

DSC 102: Systems for Scalable Analytics

Programming Assignment 0

1 Introduction

The goal of this programming assignment is to get you comfortable with datasets that do not fit in single-node memory and are too big for tools like Pandas or NumPy. You will be using Dask library to explore secondary storage aware data access on a single machine. In this assignment, you will be learning to setup dask on AWS and computing several descriptive statistics about the data to build intuitions for feature engineering for the final assignment.

2 Dataset Description

You are provided with the Amazon Reviews dataset with the *reviews* table as CSV file. The schemas are provided in Table 1. The dataset is available on the s3 bucket: `s3://dsc102-data-public`.

(A) Column name	Column description	Example
reviewerID	ID of the reviewer	A32DT10X9WS4D0
asin	ID of the product	B003VX9DJM
reviewerName	name of the reviewer	Slade
helpful	helpfulness rating of the review	[0, 0]
reviewText	text of the review	this was a gift for my friend who loves touch lamps.
overall	rating of the product	1
summary	summary of the review	broken piece
unixReviewTime	unix time stamp of the review	1397174400
reviewTime	time of the review (raw)	04 11, 2014

Table 1: Schema of Reviews table

3 Tasks

You will use the *reviews* table to explore features related to users. Specifically, you will create users table with the schema given in Table 2.

A code stub with function signature for this task has been provided to you in PA0.py. The input to the function is the reviews CSV file and you will be carrying out a series of transformations to produce the users table as DataFrame. Plug in the DataFrame variable you obtained as a result in place of `<YOUR_USERS_DATAFRAME>` in PA0.py file and also write this to `results_PA0.json` file (writing to json is already provided in the stub). We will time the execution of the function PA0.

Column name	Column description
reviewerID (PRIMARY KEY)	ID of the reviewer
number_productsRated	Total number of products rated by the reviewer
avg_ratings	Average rating given by the reviewer across all the reviewed products
reviewing_since	The year in which the user gave their first review
helpful_votes	Total number of helpful votes received for the users' reviews
total_votes	Total number of votes received for the users' reviews

Table 2: Schema of users table

We have shared with you the “development” dataset and our accuracy results. Our code’s runtime on 1 node is roughly 18 mins. You can use this to validate your results and debug your code. The final evaluation will happen on separate held-out test sets. The runtime will be different for the held-out test set.

4 Deliverables

Submit your source code as <YOUR-TEAM-ID>.py on Canvas. Your source code must confirm to the function signatures provided to you. Make sure that your code is writing results to **results_PA0.json**.

5 Getting Started

0. Access your AWS account using single sign-on ID: https://ets-apps.ucsd.edu/individual/DSC102_WI22_A00. Credentials for CLI / API usage can be retrieved once you select your account from the list.

1. Go to “Instances” in the left panel in your EC2 dashboard and click on “Launch instances”. First you need to choose an AMI. Search for “dsc102-wi22-dask-environment” and it will show “1 results in Community AMIs”. Select this one.

(Alternatively, you can look for the same AMI in Public Images in the AMIs from the left panel. Use the “Launch instance from image” button there.)

