LuvvieScript Being An Erlang Dialect That Runs In The Browser

@gordonguthrie @luvviescript

By all that is holy, why?





Dev Ops & Continuous Delivery

require

Low Impedance Programming $Client \\ Side$

NodeJs

Clojure Script

LuvvieScript



Server Side

NodeJs

Clojure

Erlang/OTP



A dom scripting language for web pages that talk to Erlang/OTP servers not a general purpose language

A strict sub-set of Erlang capable of running client & server side

Not an implementation of the Erlang VM in the browser – Not Erlang on V8

Client Side

Low concurrency approx 9

Heavy-weight currency by Web Workers

No shared code between concurrent processes

Code change by page refresh

Little supervision & no restart



Server Side

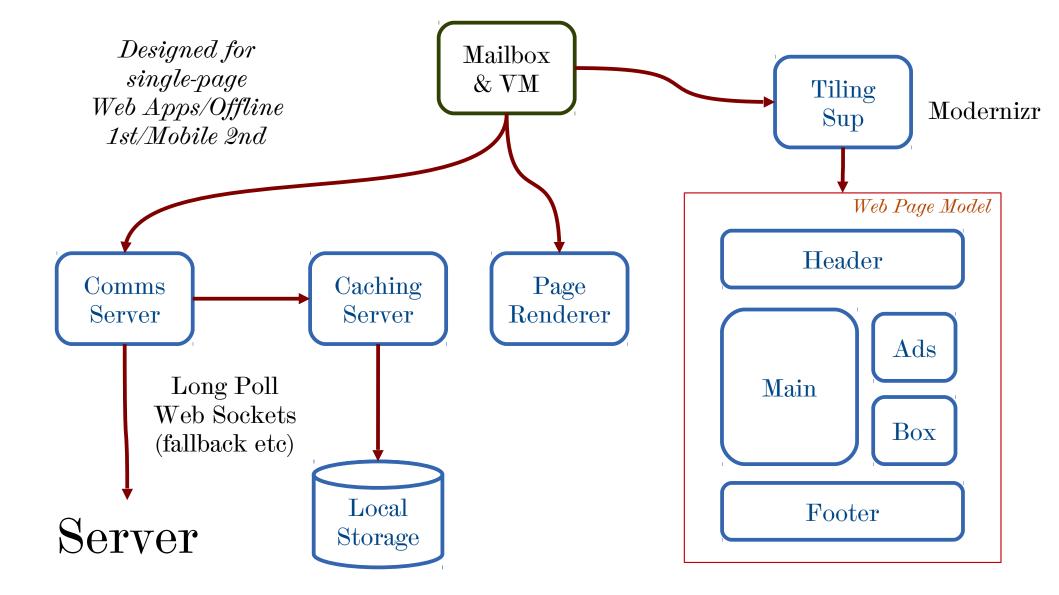
High concurrency tens of thousands

Light weight concurrency by Erlang processes

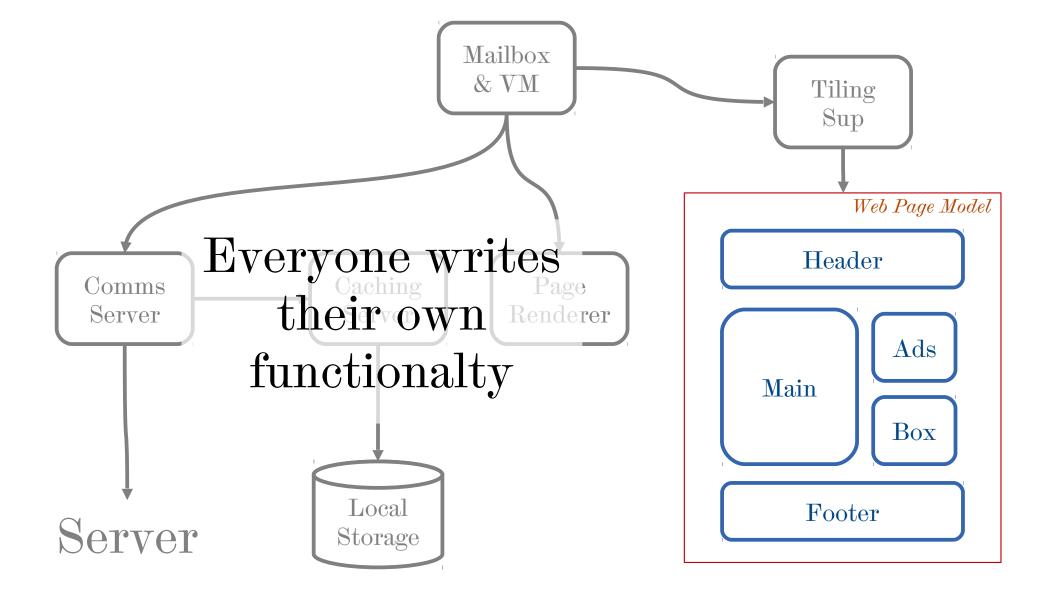
Shared code via the Erlang VM and code loader

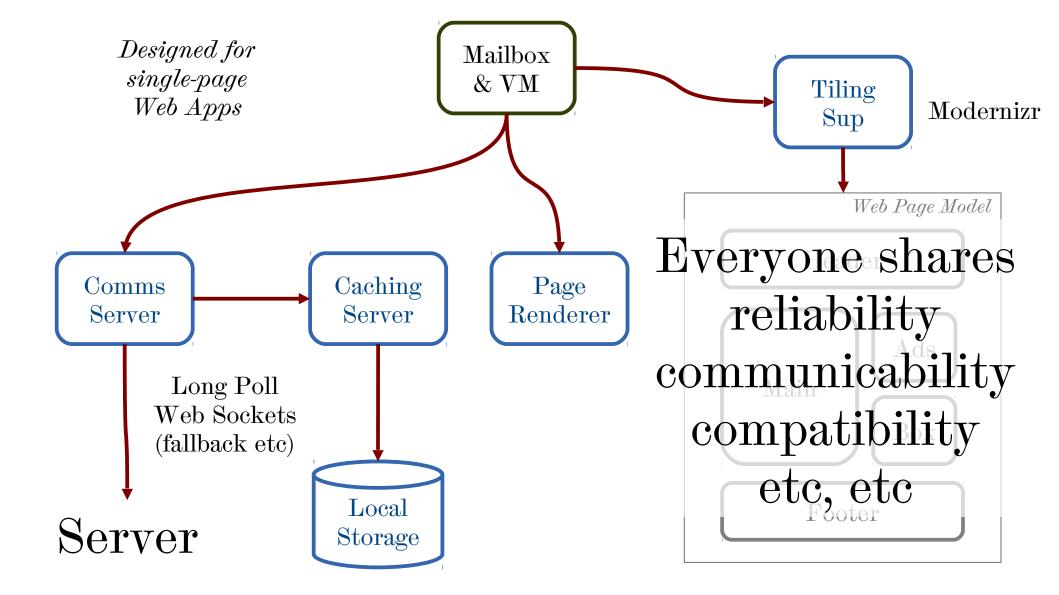
Hot swapping and code management

OTP supervision & restart









Server-style: Msg Driven Loops

```
handle_call(Msg, From, State) →
    {NewState, SideEffects} = manipulate_state(Msg, State),
    NewState2 = handle_side_effects(SideEffects, State),
    Reply = "whatevs",
    {reply, Reply, NewState2};
```

Normalised Event Handling

```
msg_from_dom
msg_from_server
msg_from_other_web_worker
```

...and Source Maps...

No Source Maps

- no debugging in the browser
- no bloody use...



