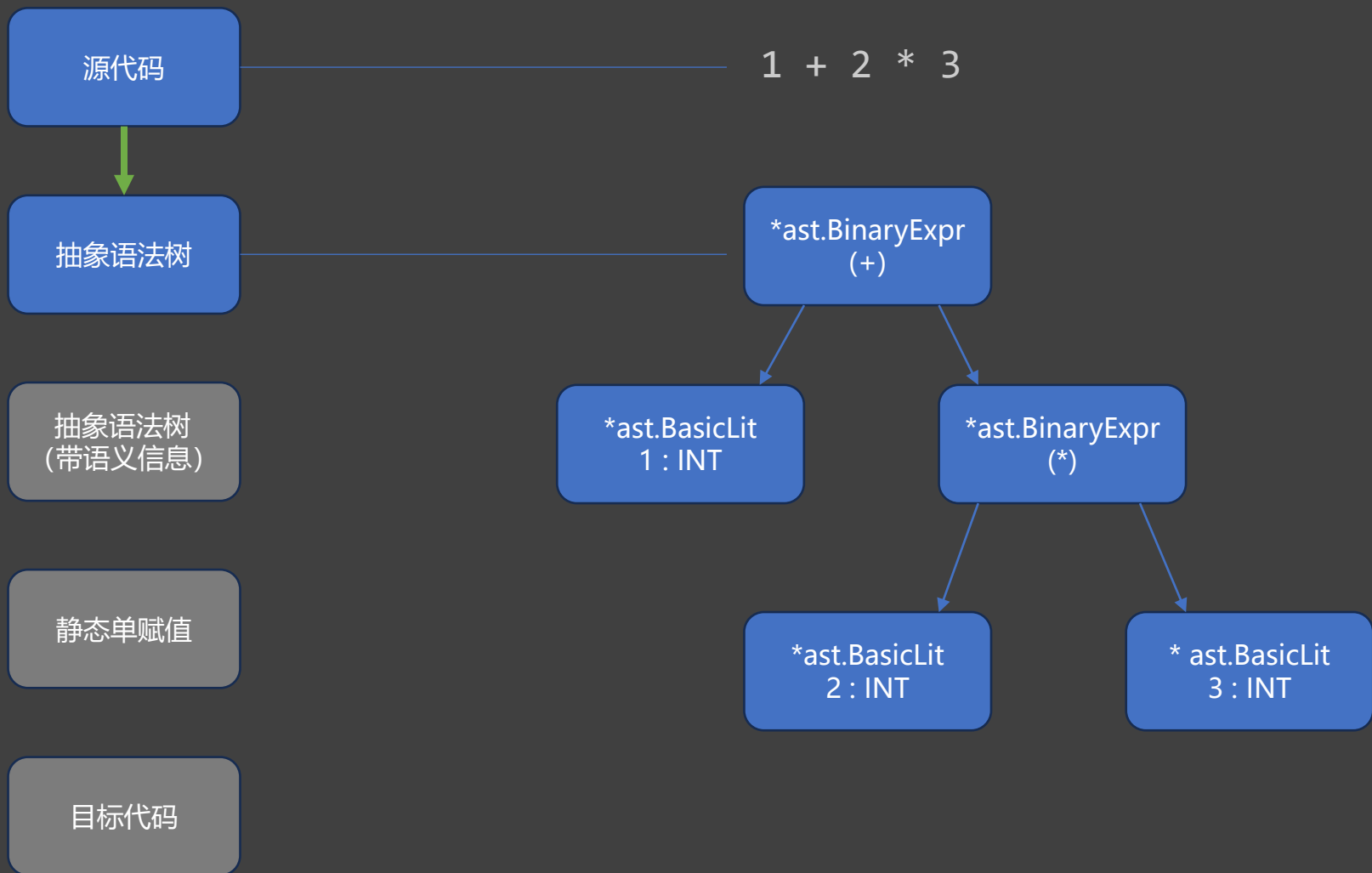
# Golang 编译流程简介



# Golang 编译流程简介



# Golang 编译流程简介



# Golang 编译流程简介



```
package main

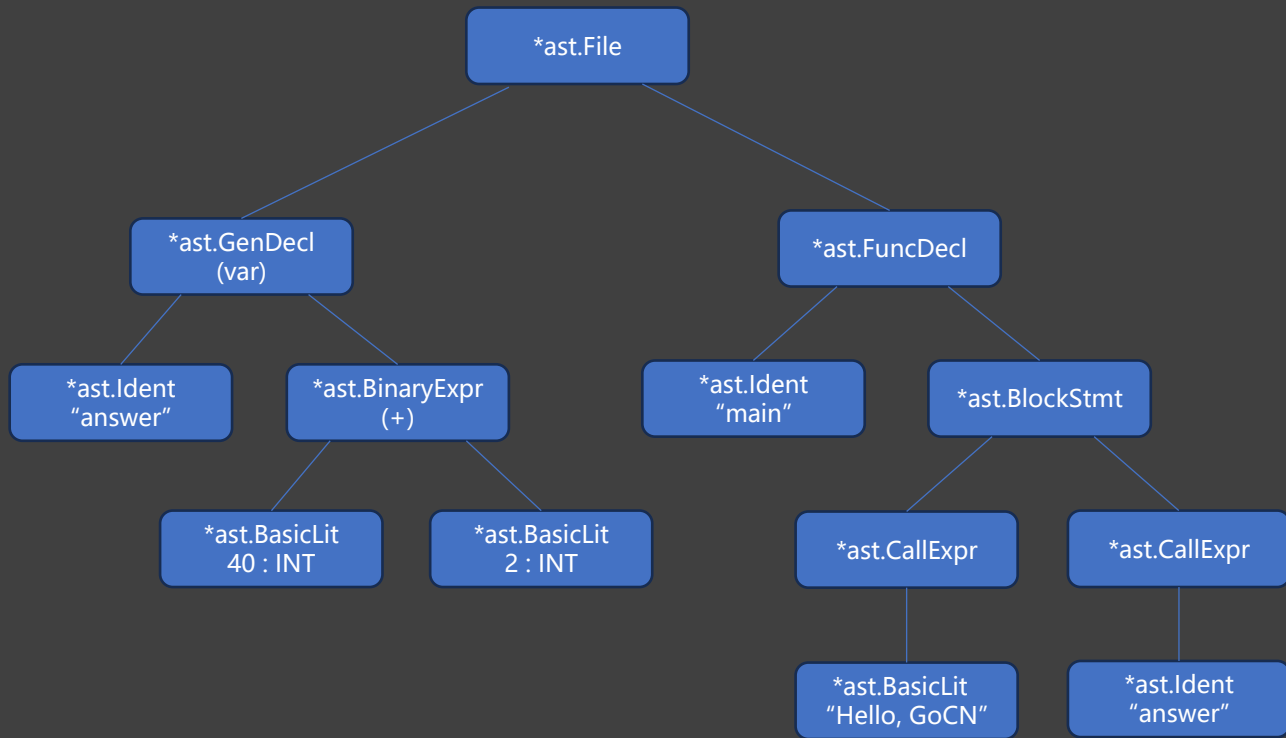
import (
    "go/ast"
    "go/parser"
    "go/token"
)

const src = `
package main

var answer = 40 + 2

func main() {
    println("Hello, GoCN!")
    println(answer)
}
`

func main() {
    fset := token.NewFileSet()
    f, _ := parser.ParseFile(fset, "test.go", src, parser.AllErrors)
    ast.Print(nil, f)
}
```



# Golang 编译流程简介

源代码

抽象语法树

抽象语法树  
(带语义信息)

静态单赋值

目标代码

语义分析, 涉及的包:

- go/types

功能:

- 类型检查和推导, 如:

```
v := "a" + 1
```

- 确定标识符的引用关系, 如:

```
var g = 42
```

```
func main() {  
    g := "Hello GoCN!"  
    println(g)  
}
```



# Golang 编译流程简介

源代码

抽象语法树

抽象语法树  
(带语义信息)

