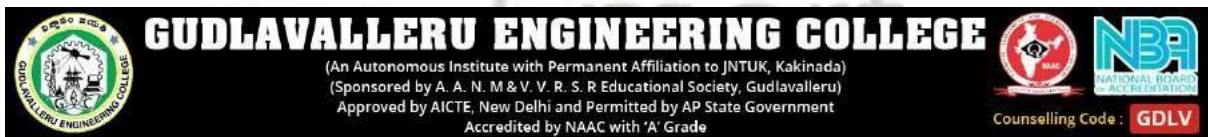


Internship Program Report

By

UMMANABOYINA GOPI KRISHNA –18481A0291



In association with



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Introduction

Internship program arranged by GUDLAVALLERU ENGINEERING COLLEGE in association with Smart Internz, Hyderabad for the benefit of 3rd year EEE batch 2018-2022 on Electrical Detailed design Engineering for Oil& Gas, Power and Utility industrial sectors.

Program organiser

Smart Bridge, Hyderabad.

Pioneer in organising Internships, knowledge workshops, debates, hackathons, Technical



sessions and Industrial Automation projects.

Courtesy

Dr. Sri B. Dasu – HOD – EEE, GEC

Mr. G. Srinivasa Rao – Internship coordinator

Mr. Ramesh V - Mentor

Mr. Vinay Kumar - System Support

Mr. Harikanth – Software/Technical Support

Program details

Smart Internz program schedule: 4 weeks starting from 3rd May 2021

Daily schedule time shall be 4PM to 6.30PM

Mode of Classes: On line through ZOOM

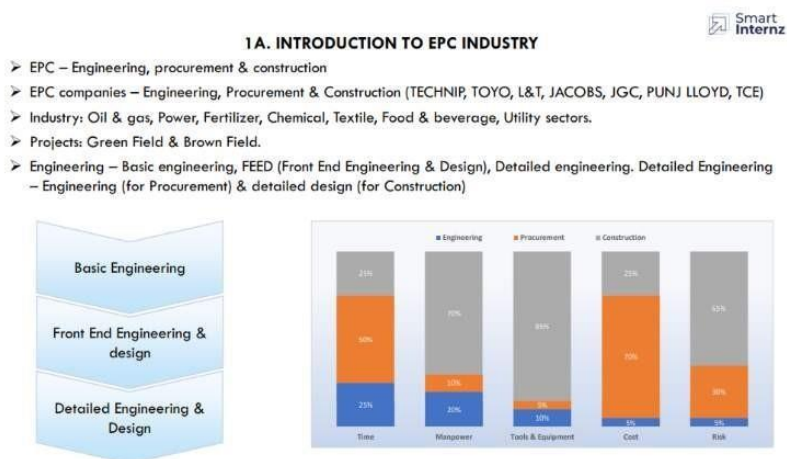
Presenter: Mr Ramesh V

Internship program

We have been given the opportunity to learn and interact with industry experienced engineering specialist to learn the Electrical detailed design engineering for various industrial sectors.

3rd May2021: Introduction to EPC Industry

1	EPC Industry & Electrical Detailed Engineering	EPC Industry	Introduction
		Engineering	Types of Engineering
		Procurement	Engineering role in procurement
		Construction	Engineering role during construction



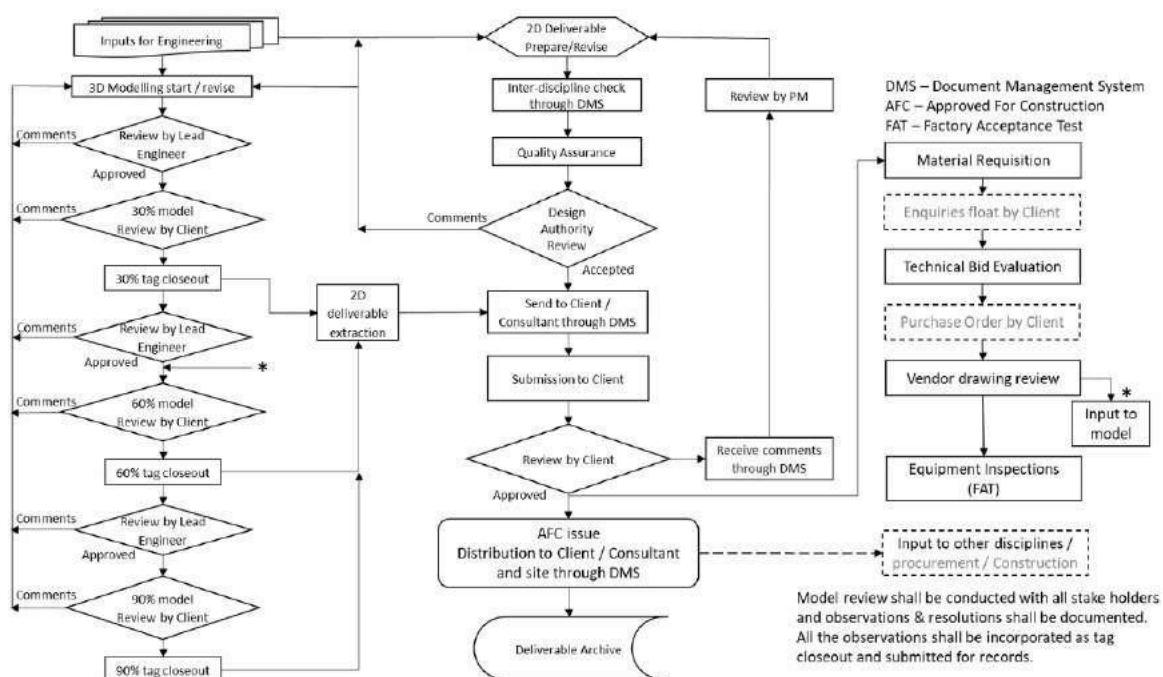
Topic details:

Engineering phases, Engineering deliverables (drawings & documents) list, Design Engineer role at various phases of project.

4th May2021: Engineering documentation for EPC projects

2	Electrical Design Documentation	Engineering Deliverables list	Sequence of deliverables
		Detailed Engineering work flow	Detailed engineering process
		Document transmission	Document submission and info exchange
		Deliverables types	Different types of deliverables

3. ELECTRICAL DESIGN & DETAILED ENGINEERING - PROCESS



Topic details:

Engineering deliverables list, detailed engineering flow, engineering support flow, engineering support to procurements.