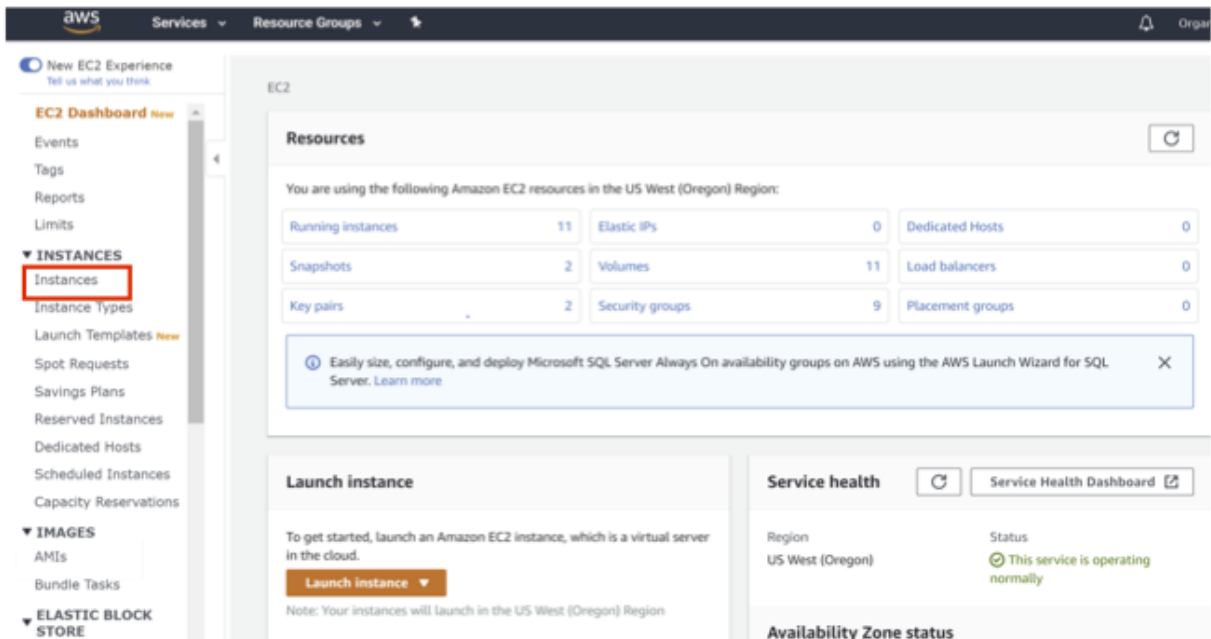


Figure 1

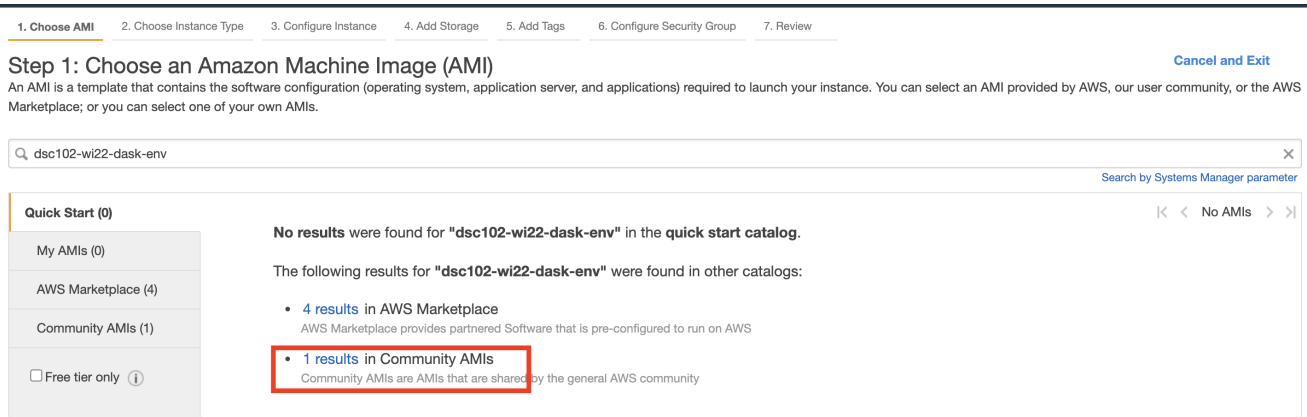


Figure 2

2. Launch one EC2 instance of type “t2.xlarge” and “40GB” of storage. In the next page, put 1 instance in the “Number of instances” box and do not change anything else. Create a new security group when asked. Retain other fields unchanged.

Finally, after pressing the “Launch” button, create a new key pair and download this locally (it would be a file with .pem or .cer extension). This key pair will allow you to SSH into the instance later.

See Figure 3 to Figure 7. At the end, you should be able to see 1 instance in your dashboard.