静态单赋值

目标代码

转静态单赋值形式，涉及的包：

- [golang.org/x/tools/go/ssa](https://golang.org/x/tools/go/ssa)

静态单赋值 (Static Single Assignment, SSA)，是 1988 年由 Barry K. Rosen、Mark N. Wegman、F. Kenneth Zadeck 提出的一种中间代码 (IR) 表示形式，典型特征是所有变量被且仅被赋值一次。

2016年，Go 1.7 加入 SSA 支持。

# SSA 解释执行

```
const src = `
package main

func main() {
    println("Hello, GoCN!")
    println("The answer is:", 42)
}

func main() {
    ...
    ssaPkg.Build()
    ssaPkg.Func("main").WriteTo(os.Stdout)
    ...
}
```

```
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:4:6
func main():
0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
    t0 = println("Hello, GoCN!":string)      ()
    t1 = println("The answer is":string, 42:int)  ()
    return
```

\*ssa.Package

main \*ssa.Function

Blocks[0] \*ssa.BasicBlock

Instrs[0] \*ssa.Call  
- Call = \*ssa.Builtin, println  
- Args = [ "Hello, GoCN!" ]

Instrs[1] \*ssa.Call  
- Call = \*ssa.Builtin, println  
- Args = [ "The answer is" , 42]

Instrs[2] \*ssa.Return

# SSA 解释执行

```
run.go 1 x
run.go > doCall
9
10     "golang.org/x/tools/go/ssa"
11 )
12
13 func runFunc(fn *ssa.Function) {
14     fmt.Println("--- runFunc begin ---")
15     defer fmt.Println("--- runFunc end ---")
16
17     // 从第0个Block开始执行
18     if len(fn.Blocks) > 0 {
19         for blk := fn.Blocks[0]; blk != nil; {
20             blk = runFuncBlock(fn, fn.Blocks[0])
21         }
22     }
23 }
24
25 // 运行Block, 返回下一个Block, 如果返回nil表示结束
26 func runFuncBlock(fn *ssa.Function, block *ssa.BasicBlock) (nextBlock *ssa.BasicBlock) {
27     for _, ins := range block.Instrs {
28         switch ins := ins.(type) {
29             case *ssa.Call:
30                 doCall(ins)
31             case *ssa.Return:
32                 doReturn(ins)
33             default:
34                 panic("Not Implemented.")
35         }
36     }
37     return nil
38 }
```

\*ssa.Package

main \*ssa.Function

Blocks[0] \*ssa.BasicBlock

Instrs[0] \*ssa.Call

- Call = \*ssa.Builtin, println
- Args = [ "Hello, GoCN!" ]

Instrs[1] \*ssa.Call

- Call = \*ssa.Builtin, println
- Args = [ "The answer is" , 42]

Instrs[2] \*ssa.Return

# SSA 解释执行

```
run.go 1 x
run.go > callBuiltin
24
25 // 运行Block, 返回下一个Block, 如果返回nil表示结束
26 func runFuncBlock(fn *ssa.Function, block *ssa.BasicBlock) (nextBlock *ssa.BasicBlock) {
27     for _, ins := range block.Instrs {
28         switch ins := ins.(type) {
29             case *ssa.Call:
30                 doCall(ins)
31             case *ssa.Return:
32                 doReturn(ins)
33             default:
34                 panic("Not Implemented.")
35         }
36     }
37     return nil
38 }
39
40 func doCall(ins *ssa.Call) {
41     switch {
42     case ins.Call.Method == nil: // 普通函数调用
43         switch callFn := ins.Call.Value.(type) {
44             case *ssa.Builtin:
45                 callBuiltin(callFn, ins.Call.Args...)
46             default:
47                 // 普通函数
48                 panic("Not Implemented.")
49         }
50     default:
51         // 方法或接口调用
52         panic("Not Implemented.")
53     }
54 }
55 }
```

\*ssa.Package

main \*ssa.Function

Blocks[0] \*ssa.BasicBlock

Instrs[0] \*ssa.Call  
- Call = \*ssa.Builtin, println  
- Args = [ "Hello, GoCN!" ]