5 th May2021: Engineering documentation for commands and formulae

3	Document & Drawing tools	MS Word	Report / Calculations formats
		MS Excel	Basic excel commands
		Autocad	Basic line diagrams and layout commends

3C. AUTOCAD BASIC COMMANDS



A AUTOCAD BASIC KEYS							
STANDARD		DRAW		MODIFY		FORMAT	
NEW	Ctrl+N	LINE	L	ERASE	E	PROPERTIES	MO
OPEN	Ctrl+O	RAY	RAY	COPY	CO	SELECT COLOR	COL
SAVE	Ctrl+S	PLINE	PL	MIRROR	MI	LAYER	LA
PLOT	Ctrl+P	3DPOLY	3P	OFFSET	O	LINETYPE	LT
PLOT PREVIEW	PRE	POLIGONE	POL	ARRAY	AR	LINEWEIGHTS	LW
CUT	Ctrl+X	RECTANGLE	REC	MOVE	M	LT SCALE	LTS
COPY	Ctrl+C	ARC	A	ROTATE	RO	LIST	LI
PASTE	Ctrl+V	CIRCLE	C	SCALE	SC	DIMEN. STYLE	D
MATCH PROPE.	MA	SPLINE	SPL	STRECH	S	RENAME	REN
CLOSE	Ctrl+F4	ELLIPSE	EL	TRIM	TR	OPTION	OP
EXIT	Ctrl+Q	BLOCK	B	EXTENED	EX		
		POINT	PO	BRAKE	BR		
		HATCH	H	CHAMFER	CHA		
		GRADIENT	GD	FILLET	F		
		REGION	REG	EXPLODE	X		
		BOUNDARY	BO				
		DONUT	DO				

EXTRA				DRAFTING		PAPER SIZE
UNIT	UN	UCS	UCS	ORTHO	F8, Ctrl+L	A4=210*297
LIMITS	LIMITS	SINGLE TEXT	DT	OSNAP	F3, Ctrl+F	A3=297*420
(0,0;1000,1000)		MULTILINE TEXT	MT	POLAR	F10, Ctrl+U	A2=420*594
ZOOM	Z	EDIT TEXT	ED	GRID	F7, Ctrl+G	A1=594*841
ALL	A	OBJECT SNAP	OB	OTRACK	F11	A0=841*1189
PAN	P	DIMENTION	DIM	SNAP	F9	
CLEAN SCREEN	Ctrl+0	HORIZONTAL	HOR			
COMMAND WIN	Ctrl+9	VERTICAL	VER			

Topic details:

Here we need to learn the basis of the autocadbasic keys like standard, modify, draw, format, papersize etc..

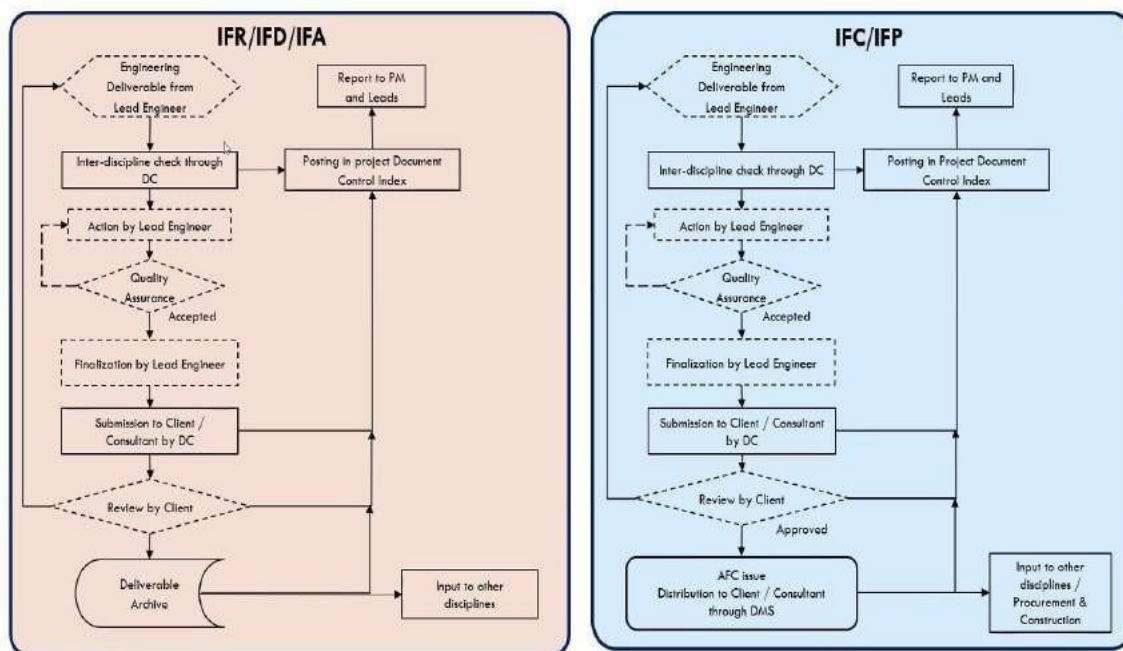
7 th May2021: Engineering documentation for Electrical system design

4	Electrical system design for a small small project	Overall plant description
		Sequence of approach
		Approach to detailed design

Topic details:



1C. DETAILED ENGINEERING



Here we observed that how to do a project and Sequence of approach, Approach to detail design and Overall plant distribution system.

11th May2021: Classification of Transformers and Generators

6	Classification of Transformers and Generators	Different types of Transformers	Different types of Generators
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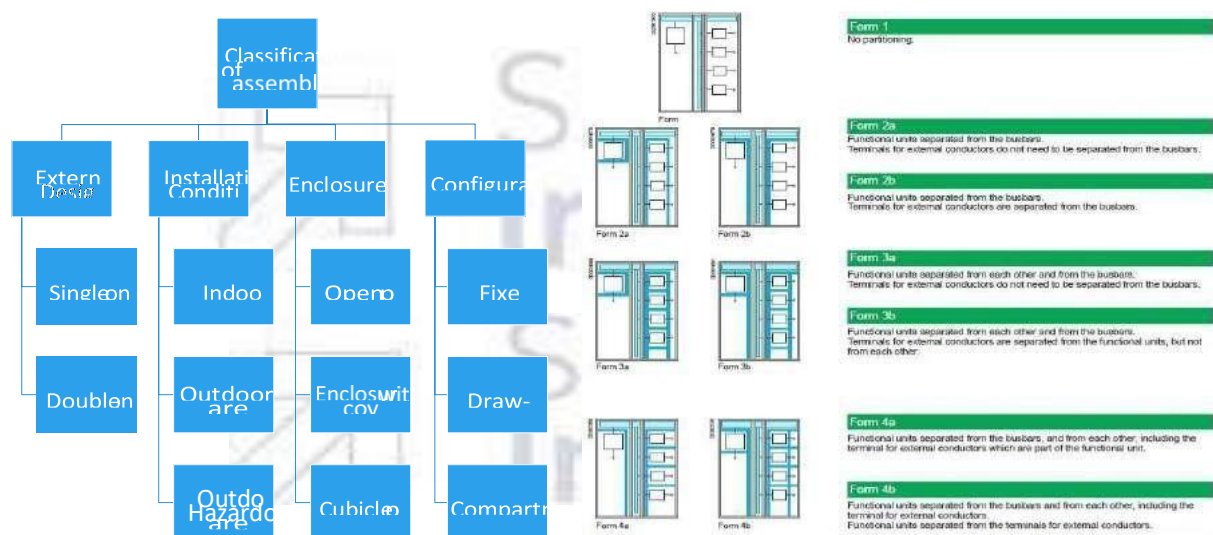


Topic details:

Classification of Transformers and Generators

12th May2021: Classification of Switchgare construction and power factor improvement

7	Classification of Switchgare construction and power factor improvement	Different types of Switchgare assemblies	Power factor improvement
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Topic details:

Classification of Switchgare contruction and Power Factor Improvement

17th May2021: Detailing about UPS system and Busducts.