AST to AST Transpiler

Generate a Core Erlang AST
Transpile to the Mozilla Javascript AST
Monkey about with JS Syntax Tools
Generate JS with escodegen.js

```
-module (demo).
-export([test/0]).
test() ->
    A = first(),
    B = second(),
    C = third(),
   A + B / C.
first() -> 1.
second() -> 2.
third() -> 3.
```

Erlang

```
module 'demo' ['module info'/0,
        'module info'/1,
        'test'/0]
    attributes []
'test'/0 =
    fun () ->
let <A> =
    apply 'first'/0
()
in let \langle B \rangle =
apply 'second'/0
     ()
        let <C> =
    in
    apply 'third'/0
()
in
    let < cor3> =
```

Erlang Core

Core - Smaller And More Regular

21 primitives - literal, binary, bitstr, cons, tuple, var, values, fun, seq, let, letrec, case, clause, alias, receive, apply, call, primop, try, catch, module

```
{c module,[],
    {c literal,[],demo},
    [{c var,[],{module info,0}},
     {c var,[],{module info,1}},
     {c var,[],{test,0}}],
                                                     Core AST
    [],
    [{{c var,[],{test,0}},
      {c fun,
          [7, {file, "test/passing/src/demo.erl"}],
          [],
          {c let,[],
              [{c var, [8, {file, "test/passing/src/demo.erl"}], 'A'}],
              {c apply,
                   [8,{file,"test/passing/src/demo.erl"}],
                   {c var,[8,{file,"test/passing/src/demo.erl"}],{first,
                   []},
              {c let,[],
                   [{c var, [9, {file, "test/passing/src/demo.erl"}], 'B'}],
                   {c apply,
```

```
"body": [{
        "kind": "var",
        "declarations": [{
                "init": {
                    "type": "ObjectExpression",
                                                  JS AST
                    "properties": []
                "type": "VariableDeclarator",
                "id": {
                    "type": "Identifier",
                    "name": "exports"
                }}],
        "type": "VariableDeclaration"
    },
        "expression": {
            "operator": "=",
            "right": {
```

"body": {

```
var exports = {};
exports.test = function () {
    args = arguments.length;
    switch ( args) {
    case 0:
        return test();
        break;
    default:
first = function () {
    args = arguments.length;
    switch ( args) {
    case 0:
        return 1;
        break;
    default:
        return 'throw error';
```

Node-y JS

Source Maps

```
-module (demo).
-export([test/0]).
test() ->
    A = first(),
    B = second(),
    C = third(),
   A + B / C.
first() -> 1.
second() \rightarrow 2.
third() -> 3.
```

Module Declaration Attributes Function Declarations

Attributes – A Moveable Feast

Arbitrary erlang terms which have meaning (or no meaning) at different points in the software cycle

define include	Macros	Pre-compile Expansion Pre-compile Expansion
record export spec type	Syntactic Sugar Limited Type Checking Limited Type Checking	Compile Time Compile Time Compile Time Compile Time
spec type	Full Type Checking Full Type Checking	Dialyzer Dialyzer
author vsn date Support		Run Time Tool Support Run Time Tool Support Run Time Tool

Luvvie Script Attributes

```
-dialect({luvviescript, {version, 1}}).
-require({javascript, [_underscore,
    jquery]}).
-require({luvviescript, [lists, sets]}).
```

Model Definition

```
-record(tag,
                                    :: html() | pseudo html(),
            type
            id
                         = get id()
                                    :: opaque(),
            class
                         = []
                                    :: [strings()],
            subscriptions = [] :: [dom events() | pseudo events()],
                                   :: list(),
            attrs
                        = []
                                   :: [#tag{}]
                         = []
            inner
           }).
```

Type-To-Type Transforms

Not entirely clear how type transforms will be done.

Might use the BERT wire interchange format as the basis.

Not clear how integers will be handled



Roadmap

Get Primitives Working (With Test Suites)

JS Transforms For Recursion

Implement 'Servers'

Build Runtime Servers



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