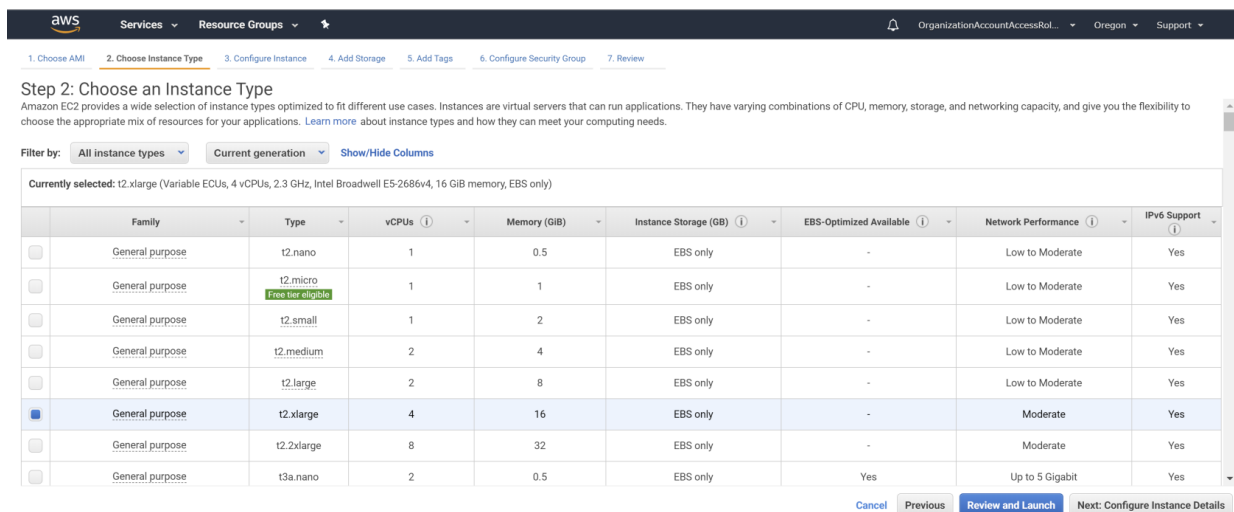


Figure 3

Services

Resource Groups

OrganizationAccountAccessRol...

Oregon

Support

1. Choose AMI

2. Choose Instance Type

3. Configure Instance

4. Add Storage

5. Add Tags

6. Configure Security Group

7. Review

Step 3: Configure Instance Details

Configure the instance to suit your requirements. You can launch multiple instances from the same AMI, request Spot instances to take advantage of the lower pricing, assign an access management role to the instance, and more.

Number of instances

4

Launch into Auto Scaling Group

You may want to consider launching these instances into an Auto Scaling Group to help you maintain application availability and for easy scaling in the future. Learn how Auto Scaling can help your application stay healthy and cost effective.

Purchasing option

☒ Request Spot instances

Current price

Availability Zone	Current price
us-west-2a	\$0.0557
us-west-2b	\$0.0557
us-west-2c	\$0.0557

Maximum price

\$ 0.0557

Persistent request

☐ Persistent request

Launch group

(Optional)

Request valid from

Any time

Request valid to

Any time

Network

vpc-2c4ac254 (default)

Create new VPC

Cancel

Previous

Review and Launch

Next: Add Storage

Figure 4

Services

Resource Groups

OrganizationAccountAccessRol...

Oregon

Support

1. Choose AMI

2. Choose Instance Type

3. Configure Instance

4. Add Storage

5. Add Tags

6. Configure Security Group

7. Review

Step 4: Add Storage

Your instance will be launched with the following storage device settings. You can attach additional EBS volumes and instance store volumes to your instance, or edit the settings of the root volume. You can also attach additional EBS volumes after launching an instance, but not instance store volumes. Learn more about storage options in Amazon EC2.

Volume Type	Device	Snapshot	Size (GiB)	Volume Type	IOPS	Throughput (MB/s)	Delete on Termination	Encryption
Root	/dev/sda1	snap-0d42b1a48c8977d8f	40	General Purpose SSD (gp2)	120 / 3000	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Encrypted

Add New Volume

Free tier eligible customers can get up to 30 GB of EBS General Purpose (SSD) or Magnetic storage. Learn more about free usage tier eligibility and usage restrictions.

Figure 5

Services

Resource Groups

OrganizationAccountAccessRol...

Oregon

Support

1. Choose AMI

2. Choose Instance Type

3. Configure Instance

4. Add Storage

5. Add Tags

6. Configure Security Group

7. Review

Step 6: Configure Security Group

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. On this page, you can add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance. For example, if you want to set up a web server and allow Internet traffic to reach your instance, add rules that allow unrestricted access to the HTTP and HTTPS ports. You can create a new security group or select from an existing one below. Learn more about Amazon EC2 security groups.