8	Detailing about UPS system and Busducts	Uninterruptible power supply system	Busducts of the system
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110V or 220V DC
UPS System

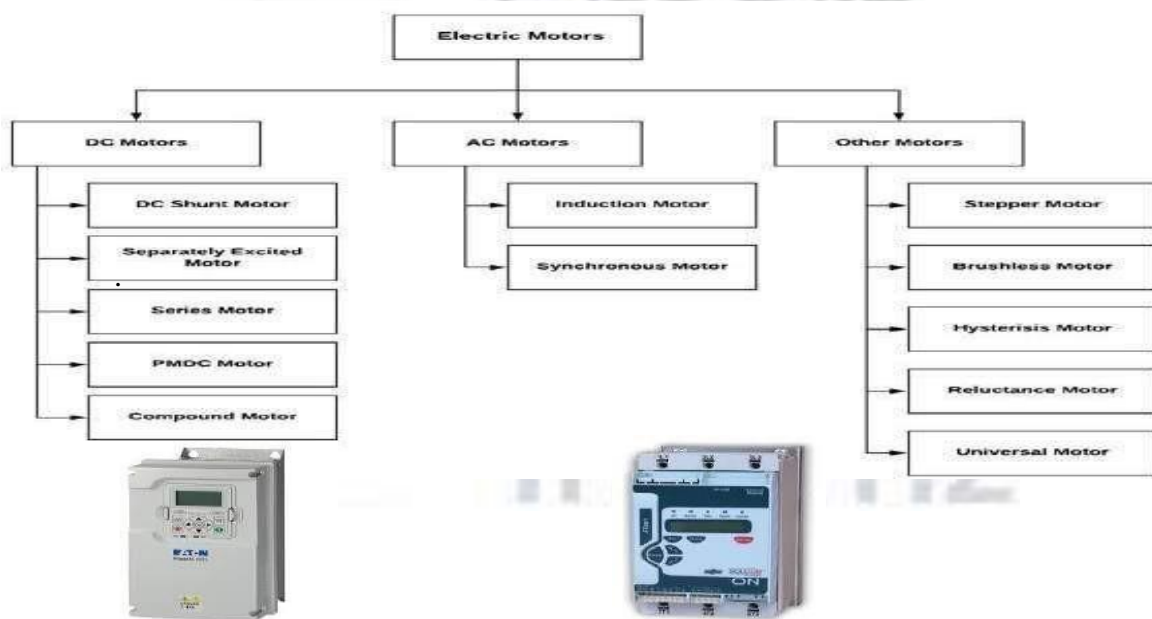
110V or 230V
AC UPS System

Topic details: Power distribution of UPS system and Busducts.

UPS systems are designed to provide continuous power to a load, even with an interruption or loss of utility supply power. UPS generally involves a balance of cost Vs need.

18th May2021: Detailing about Motor Starters and Sizing of motors.

9	Detailing about Motor Starters and Sizing of motors	Motor starters and drives	Sizing and selection of motors
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Topic details: Detailing about Motor Starter and Sizing of motors and their selection.

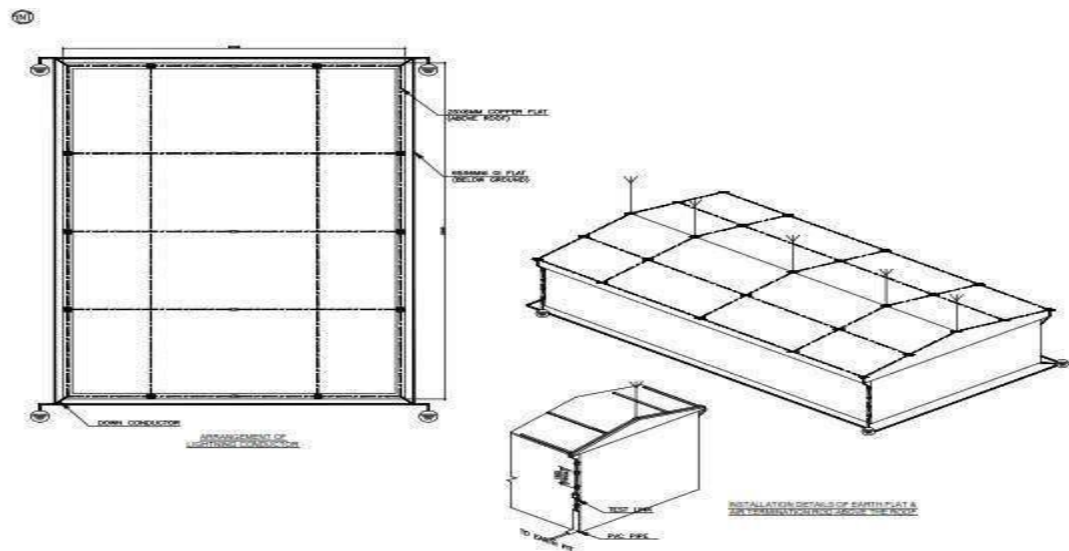
The principal function of a motor starter is to start and stop the respective motor connected with specially designed electromechanical switches which are similar in some ways to relays. The main difference between a relay and a starter is that a starter has overload protection for the motor that is missing in a relay.

Different types of motor starters are as follows:

- Direct-On-Line Starter
- Rotor Resistance Starter
- Stator Resistance Starter
- Auto Transformer Starter

19th May2021: Discribing about Earthing system and Lighting Protection.

10	Discribing about Earthing system and Lighting Protection.	Plant Earthing system	Lighting Protection materials
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Topic details: Discribing about Earthing system and Lighting Protection.

Lightning protection required for high rise structures and important buildings against lightning currents during thunder storms. Primarily Lightning protection system calculations are done based on soil resistivity, conductor material, coverage structure / Building to determine whether lightning protection is required or not.

20th May2021: Lighting or illumination systems and calculations.

11	Lighting or Illumination systems and Calculations	Lighting or illumination systems	Lighting calculations
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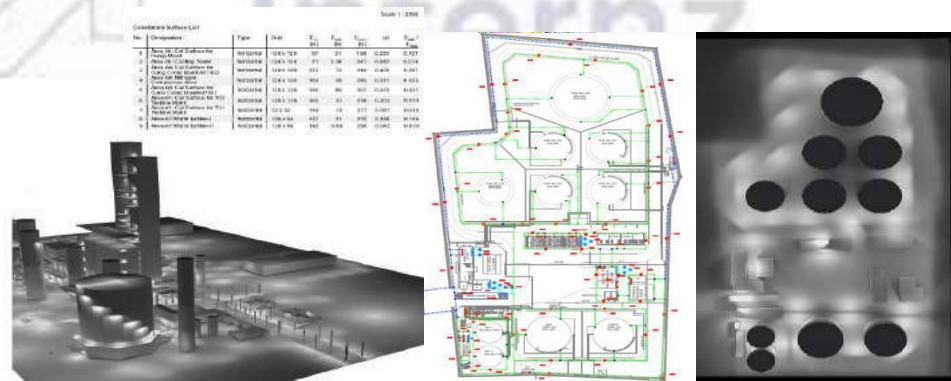
Topic details: Lighting or Illumination systems and Calculations.

All outdoor lighting fittings shall be connected with armoured PVC cable of suitable no. of cores and size. Necessary type and no. of junction boxes shall be provided for branch connections. Indoor light fittings shall be connected with FRLS PVC wires laid in cable trunks or conduits.