Instrs[1] \*ssa.Call  
- Call = \*ssa.Builtin, println  
- Args = [ "The answer is" , 42]

Instrs[2] \*ssa.Return

# SSA 解释执行

```
57 func callBuiltin(fn *ssa.Builtin, args ...ssa.Value) {
58     switch fn.Name() {
59     case "println":
60         var buf bytes.Buffer
61         for i := 0; i < len(args); i++ {
62             if i > 0 {
63                 buf.WriteRune(' ')
64             }
65             switch arg := args[i].(type) {
66             case *ssa.Const: // 处理常量参数
67                 if t, ok := arg.Type().Underlying().(*types.Basic); ok {
68                     switch t.Kind() {
69                     case types.Int, types.UntypedInt:
70                         fmt.Fprintf(&buf, "%d", int(arg.Int64()))
71                     case types.String:
72                         fmt.Fprintf(&buf, "%s", constant.StringVal(arg.Value))
73                     default:
74                         // 其它常量类型, 暂不支持
75                         panic("Not Implemented.")
76                     }
77                 }
78             default:
79                 // 暂不支持非常量参数
80                 panic("Not Implemented.")
81             }
82         }
83         buf.WriteRune('\n')
84         os.Stdout.Write(buf.Bytes())
85     }
```

```
--- runFunc begin ---
Hello, GoCN!
The answer is: 42
--- runFunc end ---
```

\*ssa.Package

main \*ssa.Function

Blocks[0] \*ssa.BasicBlock

Instrs[0] \*ssa.Call  
- Call = \*ssa.Builtin, println  
- Args = [ "Hello, GoCN!" ]

Instrs[1] \*ssa.Call  
- Call = \*ssa.Builtin, println  
- Args = [ "The answer is" , 42]

Instrs[2] \*ssa.Return

# SSA 解释执行

```
package main

var i int

func main() {
    i = 42
    println("The answer is:", i)
}
```

```
# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:6:6
func main():
0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
    *i = 42:int
    t0 = *i                           int
    t1 = println("The answer is:":string, t0)
    return                           ()
```

\*ssa.Package

main \*ssa.Function

Blocks[0] \*ssa.BasicBlock

Instrs[0] \*ssa.Store

Instrs[1] \*ssa.Unop(\*)

Instrs[2] \*ssa.Call

Instrs[3] \*ssa.Return

# SSA 解释执行

```
type Engine struct {
    main      *ssa.Package
    initOnce  sync.Once

    // 全局变量
    globals map[string]*watypes.Value
}

type Frame struct {
    //局部变量、虚拟寄存器等:
    env map[ssa.Value]*watypes.Value
}

// 读取值(nil/全局变量/虚拟寄存器等)
func (p *Engine) getValue(fr *Frame, key ssa.Value) *watypes.Value {
    switch key := key.(type) {
    case *ssa.Global:
        if r, ok := p.getGlobal(key); ok {
            return r
        }
    case *ssa.Const:
        return waops.ConstValue(key)
    case nil:
        return nil
    }

    if r, ok := fr.env[key]; ok {
        return r
    }

    panic(fmt.Sprintf("get: no value for %T: %v", key, key.Name()))
}
```

```
# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:6:6
func main():
0:
    *i = 42:int
    t0 = *i
    t1 = println("The answer is:":string, t0)
    return
                                entry P:0 S:0
                                int
                                ()
```

# SSA 解释执行

```
// 运行Block
func (p *Engine) runFuncBlock(fr *Frame, block *ssa.BasicBlock) (nextBlock *ssa.BasicBlock) {
    for _, ins := range block.Instrs {
        switch ins := ins.(type) {
            case *ssa.Store:
                println("ssa.Store")
                watypes.Store(waops.Deref(ins.Addr.Type()), p.getValue(fr, ins.Addr).(*watypes.Value), p.getValue(fr, ins.Val))

            case *ssa.UnOp:
                println("ssa.UnOp")
                fr.env[ins] = waops.UnOp(ins, p.getValue(fr, ins.X))

            case *ssa.Call:
                println("ssa.Call")
                args := p.prepareCall(fr, &ins.Call)
                fr.env[ins] = p.call(ins, args)
        }
    }
    return nil
}
```

```
--- runFunc begin ---
ssa.Store
ssa.UnOp
ssa.Call
The answer is: 42
--- runFunc end ---
```

```
# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:6:6
func main():
0:
```