Assign a security group:

☒ Create a new security group
 ☐ Select an existing security group

Security group name:

dask-security-group

Description:

dask-security-group

Type	Protocol	Port Range	Source	Description
SSH	TCP	22	Custom 0.0.0.0/0	e.g. SSH for Admin Desktop

Add Rule

Warning

Rules with source of 0.0.0.0/0 allow all IP addresses to access your instance. We recommend setting security group rules to allow access from known IP addresses only.

Cancel

Previous

Review and Launch

Figure 6

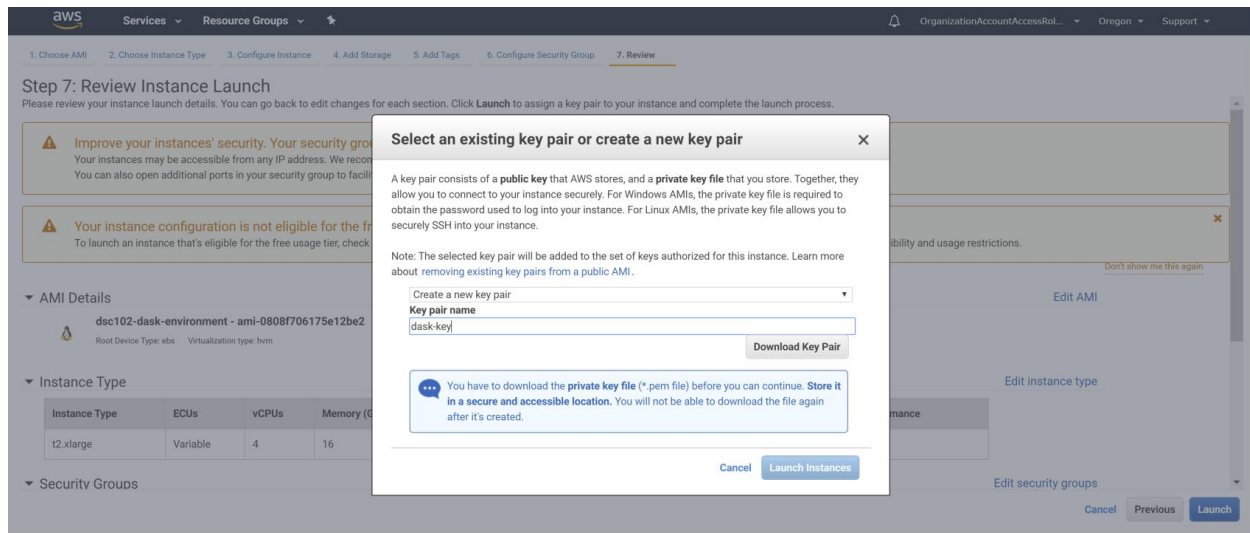


Figure 7

3. Once the EC2 instance is launched, go to the security group of the instance (under “Network & Security” in the left panel) and add the following rule (under “Inbound”). A rule with type “SSH”, port 22, and source as “My IP”. This rule will allow only you to SSH to each of the machines. See Figure 8.