Inputs required: Equipment and cable routing layouts, lighting calculations, Design basis for type of light fittings to be used, required lux levels

Lighting calculations software: Dialux, Chalmrite, Calculux, Relux, Luxicon,

CG Lux Applicable Standards: IS 6665: Code of practice for industrial



lighting, IS 3646: Code

of practice for interior illumination, IEC 60598: Luminaires, IEC 62493: Assessment of lighting equipment related to human exposure to electromagnetic field

Deliverables: Indoor Lighting layouts, socket outlet layouts, Street lighting and area lighting layouts. BOQ.

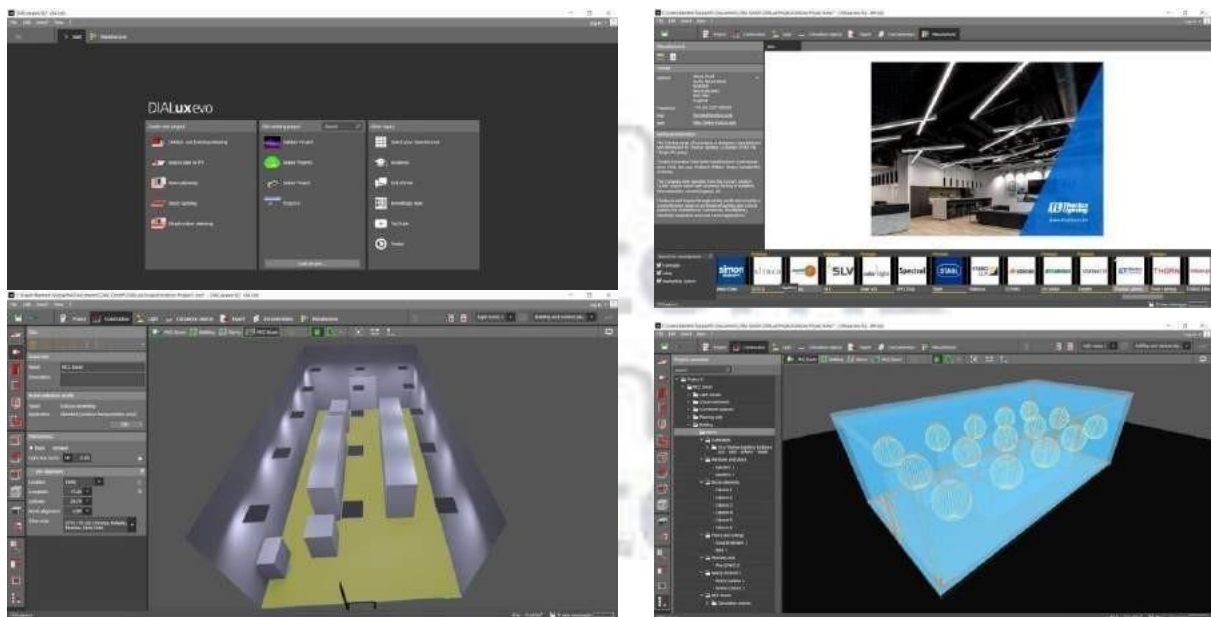
Types of light fittings: Industrial, flame proof type (EX d), increased safety type (Ex e).

21th May2021: Lighting or illumination systems using DIALUX software.

12	Lighting or Illumination using DIALUX software	Lighting or illumination systems	Operation of dialux software
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Topic details: Lighting or Illumination Calculations using DIALUX software.

Here we are using this Dialux evo 5.9.2 software windows to construct the power plant and we can perform the operation from this software.



24th May2021: Cabling and their calculations and types.

13	Cabling and their types and claculations	Cabling calculations	Types of cabling materials
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Topic details: Cabling and their types and claculations .



Electrical cables must be properly supported to relieve mechanical stresses on the conductors, and protected from harsh conditions such as abrasion which might degrade the insulation.

Cables generally laid in the cable trays above ground, direct buried underground and in metallic or PVC conduits. Derating factors may be applicable for each type of cable laying conditions.

25th May2021: Cabling calculations and Cable gland selection.

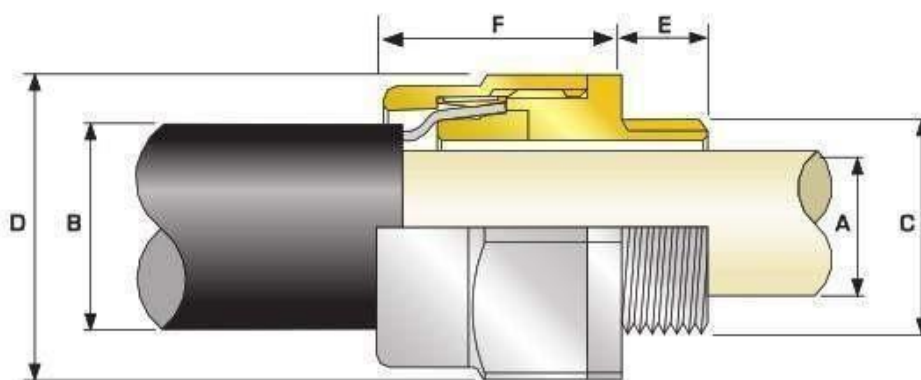
14	Cabling calculations and cable gland selection	Cabling calculations	Cable gland selection
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Topic details: Cable sizing calculation and cable gland selection.

Inputs required: Load List, Design basis, Electrical equipment layout, cable schedule, vendor catalogues for cable tray.

Cable tray sizing shall be performed for each branch of cable tray routing up to the load point. Results shall be checked with specified limits mentioned in design basis.

Cable gland:



Cable Gland Selection Table

Refer to illustration at the top of the page.

Cable Gland Size	Available Entry Threads "C" (Alternate Metric Thread Lengths Available)		Cable Bedding Diameter "A"	Overall Cable Diameter "B"	Armour Range		Across Flats "D"	Across Corners "D"	Protrusion Length "F"
	Metric	Thread Length (Metric) "E"	Max	Max	Min	Max	Max	Max	
20S16	M20	10.0	8.7	13.2	0.8	1.25	24.0	26.4	35.2
20S	M20	10.0	11.7	15.9	0.8	1.25	24.0	26.4	32.2
20	M20	10.0	14.0	20.9	0.8	1.25	30.5	33.6	30.6
25	M25	10.0	20.0	26.2	1.25	1.6	36.0	39.6	36.4
32	M32	10.0	26.3	33.9	1.6	2.0	46.0	50.6	32.6
40	M40	15.0	32.2	40.4	1.6	2.0	55.0	60.5	36.6
50S	M50	15.0	38.2	46.7	2.0	2.5	60.0	66.0	39.6
50	M50	15.0	44.1	53.1	2.0	2.5	70.1	77.1	39.1
63S	M63	15.0	50.0	59.4	2.0	2.5	75.0	82.5	52.0
63	M63	15.0	56.0	65.9	2.0	2.5	80.0	88.0	49.8
75S	M75	15.0	62.0	72.1	2.0	2.5	90.0	99.0	63.7
75	M75	15.0	68.0	78.5	2.5	3.0	100.0	110.0	57.3
90	M90	24.0	80.0	90.4	3.15	4.0	114.3	125.7	66.6

28 th May2021: Load calculations and Transformer sizing calculations

15	Load calculations and TR calculations	Load calculations	TR calculations
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Topic details:

List of electrical load calculations.