**\*i = 42:int**

**t0 = \*i**

```
t1 = println("The answer is:":string, t0)
return
```

entry P:0 S:0

int  
()



# SSA 解释执行

```
package main
```

```
var i int
```

```
func main() {  
    i = 24  
    println("The answer is:", i + 3 * add(2, 4))  
}
```

```
func add(i int, j int) int{  
    return i + j  
}
```

```
• package test.go:  
  func add      func(i int, j int) int  
  var i         int  
  func init     func()  
  var init$guard bool  
  func main     func()
```

```
# Name: test.go.main  
# Package: test.go  
# Location: test.go:10:6  
func main():  
0:                                     entry P:0 S:0  
    *i = 24:int  
    t0 = *i                           int  
    t1 = add(2:int, 4:int)             int  
    t2 = 3:int * t1                   int  
    t3 = t0 + t2                       int  
    t4 = println("The answer is:":string, t3)  ()  
    return
```

```
# Name: test.go.add  
# Package: test.go  
# Location: test.go:6:6  
func add(i int, j int) int:  
0:                                     entry P:0 S:0  
    t0 = i + j                         int  
    return t0
```

# SSA 解释执行

```
type Frame struct {
    env      map[ssa.Value]watypes.Value //局部变量、虚拟寄存器等
    result   watypes.Value       //返回值
    block    *ssa.BasicBlock      //当前块
    prevBlock *ssa.BasicBlock     //上一个块
}

func (p *Engine) runFunc(fn watypes.Value, args []watypes.Value) watypes.Value {
    if fn, ok := fn.(*ssa.Builtin); ok {
        return callBuiltin(fn, args)
    }

    if fn, ok := fn.(*ssa.Function); ok {
        fr := NewFrame()
        fr.block = fn.Blocks[0]
        // 函数的参数添加到上下文环境
        for i, p := range fn.Params {
            fr.env[p] = args[i]
        }

        for fr.block != nil {
            p.runFrame(fr) // 核心逻辑
        }

        return fr.result
    }

    panic(fmt.Sprintf("Unknown function: %v", fn))
}
```

```
• package test.go:
  func add      func(i int, j int) int
  var i         int
  func init     func()
  var init$guard bool
  func main     func()
```

```
# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:10:6
func main():
```

```
0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
    *i = 24:int
    t0 = *i                           int
    t1 = add(2:int, 4:int)            int
    t2 = 3:int * t1                   int
    t3 = t0 + t2                      int
    t4 = println("The answer is:":string, t3)
    return                           ()
```

```
# Name: test.go.add
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:6:6
func add(i int, j int) int:
```

```
0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
    t0 = i + j                       int
    return t0
```

# SSA 解释执行

```
func (p *Engine) runFrame(fr *Frame) {
    for i := 0; i < len(fr.block.Instrs); i++ {
        switch ins := fr.block.Instrs[i].(type) {
            case *ssa.Store: ...

            case *ssa.UnOp: ...

            case *ssa.BinOp:
                fr.env[ins] = waops.BinOp(ins.Op, ins.X.Type(),
                    p.getValue(fr, ins.X), p.getValue(fr, ins.Y))

            case *ssa.Call:
                args := p.prepareCall(fr, &ins.Call)
                fr.env[ins] = p.runFunc(ins.Call.Value, args)

            case *ssa.Return:
                switch len(ins.Results) {
                    case 0:
                    case 1:
                        fr.result = p.getValue(fr, ins.Results[0])
                    default:
                        panic("multi-return is not supported")
                }
                fr.block = nil
                return
            }
        }
    }
    fr.block = nil
}
```

```
• package test.go:
    func add      func(i int, j int) int
    var i         int
    func init     func()
    var init$guard bool
    func main     func()

# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:10:6
func main():
    0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
        *i = 24:int
        t0 = *i                                     int
        t1 = add(2:int, 4:int)                       int
        t2 = 3:int * t1                             int
        t3 = t0 + t2                                 int
        t4 = println("The answer is:":string, t3)      ()
        return

# Name: test.go.add
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:6:6
func add(i int, j int) int:
    0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
        t0 = i + j
        return t0                                     int
```