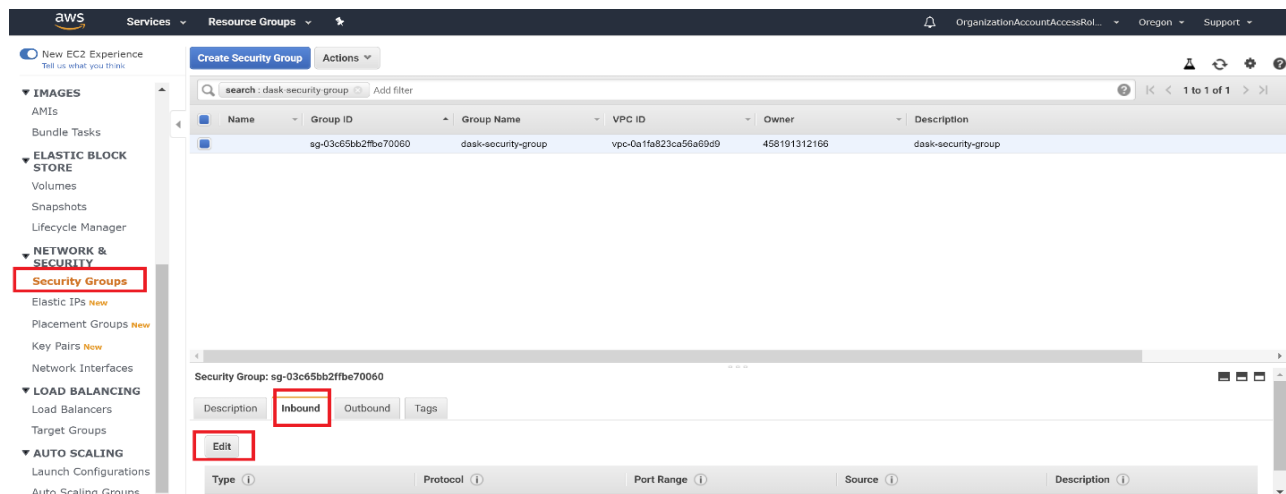


Figure 8

4. In this step, you will start the jupyter notebook server on the instance.

a. Change permission of the ssh keyfile to make sure your private key file isn't publicly viewable: `chmod 400 <path-to-keyfilename>.cer`. Linux and Mac users in particular will need the `chmod`.

b. SSH into the instance using the command:

```
ssh -i <path-to-keyfilename>.cer ubuntu@<ip-address-of-EC2-instance>
```

This command is shown in the Figure 9 below. IP address of EC2 instance is shown in the red box in Figure 10.

c. Activate the dask environment with command: `source dask_env/bin/activate`

d. Start jupyter notebook server on one terminal with: `jupyter notebook --port=8888`

```

Select Windows PowerShell
ubuntu@ip-172-31-3-138: ~$
ubuntu@ip-172-31-3-138: ~$ exit
logout
Connection to 18.237.12.110 closed.
(base) PS C:\Users\Vraj\Desktop>
(base) PS C:\Users\Vraj\Desktop> ssh ubuntu@18.237.12.110 -i "dask_key.pem"

```

Figure 9

Name	Instance ID	Instance Type	Availability Zone	Instance State	Status Checks	Alarm Status	Public DNS (IPv4)	IPv4 Public IP
	i-0e0457b3097bde7...	t2.xlarge	us-west-2c	running	2/2 checks ...	None	ec2-18-237-12-110.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com	18.237.12.110
	i-0ed9b50cd472412f	t2.xlarge	us-west-2c	running	2/2 checks ...	None	ec2-52-88-243-224.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com	52.88.243.224

Figure 10

e. Open a new terminal and SSH to jupyter notebook using:

```
ssh -i <path-to-keyfilename>.cer ubuntu@<ip-address-of-EC2-instance> -L 8000:localhost:8888
```

'-L' will port forward any connection to port 8000 on the local machine to port 8888 on the EC2 instance.

f. Open your browser and go to localhost:8000. It will ask for a token that you can get from the terminal output where you started the jupyter notebook (or use the command `jupyter notebook list` to list the notebooks and tokens).

You can write your code here by creating a new python3 jupyter notebook.

g. To see dashboard on localhost port 8001 use command:

```
ssh -i <path-to-keyfilename>.cer ubuntu@<ip-address-of-EC2-instance> -L 8001:localhost:8787
```

and go to localhost:8001 in your browser. You should be able to see an empty dashboard once you create a dask client in the code (more details on this in the discussion).

Consider using utilities like `tmux` or `nohup` for managing terminals.

5. The data (`user_reviews_Release.csv`) is available from the s3 bucket (`s3://dsc102-data-public`).

a. First, setup your aws credentials on all instances (only 1 here) by executing each of the following one by one in the shell:

```
export AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=<YOUR_AWS_ACCESS_KEY>
export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=<YOUR_AWS_SECRET_KEY>
export AWS_SESSION_TOKEN=<YOUR_AWS_SESSION_TOKEN>
```

b. Use the below command to download the dataset:

```
aws s3 cp s3://dsc102-data-public/user_reviews_Release.csv <path-where-to-download-on-ec2>
```

The path to this or other test datasets would be passed to the PA0 function as a string while evaluating.

6. Open the dashboard and click on “Workers” to double check if all workers (or all threads of the single machine) are connected and you are now ready to code up.
7. Terminate EC2 instance(s) once you are done.