Assignment - 1																			
ELECTRICAL LOAD CALCULATIONS LV MCC																			
Sl. No.	Equipment No.	Equipment Description	Breaker Rating	Breaker Type	Breaker No. of Poles	S.C.B. Rating	Assumed Load		Motor / Load Rating	Load Factor (A3/B3)	Efficiency at Load Factor (%)	Power Factor at Load Factor (%)	kW = (A) / (B)		Consumed Load		kVAR = kW x tan φ		Remarks
							(A)	(B)					Continuous	Intermittent	Continuous	Intermittent	Continuous	Intermittent	
1	PU 214-1	Office filter feed pump					08.93	75.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75	71.95	16.25					
2	PU 214-2	Automatic blow-off pump (WB)					16.27	25.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75	21.3	17.1					
3	PU 214-3	Automatic blow-off pump (WB)					10.00	10.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75							18.2
4	PU 214-4	Feed Pump (Generator)					07.34	75.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75	79.4	50.8					14.7
5	PU 214-5	Water (L2)					27.54	75.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75	79.4	50.8					
6	MS 2100	M2100 (2)					27.54	75.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75	79.4	50.8					75.8
7	PU 214-6	Water (L2)					27.54	75.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75	79.4	50.8					89.0
8	PU 214-7	Water (L2)					0.04	7.50	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75			2.3	2.1			
9	PU 214-8	Water (L2)					0.04	7.50	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75			7.58	7.23			
10	PU 214-9	Water (L2)					0.04	7.50	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75			7.58	7.23			
11	AD 214-10	Control panel, agitator (2)					4.61	25.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75							5.8
12	AD 214-11	Control panel, agitator (2)					17.24	25.00	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75			15.25	15.75			
13	AD 214-12	Left of reaction vessel agitator					0.59	0.25	0.74	0.84	0.78	0.78			0.66	0.18			
14	AD 214-13	Left of reaction vessel agitator					0.59	0.25	0.74	0.84	0.78	0.78			0.66	0.18			
15	AD 214-14	Left of reaction vessel agitator					11.37	18.00	0.75	0.80	0.80	0.80			7.05	7.19			
16	AG 214-1	Soap Add-on Tank Agitator													13.98	12.82			

29th May2021: DG set calculations

16	DG set calculations
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Topic details:

Transformer and DG set calculations,types ,sizing or selections

Assignment - 3 DG SIZING CALCULATIONS		
Design Data		
Rated Voltage	415	KV
Power factor (Cosφ)	0.77	Avg
Efficiency	0.89	Avg
Total operating load on DG set in kVA at 0.77 power factor	409.4	
Largest motor to start in the sequence - load in KW	75	KW
Running kVA of last motor (Cosφ= 0.91)	109	KVA
Starting current ratio of motor	6	(Considering starting method as Soft starter)
Starting KVA of the largest motor (Running kVA of last motor X Starting current ratio of motor)	657	KVA
Base load of DG set in KVA (Total operating load in kVA – Running kVA of last motor)	300	KVA
A Continuous operation under load -P1		
Capacity of DG set based on continuous operation under load P1	300	KVA
B Transient Voltage dip during starting of Last motor P2		
Total momentary load in KVA (Starting KVA of the last motor+Base load of DG set in KVA)	957	KVA
Subtransient Reactance of Generator (Xd'')	7.91%	(Assumed)
Transient Reactance of Generator (Xd')	10.065%	(Assumed)
$X_d'' = (X_d' + X_d')/2$	0.089675	
Transient Voltage Dip	15%	(Max)
P2 – Total momentary load in KVA x X_d'' x (1-Transient Voltage Dip)	FALSE	KVA
Overload capacity P3		
Capacity of DG set required considering overload capacity Total momentary load in KVA		
overcurrent capacity of DG (K) (Ref: IS/IEC 60034-1, Clause 9.3.2)		
Capacity of DG set required considering overload capacity (P3)		
Total momentary load in KVA		
overcurrent capacity of DG (K)	957	KVA
Considering the last value amongst P1, P2 and P3		
Continuous operation under load -P1	150%	
Transient Voltage dip during Soft starter starting of Last motor P2 Overload capacity P3		
Considering the last value amongst P1, P2 and P3	638	KVA
	300	KVA
	FALSE	KVA
	636	KVA
	638	KVA

2nd june2021: Caluculations of Earthing and Lighting protection.

17	Calculation of Earthing and Lighting protection calculations	Earthing calculations	Lighting protection calculation
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Topic details:

Calculation of Earthing and Lighting protection calculations

Assignment -5			
Lightning protection			
Location	14		
Building	14		
Type of building	Structural, industrial		
Building length (L)	15		
Building breadth (W)	7		
Building height (H)	3		
Risk factor calculation			
1 Collection Area (A _c)			
$A_c = 3.14 \times H \times H + 2(H \times L)$			
$A_c = 3.14 \times 3 \times 3 + 2(3 \times 15)$			
$A_c = 188.5$			
2 Probability of Being Struck (P)			
$P = A_c \times N_g \times 10^{-5}$			
$P = 0.00035513$			
3 Overall weighing factor			
a) Use of structure (A)			
b) Type of construction (B)			
c) Contents or consequential effects (C)			
d) Degree of isolation (D)			
e) Type of country (E)			
$W_o = A \times B \times C \times D \times E$			
$W_o = 0.096$			
4 Overall Risk Factor			
$P_R = P \times W_o$			
$P_R = 3.43824E-05$			
As per clause no. 9.7 of IS- 6651, suggested acceptable risk factor (P _a) has been taken as 10^{-5}			
Since $P_R > P_a$ lightning protection required.			
5 Air Terminations			
Perimeter of the building			
$2(L+W)$			
44			
6 Down Conductors			
Perimeter of building			
No. of down conductor based on perimeter			
36			
Since 3 nos. of Down conductor have been selected.			
Size of Down conductor			
(As per IS-6651, lightning currents have very short duration, therefore thermal factors are of little consequence in deciding the cross-section of the conductor. The minimum size of Down conductors = 20mm x 2.5 mm Galvanized Steel Strip)			
20×2.5 mm Galvanized Steel Strip			

Earthing calculation

The data taken from IEEE 80-3000 th clause 14.2.1 Table-1 for class II rod:	
K ₀ - Factor of OC	369
T ₀ - Maximum allowable temperature for copper conductor in OC	410
T ₀ - Maximum allowable temperature for copper conductor in OC	202
I _c - Short circuit current duration sec	1
I _{sc} - RMS fault current in KA = 20 KA	14
T ₀ - Ambient temperature in °C	22
ρ ₀ - Resistivity of ground conductor at 20 OC	30.10
ρ ₀ - Thermal co-efficient of resistivity at 20 OC	0.0025
$I^2 R = A^2 \times \left[\frac{L^2 \times \rho_0 \times 10^4}{1.732 \times 10^{-4}} \right] \times \left[\frac{K_0 + 1}{K_0 + 1.732} \right]$	
$I^2 R = A^2 \times \left[\frac{L^2 \times \rho_0 \times 10^4}{1.732 \times 10^{-4}} \right] \times \left[\frac{K_0 + 1}{K_0 + 1.732} \right]$	
A ₀ - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm	
Earth rod dia (including 32% corrosion allowance) in mm	
A ₀ - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm	114
A ₀ - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm	0.152
The data taken from IEEE 80-3000 th clause 14.2.1 Table-1 for class II rod:	
K ₀ - Factor of OC	369
T ₀ - Maximum allowable temperature for copper conductor in OC	410
T ₀ - Maximum allowable temperature for copper conductor in OC	202
I _c - Short circuit current duration sec	1
I _{sc} - RMS fault current in KA = 20 KA	14
T ₀ - Ambient temperature in °C	22
ρ ₀ - Resistivity of ground conductor at 20 OC	30.10
ρ ₀ - Thermal co-efficient of resistivity at 20 OC	0.0025
A ₀ - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm	
Earth rod dia (including 32% corrosion allowance) in mm	
A ₀ - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm	114
A ₀ - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm	0.152

5 th june 2021: Cable sizing and cable tray sizing calculations.