# SSA 解释执行

```
type Frame struct {
    env      map[ssa.Value]watypes.Value //局部变量、虚拟寄存器等
    result    watypes.Value        //返回值
    block     *ssa.BasicBlock        //当前块
    prevBlock *ssa.BasicBlock        //上一个块
}

func (p *Engine) runFunc(fn watypes.Value, args []watypes.Value) watypes.Value {
    if fn, ok := fn.(*ssa.Builtin); ok {
        return callBuiltin(fn, args)
    }

    if fn, ok := fn.(*ssa.Function); ok {
        fr := NewFrame()
        fr.block = fn.Blocks[0]
        // 函数的参数添加到上下文环境
        for i, p := range fn.Params {
            fr.env[p] = args[i]
        }

        for fr.block != nil {
            p.runFrame(fr) // 核心逻辑
        }

        return fr.result
    }

    panic(fmt.Sprintf("Unknown function: %v", fn))
}
```

```
package test.go:
func add      func(i int, j int) int
var i         int
func init     func()
var init$guard bool
func main     func()
```

```
# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:10:6
func main():
```

```
0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
    *i = 24:int
    t0 = *i                           int
    t1 = add(2:int, 4:int)             int
    t2 = 3:int * t1                    int
    t3 = t0 + t2                       int
    t4 = println("The answer is:", t3) ()
    return
```

```
# Name: test.go.add
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:6:6
func add(i int, j int) int:
```

```
0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
    t0 = i + j                         int
    return t0
```

# SSA 解释执行

```
func (p *Engine) runFrame(fr *Frame) {
    for i := 0; i < len(fr.block.Instrs); i++ {
        switch ins := fr.block.Instrs[i].(type) {
            case *ssa.Store: ...

            case *ssa.UnOp: ...

            case *ssa.BinOp:
                fr.env[ins] = waops.BinOp(ins.Op, ins.X.Type(),
                    p.getValue(fr, ins.X), p.getValue(fr, ins.Y))

            case *ssa.Call:
                args := p.prepareCall(fr, &ins.Call)
                fr.env[ins] = p.runFunc(ins.Call.Value, args)

            case *ssa.Return:
                switch len(ins.Results) {
                    case 0:
                    case 1:
                        fr.result = p.getValue(fr, ins.Results[0])
                    default:
                        panic("multi-return is not supported")
                }
                fr.block = nil
                return
        }
    }

    fr.block = nil
}
```

```
• package test.go:
    func add      func(i int, j int) int
    var i         int
    func init     func()
    var init$guard bool
    func main     func()

# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:10:6
func main():
    0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
        *i = 24:int
        t0 = *i                                     int
        t1 = add(2:int, 4:int)                     int
        t2 = 3:int * t1                             int
        t3 = t0 + t2                                 int
        t4 = println("The answer is:":string, t3)   ()
        return

# Name: test.go.add
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:6:6
func add(i int, j int) int:
    0:                                     entry P:0 S:0
        t0 = i + j
        return t0                                     int
```

# SSA 解释执行

```
func (p *Engine) runFrame(fr *Frame) {
    for i := 0; i < len(fr.block.Instrs); i++ {
        switch ins := fr.block.Instrs[i].(type) {
            case *ssa.Store: ...

            case *ssa.UnOp: ...

            case *ssa.BinOp:
                fr.env[ins] = waops.BinOp(ins.Op, ins.X.Type(),
                    p.getValue(fr, ins.X), p.getValue(fr, ins.Y))

            case *ssa.Call:
                args := p.prepareCall(fr, &ins.Call)
                fr.env[ins] = p.runFunc(ins.Call.Value, args)

            case *ssa.Return:
                switch len(ins.Results) {
                    case 0:
                    case 1:
                        fr.result = p.getValue(fr, ins.Results[0])
                    default:
                        panic("multi-return is not supported")
                }
                fr.block = nil
                return
            }
        }
    }

    fr.block = nil
}
```

```
• package test.go:
    func add      func(i int, j int) int
    var i         int
    func init     func()
    var init$guard bool
    func main     func()

# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:10:6
func main():
    0:
        *i = 24:int
        t0 = *i
        t1 = add(2:int, 4:int)
        t2 = 3:int * t1
        t3 = t0 + t2
        t4 = println("The answer is:":string, t3)
        return
    entry P:0 S:0
        int
        int
        int
        int
        ()

# Name: test.go.add
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:6:6
func add(i int, j int) int:
    0:
        t0 = i + j
        return t0
    entry P:0 S:0
        int
```

# SSA 解释执行

```
package main

func add(i int, j int) int{
    return i + j
}

func main() {
    var i int
    if add(3, 5) < 9{
        i = 13
    } else{
        i = 42
    }
    println(i)
}
```

```
func main():
0:                                     entry P:0 S:2
    t0 = add(3:int, 5:int)             int
    t1 = t0 < 9:int                    bool
    if t1 goto 1 else 3
1:                                     if.then P:1 S:1
    jump 2
2:                                     if.done P:2 S:0
    t2 = phi [1: 13:int, 3: 42:int] #i  int
    t3 = println(t2)                  ()
    return
3:                                     if.else P:1 S:1
    jump 2
```

main \*ssa.Function

Blocks[0] →

```
Instrs[0] *ssa.Call(add)
Instrs[1] *ssa.Binop(<)
Instrs[2] *ssa.If
Instrs[3] *ssa.Return
```

Blocks[1] →

```
Instrs[0] *ssa.Jump
```

Blocks[2] →

```
Instrs[0] *ssa.Phi
Instrs[1] *ssa.Call(println)
Instrs[2] *Return
```

Blocks[3] →

```
Instrs[0] *ssa.Jump
```

# SSA 解释执行

```
func (p *Engine) runFrame(fr *Frame) {
    for i := 0; i < len(fr.block.Instrs); i++ {
        switch ins := fr.block.Instrs[i].(type) {
            case *ssa.If:
                if p.getValue(fr, ins.Cond).(bool) {
                    //println("if:true, goto block:", fr.block.Succs[0].String())
                    fr.prevBlock, fr.block = fr.block, fr.block.Succs[0] // true
                } else {
                    //println("if:false, goto block:", fr.block.Succs[1].String())
                    fr.prevBlock, fr.block = fr.block, fr.block.Succs[1] // false
                }
            case *ssa.Jump:
                //println("jump to block:", fr.block.Succs[0].String())
                fr.prevBlock, fr.block = fr.block, fr.block.Succs[0]
                return
            case *ssa.Phi:
                for i, pred := range ins.Block().Preds {
                    if fr.prevBlock == pred {
                        fr.env[ins] = p.getValue(fr, ins.Edges[i])
                        break
                    }
                }
        }
    }
}
```

```
func main():
0:                                     entry P:0 S:2
    t0 = add(3:int, 5:int)             int
    t1 = t0 < 9:int                    bool
    if t1 goto 1 else 3
1:                                     if.then P:1 S:1
    jump 2
2:                                     if.done P:2 S:0
    t2 = phi [1: 13:int, 3: 42:int] #1  int
    t3 = println(t2)                   ()
    return
3:                                     if.else P:1 S:1
    jump 2
```