18	Cable sizing and cable tray sizing calculations	Cable sizing calculations	Cable tray calculation
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Topic details:

Cable sizing and cable tray sizing calculations for LV cables and MV/HV cables.

Assignment - 7
Cable tray sizing

LT CABLES									
CABLE TRAY: FROM		LT-4		TO	LT-5				
Sr. No.	Cable Route (From-To)	Type & Cable Size	Size of Cable (mm2)	No. of Cable	Overall Diameter of each Cable (mm)	Sum of Cable OD (mm)	Self Weight of Cable (Kg/Mt)	Total Weight of Cable (Kg/Mt)	Remarks
1	PU2315	4	50	1	46	29	3.25	3.25	
2	PU 2314A	4	25	1	14	22	1.4	1.4	
3	PU2324	4	6	1	46	18	0.9	0.9	
4	PU2305	4	70	1	14	29	3.25	3.25	
5	MX2305	4	70	1	46	29	3.25	3.25	
6	MX2308	4	70	1	14	29	3.25	3.25	
7	BW2313	4	35	1	22	24	1.8	1.8	
8	SC2314	4	10	1	22	18	0.9	0.9	
9	AG2324A	4	6	1	40	18	0.9	0.9	
10	AG2305	4	25	1	26	22	1.4	1.4	
11	AG2309	4	10	1	26	18	0.9	0.9	
12	AG2310	4	10	1	26	18	0.9	0.9	
13	AG2314	4	16	1	28	21	1	1	

Assignment - 8

LT CABLES		LT-4		TO		LT-5			
Sr. No.	Description	Equipment No.	Description	Consumed Load (kW)	Line Rating (A)	No. of Phases	Total Load (kW)	Line Rating (A)	Line Rating (A)
1	LT-4	PU2315	Line Rating (A)	85.58	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
2	LT-4	PU2314A	Line Rating (A)	15.17	25	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
3	LT-4	PU2324	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
4	LT-4	PU2305	Line Rating (A)	85.58	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
5	LT-4	MX2305	Line Rating (A)	85.58	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
6	LT-4	MX2308	Line Rating (A)	85.58	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
7	LT-4	SC2314	Line Rating (A)	15.17	25	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
8	LT-4	AG2324A	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
9	LT-4	AG2305	Line Rating (A)	15.17	25	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
10	LT-4	AG2309	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
11	LT-4	AG2310	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
12	LT-4	AG2314	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
13	LT-4	AG2315	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
14	LT-4	AG2316	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
15	LT-4	AG2317	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
16	LT-4	AG2318	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
17	LT-4	AG2319	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
18	LT-4	AG2320	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
19	LT-4	AG2321	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
20	LT-4	AG2322	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
21	LT-4	AG2323	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
22	LT-4	AG2324	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
23	LT-4	AG2325	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
24	LT-4	AG2326	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
25	LT-4	AG2327	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
26	LT-4	AG2328	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
27	LT-4	AG2329	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
28	LT-4	AG2330	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
29	LT-4	AG2331	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
30	LT-4	AG2332	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
31	LT-4	AG2333	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
32	LT-4	AG2334	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
33	LT-4	AG2335	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
34	LT-4	AG2336	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
35	LT-4	AG2337	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
36	LT-4	AG2338	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
37	LT-4	AG2339	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
38	LT-4	AG2340	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
39	LT-4	AG2341	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
40	LT-4	AG2342	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
41	LT-4	AG2343	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
42	LT-4	AG2344	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
43	LT-4	AG2345	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
44	LT-4	AG2346	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
45	LT-4	AG2347	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
46	LT-4	AG2348	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
47	LT-4	AG2349	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
48	LT-4	AG2350	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
49	LT-4	AG2351	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
50	LT-4	AG2352	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
51	LT-4	AG2353	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
52	LT-4	AG2354	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
53	LT-4	AG2355	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
54	LT-4	AG2356	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
55	LT-4	AG2357	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
56	LT-4	AG2358	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
57	LT-4	AG2359	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
58	LT-4	AG2360	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
59	LT-4	AG2361	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
60	LT-4	AG2362	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
61	LT-4	AG2363	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
62	LT-4	AG2364	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
63	LT-4	AG2365	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
64	LT-4	AG2366	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
65	LT-4	AG2367	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
66	LT-4	AG2368	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
67	LT-4	AG2369	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
68	LT-4	AG2370	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
69	LT-4	AG2371	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
70	LT-4	AG2372	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
71	LT-4	AG2373	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
72	LT-4	AG2374	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
73	LT-4	AG2375	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
74	LT-4	AG2376	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
75	LT-4	AG2377	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
76	LT-4	AG2378	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
77	LT-4	AG2379	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
78	LT-4	AG2380	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
79	LT-4	AG2381	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
80	LT-4	AG2382	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
81	LT-4	AG2383	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
82	LT-4	AG2384	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
83	LT-4	AG2385	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
84	LT-4	AG2386	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
85	LT-4	AG2387	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
86	LT-4	AG2388	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
87	LT-4	AG2389	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
88	LT-4	AG2390	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
89	LT-4	AG2391	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
90	LT-4	AG2392	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
91	LT-4	AG2393	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
92	LT-4	AG2394	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
93	LT-4	AG2395	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
94	LT-4	AG2396	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
95	LT-4	AG2397	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
96	LT-4	AG2398	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
97	LT-4	AG2399	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
98	LT-4	AG2400	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
99	LT-4	AG2401	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1
100	LT-4	AG2402	Line Rating (A)	4.09	15	455	110.1	110.1	110.1

Notes:

1. Overall density factor $\rho = 1.1 \times 1.2 \times 1.3 \times 1.4$

(1) Density factor for variation in ambient temperature

(2) Density factor for depth of laying

(3) Density factor for spacing between lines

(4) Density factor for variation in internal resistance of conductors

2. LT-4: (1) Density factor for variation in internal resistance of conductors

3. Cable type: (1) Density factor for variation in internal resistance of conductors

4. Effect of frequency variation $\pm 5\%$

5. Combined effect of voltage & frequency variation $\pm 5\%$

Conclusion

We have been taught many aspects of engineering activities during the EPC stages for all electrical and related other disciplines also.

Feedback

Smart Bridge

They conduct summer internships, work shops, debates, hackthons, technical sessions.

Method of conducting program

Online virtual program with presentation slides and explanation on the topic and practical usage of topic and with some examples.

Program highlights

It is for the detailed design of any industrial sectors.

Material

The material was good .

Benefits

It has been given the opportunity to learn and interact with industry experienced engineering specialist to learn the Electrical detailed design engineering for various industrial sectors.