# SSA 解释执行

```
package main

func add(i int, j int) int{
    return i + j
}

func fib(i0, i1, n int) (ret int) {
    print(i1, " ")
    if n <= 2 {
        ret = i0 + i1
    } else {
        ret = fib(i1, i0+i1, n-1)
    }
    return
}

func main() {
    var i int
    if add(3, 5) < 9{
        i = 13
    } else{
        i = 42
    }
    println(fib(0, 1, i))
}
```

```
# Name: test.go.main
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:18:6
func main():
0:                                     entry P:0 S:2
    t0 = add(3:int, 5:int)             int
    t1 = t0 < 9:int                    bool
    if t1 goto 1 else 3
1:                                     if.then P:1 S:1
    jump 2
2:                                     if.done P:2 S:0
    t2 = phi [1: 13:int, 3: 42:int] #i  int
    t3 = fib(0:int, 1:int, t2)         int
    t4 = println(t3)                  ()
    return
3:                                     if.else P:1 S:1
    jump 2

# Name: test.go.fib
# Package: test.go
# Location: test.go:8:6
func fib(i0 int, i1 int, n int) (ret int):
0:                                     entry P:0 S:2
    t0 = print(i1, " ":string)        ()
    t1 = n <= 2:int                    bool
    if t1 goto 1 else 3
1:                                     if.then P:1 S:1
    t2 = i0 + i1                       int
    jump 2
2:                                     if.done P:2 S:0
    t3 = phi [1: t2, 3: t6] #ret       int
    return t3
3:                                     if.else P:1 S:1
    t4 = i0 + i1                       int
    t5 = n - 1:int                     int
    t6 = fib(i1, t4, t5)               int
    jump 2

1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233
```

# SSA 解释执行

ssa.Alloc	ssa.Phi	ssa.Call
ssa.BinOp	ssa.UnOp	ssa.ChangeType
ssa.Convert	ssa.ChangeInterface	ssa.MakeInterface
ssa.MakeClosure	ssa.MakeMap	ssa.MakeChan
ssa.MakeSlice	ssa.Slice	ssa.FieldAddr
ssa.Field	ssa.IndexAddr	ssa.Index
ssa.Lookup	ssa.Select	ssa.Range
ssa.Next	ssa.TypeAssert	ssa.Extract
ssa.Jump	ssa.If	ssa.Return
ssa.RunDefers	ssa.Panic	ssa.Go
ssa.Defer	ssa.Send	ssa.Store
ssa.MapUpdate		

# 基于 SSA 的应用

---

脚本解释器

# 基于 SSA 的应用

```
const src = `
package main

func main() {
    println("Hello, GoCN!")
    println("The answer is:", 42)
}
`

func main() {
    ...
}
```

```
int main() {
    printf("%s\n", "Hello, GoCN!");
    printf("%s%d\n", "The answer is:", 42);
    return 0;
}
```

```
func runFunc(fn *ssa.Function) {
    fmt.Printf("int %s() {\n", fn.Name())
    defer fmt.Println("\treturn 0;\n}")

    // 从第0个Block开始执行
    if len(fn.Blocks) > 0 { ...
    }

    func callBuiltin(fn *ssa.Builtin, args ...ssa.Value) {
        switch fn.Name() {
        case "println":
            var format, data bytes.Buffer
            format.WriteRune(' ')
            for i := 0; i < len(args); i++ {
                data.WriteString(", ")
                switch arg := args[i].(type) {
                case *ssa.Const: // 处理常量参数
                    if t, ok := arg.Type().Underlying().(*types.Basic); ok {
                        switch t.Kind() {
                        case types.Int, types.UntypedInt:
                            format.WriteString("%d")
                            fmt.Fprintf(&data, "%d", int(arg.Int64()))
                        case types.String:
                            format.WriteString("%s")
                            fmt.Fprintf(&data, "%s", constant.StringVal(arg.Value))
                        default:
                            // 其它常量类型, 暂不支持
                            panic("Not Implemented.")
                        }
                    }
                default:
                    // 暂不支持非常量参数
                    panic("Not Implemented.")
                }
            }
            format.WriteString("\n")
            fmt.Printf("\tprintf(%s);\n", format.String(), data.String())
        }
    }
}
```



“

谢谢!