Assignment - 1

ELECTRICAL LOAD CALCULATIONS LV MCC

Sl. No.	Equipment No.	Equipment Description	Breaker Rating	Breaker Type	Breaker No. of Poles	ELCB Rating	Absorbed Load	Motor / Load Rating	Load Factor [A] / [B]	Efficiency at Load Factor [C]	Power Factor at Load Factor [C]	Consumed Load		kVAR = kW x tan φ		Remarks			
							[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]	cos φ	Continuous		Intermittent			Stand-by		
							kW	kW	decimal	decimal		kW	kVAR	kW	kVAR		kW	kVAR	
			A			mA													
1	PU2315	Silica filter feed pump					66.68	75.00	0.89	0.93	0.82	71.70	50.05						
2	PU 2314-A	Absorbesnt/Neutral oil pump (W)					19.37	22.00	0.88	0.91	0.78	21.3	17.1						
3	PU 2314 -B	Absorbesnt/Neutral oil pump (S)					16.66	18.50	0.90	0.91	0.78					18.3	14.7		
4	PU2305	Feed Pump (Seperator)					67.34	75.00	0.90	0.93	0.82	72.4	50.5						
5	MX2305	MIXER (W)					67.86	75.00	0.90	0.93	0.82	73.0	50.9						
6	MX 2308	MIXER (S)					67.86	75.00	0.90	0.93	0.82					73.0	50.9		
7	BW2313	Blower					29.13	37.00	0.79	0.91	0.78	32.0	25.7						
8	Rotary valve	TK 2313B (I)					2.83	3.70	0.76	0.85	0.73			3.3	3.1				
9	SC2314	Screw conveyor (I)					6.54	7.50	0.87	0.85	0.73			7.69	7.20				
10	AG 2324A	Citric acid tan agitator (W)					4.91	7.50	0.65	0.85	0.73	5.78	5.41						
11	AG 2324B	Citric acid tank agitator (S)					4.91	7.50	0.65	0.85	0.73					5.8	5.4		
12	AG 2305	Citric oil rection vessol agitator					17.87	22.00	0.81	0.91	0.78	19.64	15.75						
13	AG 2309	Lye oil reaction vessel agitator					6.50	9.20	0.71	0.85	0.73	7.65	7.16						
14	AG 2310	Lye oil reaction vessel agitator					6.50	9.20	0.71	0.85	0.73	7.65	7.16						
15	AG 2314	Soap Adsorbant Tank Agitator					11.37	15.00	0.76	0.85	0.73	13.38	12.52						
	Maximum of normal running plant load : (Est. x%E + y%F)	327.8 kW										TOTAL	324.46	242.28	11.02	10.32	97.05	71.03	
	Peak Load : (Est. x%E + y%F + z%G)	337.5 kW										kVA	404.94		15.10		120.27		
	Assumptions																		
	1) Load factor, Efficiency and Power factor. Load Rating (kW) <= 20 Efficiency Power factor > 20 - <= 45 0.85 0.73 > 45 - < 150 0.91 0.78 >= 150 0.93 0.82 0.94 0.91 2) Coincidence factors x= 1.0, y= 0.3, and z=0.1 considered for contnious, intermittent and standby load.																		

Assignment - 2

Calculation for Transformer Capacity

Example of calculation for Transformer Capacity

Calculation for consumed load

Consumed loads used for this example are as follows :

	kW	kVar	kVA	
a. Continuous load	324.46	242.3	404.94	--- (i)
b. Intermittent load / Diversity Factor	11.2	10.3	15.23	--- (ii)
c. Stand-by load required as consumed load	97.5	71.0	120.63	--- (iii)

Max. Consumed load = ((i) + 30% (ii) + 10% (iii)) =	337.6	252.5	421.54
Future expansion load (20% capacity)	67.5	50.5	84.31
Total Load =	405.1	303.0	505.85

Calculation for 3.3kV / 0.433 kV transformer capacity

Max. Consumed load	=	421.5 kVA
Spare capacity	=	84.3 kVA
Required capacity	=	505.9 kVA
Transformer rated capacity	=	120 kVA

1.3 Voltage regulation check

During starting or reacceleration of max. capacity motor (3400 kW), while all the other loads running, the voltage regulation is as follows :

$$P_r = 409.4 \text{ KVA} \quad (\%Z) = 4 \quad \& \text{ Ratio } X/R = 3.3$$

$$\text{Hence, } \%R = 1.176 \%$$

$$\%X = 3.82 \%$$

$$P_M = 75 \text{ KW having } (K = 6 \& C = 1 \& \cos \theta = 0.81 \& \text{Eff.} \eta = 0.89 \& \cos \theta_s = 0.25$$

$$P_s = 624.22 \text{ KVA}$$

$$\cos \theta_s = 0.25, \text{Corresponding to Angle } \theta_s = 75.5225 \text{ Degrees for which } \sin \theta_s = 0.97$$

$$P_B = 421.5 \text{ KVA} \& \text{ PB in KW is } 358.275 \& P_B \text{ in Kvar } = 252.5 \therefore \cos \theta_B = 0.850$$

$$\cos \theta_B = 0.85, \text{Corresponding to Angle } \theta_B = 31.7883 \text{ Degrees, for which } \sin \theta_B = 0.53$$

$$P_{CP} = 514.33 \text{ KW}$$

$$P_{CQ} = 856.898 \text{ KVAR}$$

$$P_C = 999.405 \text{ KVA}$$

$$\cos \theta_C = 0.51464, \text{ where as } \sin \theta_C = 0.857$$

$$\text{Voltage Regulation } \varepsilon = 9.5 \%$$

Result: During starting of max. capacity motor, while all other loads are running, the voltage regulation at Transformer secondary terminals is approx. 5.3%, which meets the criteria to maintain less than 15% voltage regulation.

1.4 Selection of rated capacity

120 kVA transformer selected.

DG SIZING CALCULATIONS

Design Data		
Rated Voltage	415	KV
Power factor (CosØ)	0.77	Avg
Efficiency	0.89	Avg
Total operating load on DG set in kVA at 0.77 power factor	409.4	
Largest motor to start in the sequence - load in KW	75	KW
Running kVA of last motor (CosØ= 0.91)		KVA
	6	(Considering starting method as Soft starter)
Starting current ratio of motor		KVA
Starting KVA of the largest motor		
(Running kVA of last motor X Starting current ratio of motor)		
Base load of DG set in KVA		KVA
(Total operating load in kVA - Running kVA of last motor)		
A Continuous operation under load -P1		
Capacity of DG set based on continuous operation under load P1	300	KVA
B Transient Voltage dip during starting of Last motor P2		
Total momentary load in KVA		KVA
(Starting KVA of the last motor+Base load of DG set in KVA)		
Subtransient Reactance of Generator (Xd'')	7.91%	(Assumed)
Transient Reactance of Generator (Xd')	10.065%	(Assumed)
$X_d''' = (X_d'' + X_d')/2$	0.089875	
Transient Voltage Dip		
Transient Voltage dip during Soft starter starting of Last motor	15%	(Max)
$P2 = \text{Total momentary load in KVA} \times X_d''' \times (1 - \text{Transient Voltage Dip})$		
(Transient Voltage Dip)	FALSE	KVA
Overload capacity P3		
Capacity of DG set required considering overload capacity Total momentary load in KVA		
overcurrent capacity of DG (K) (Ref: IS/IEC 60034-1, Clause 9.3.2)		
Capacity of DG set required considering overload capacity (P3)	=	
Total momentary load in KVA		
overcurrent capacity of DG (K)	957	KVA
Considering the last value amongst P1, P2 and P3		
Continuous operation under load -P1	150%	
Transient Voltage dip during Soft starter starting of Last motor P2 Overload capacity P3		
Considering the last value amongst P1, P2 and P3		
	638	KVA
	300	KVA
	FALSE	KVA
	638	KVA
	638	KVA

Assignment - 4
Earthing calculation

2

Maximum line-to-ground fault in kA for 1 sec	14	
Earthing material (Earth rod & earth strip)	GI	
Depth of earth flat burial in meter	0.5	
Average depth / length of Earth rod in meters	4.5	
Soil resistivity Ω-meter	13	
Ambient temperature in deg C	55	
Plot dimensions (earth grid) L x B in meters	75	135
Number of earth rods in nos.	6	
Earth electrode sizing:		
Ac - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm		
αr - Thermal co-efficient of resistivity, at 20 oC	0.0032	
ρr - Resistivity of ground conductor at 20 oC	20.10	
Ta - Ambient Temperature is °C	55	
I _{lg} - RMS fault current in kA = 50 KA	14	
tc - Short circuit current duration sec	1	
Thermal capacity factor, TCAP J/(cm ³ .oC)	3.93	
Tm - Maximum allowable temperature for copper conductor, in oC	419	
K0 - Factor at oC	293	
The data taken from IEEE 80-2000, Clause 11.3, Table-1 for clad steel rod:		
	14 = Ac *	0.123
Ac - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm		114
	Earth rod dia in mm	12
	Earth rod dia (including 25% corrosion allowance) in mm	15

Earth flat sizing:

Ac - Required conductor cross section in sq.mm

$$I_{lg} = A_c \times \sqrt{\left[\frac{TCAP \times 10^{-4}}{t_c \times \alpha_r \times \rho_r} \right] \times \ln \left[\frac{K_0 + T_m}{K_0 + T_a} \right]}$$

$$I_{lg} = A_c \times \sqrt{\left[\frac{TCAP \times 10^{-4}}{t_c \times \alpha_r \times \rho_r} \right] \times \ln \left[\frac{K_0 + T_m}{K_0 + T_a} \right]}$$

αr - Thermal co-efficient of resistivity, at 20 oC	0.0032
ρr - Resistivity of ground conductor at 20 oC	20.10
Ta - Ambient Temperature is °C	55
I _{lg} - RMS fault current in kA = 50 KA	14
tc - Short circuit current duration sec	1
Thermal capacity factor, TCAP J/(cm ³ .oC)	3.93
Tm - Maximum allowable temperature for copper conductor, in oC	419
K0 - Factor at oC	293
The data taken from IEEE 80-2000, Clause 11.3, Table-1 for clad steel rod:	

Assignment -5

Lightning protection

	14
Location	Delhi
Building	Structural, Industrial
Type of Building	Triangle Roofs (c)
Building Length (L)	11
Building breadth (W)	7
Building Height (H)	5

Risk Factor Calculation

1 Collection Area (A_c)

$$A_c = 3.14 * h * h + 2(h * l) = 188.5$$

2 Probability of Being Struck (P)

$$P = A_c * N_g * 10^{-6} = 0.00035815$$

3 Overall weighing factor

a) Use of structure (A)	=	1.0
b) Type of construction (B)	=	0.4
c) Contents or consequential effects (C)	=	0.8
d) Degree of isolation (D)	=	1.0
e) Type of country (E)	=	0.3
Wo - Overall weighing factor	=	$A * B * C * D * E$
	=	0.096

4 Overall Risk Factor

Po	=	$P * Wo$
Po	=	$3.43824E-05$
Pa	=	10^{-5}

As per clause no. 9.7 of BS- 6651, suggested acceptable risk factor (Po) has been taken as 10^{-5}
 Since $Po > Pa$ lightning protection required.

5 Air Terminations

Perimeter of the building	=	$2(L+W)$	
	=	36	Mts.

6 Down Conductors

Perimeter of building	=	36	Mts.
No. of down conductors based on perimeter	=	2	Nos.

Hence 2 nos. of Down conductors have been selected.

Size of Down conductor	=	20 X 2.5 mm Galvanized Steel Strip
------------------------	---	------------------------------------

(As per BS6651, lightning currents have very short duration, therefore thermal factors are of little consequence in deciding the cross-section of the conductor. The minimum size of Down conductors - 20mm X 2.5 mm Galvanized Steel Strip)

Cable sizing

[illegible]

1. Overview

- K2=Rating factor for depth of laying
K3=Rating factor for spacing between two circuits
K4=Rating factor for variation in thermal resistivity of the soil
2. LT Motors : Running Voltage Drop = 3%, Starting Voltage Drop = 15%
3. Cable type:
- TYPE 1: Al Conductor, XLPE Insulated, Armoured, PVC outer sheathed
TYPE 2: Cu Conductor, XLPE Insulated, Armoured, PVC outer sheathed
4. Effect of Frequency Variation $\pm 5\%$
5. Combined Effect of Voltage & Frequency Variation $\pm 10\%$

Cable tray sizing

LT CABLES									
CABLE TRAY: FROM		LT-4		TO	LT-5				
Sr. No.	Cable Route (From-To)	Type & Cable Size	Size of Cable (mm ²)	No. of Cable	Overall Diameter of each Cable (mm)	Sum of Cable OD (mm)	Self Weight of Cable (Kg/Mt)	Total Weight of Cable (Kg/Mt)	Remarks
1	PU2315	4	50	1	46	29	3.25	3.25	
2	PU 2314A	4	25	1	14	22	1.4	1.4	
3	PU2324	4	6	1	46	18	0.9	0.9	
4	PU2305	4	70	1	14	29	3.25	3.25	
5	MX2305	4	70	1	46	29	3.25	3.25	
6	MX2308	4	70	1	14	29	3.25	3.25	
7	BW2313	4	35	1	22	24	1.8	1.8	
8	SC2314	4	10	1	22	18	0.9	0.9	
9	AG2324A	4	6	1	40	18	0.9	0.9	
10	AG2305	4	25	1	26	22	1.4	1.4	
11	AG2309	4	10	1	26	18	0.9	0.9	
12	AG2310	4	10	1	26	18	0.9	0.9	
13	AG2314	4	16	1	28	21	1	1	
Total				13		295	23.1	23.1	

Calculation

Maximum Cable Diameter:	29	mm
Consider Spare Capacity of Cable Tray:	30%	
Distance between each Cable:	0	mm
Calculated Width of Cable Tray:	384	mm
Calculated Area of Cable Tray:	11122	Sq.mm
No of Layer of Cables in Cable Tray:	2	
Selected No of Cable Tray:	1	Nos.
Selected Cable Tray Width:	300	mm
Selected Cable Tray Depth:	100	mm
Selected Cable Tray Weight Capacity:	90	Kg/Meter
Type of Cable Tray:	Ladder	
Total Area of Cable Tray:	30000	Sq.mm

Result

Selected Cable Tray width:	O.K	
Selected Cable Tray Depth:	O.K	
Selectrd Cable Tray Weight:	O.K	Including Spare Capacity
Selected Cable Tray Size:	O.K	Including Spare Capacity
Required Cable Tray Size:	300 x 100	mm
Required Nos of Cable Tray:	1	No
Required Cable Tray Weight:	90.00	Kg/Meter/Tray
Type of Cable Tray:	Ladder	
Cable Tray Width Area Remaning	36%	
Cable Tray Area Remaning:	63%	