## Project Report

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## 1 Max Cut problem

The max cut problem can be reformulate as the following form

$$\max_{i} \frac{1}{4}L \bullet X$$
s.t.  $(e_j e_j^T) \bullet X = 1, \forall j = 1, \dots, n$ 

$$X \succeq 0.$$
(1)

where  $X \in \mathbb{S}^n_{\perp}$ .

If we denote the optimal value as b and scale X by 1/n, then we would like to check the feasibility of the constraints:

$$n(e_j e_j^T) \bullet X \geqslant 1$$

$$X \geq 1, \forall j = 1, \dots, n$$

$$X \geq 0.$$

Finally, if we take  $A_j = n(e_j e_j^T) - I$ , (j = 1, ..., n), and  $A_{n+1} = \frac{n}{4b}L - I$ , then the feasibility problem can be reformed as

$$A_{j} \bullet X \geqslant 0 \quad \forall j = 1, \dots, n+1$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}(X) = 1 \qquad (2)$$

$$X \succeq 0.$$

on which the Matrix-MW algorithm can be applied. To apply Matrix-MW, we would like to solve the large-margin problem with an error parameter  $\delta > 0$ . Denote  $K = \{X \succeq 0 | \text{Tr}(X) = 1\}$ , we either solve the problem to an additive error of  $\delta$ , i.e., find  $X \in K$  such that  $A_j \bullet X \geqslant -\delta, \forall j = 1, \ldots, n+1$ , or prove the system (2) is infeasible.

Initialize  $X^{(1)} = 1/nI$ , and set parameters  $\epsilon$ ,  $\eta = -\ln(1 - \epsilon)$ , we apply Matrix-MW on three different examples. For each example, we list the result and errors for different parameters.

## 2 Results

## 2.1 Comments

1. "# or rounds" is the number of iterations for Matrix-MW algorithm. It stops when  $A_j \bullet X \ge -\delta$  is satisfied for any  $j = 1, \ldots, n+1$ .

$\epsilon$	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001
δ	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001
# of rounds	20	328	3465	34827
$\operatorname{Rank}(X)$	4	4	4	4
$  X - X^*  _2$	2.7700	2.7557	2.7556	2.7545
$  X - X^*  _2 /   X^*  _2$	0.6925	0.6889	0.6887	0.6886
$ b^* - b $	0.4595	0.0482	0.0039	0.0002

Table 1: toy example

$\epsilon$	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001
δ	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001
# of rounds	19	633	7230	73228
Rank(X)	10	10	10	10
$  X - X^*  _2$	8.9298	8.9171	8.9169	8.9168
$  X - X^*  _2 /   X^*  _2$	0.8930	0.8917	0.8917	0.8917
$ b^* - b $	1.9107	0.1908	0.0204	0.0011

Table 2: 10 nodes example

$\epsilon$	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001
δ	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001
# of rounds	2777	49971		
$ b^* - b $	3.2430	0.7318		

Table 3: 100 nodes example

- 2. Solution X and the value of  $b = \frac{1}{4}L \bullet X$  are obtained from iteration.  $X^*$  and  $b^*$  are optimal solution and optimal value to problem (1). We list the error of solution  $||X X^*||_2$  and the error of object value  $|b b^*|$ .
- 3. Notice the solution absolute error in 2-norm is very large, so we also calculate the relative error in 2-norm for the toy example and the 10-node example.
- 4. The 100-node example has blank units in table since the algorithm converges very slow when  $\epsilon$  and  $\delta$  are smaller than  $10^{-2}$ . (# of iteration will exceed  $10^5$ ).
- 5. Rank of the iteration solution is not 1. So the Rank = 1 constraint of original MAX CUT problem cannot be eliminated.
- 6. Notice that for each result, the  $\epsilon$  and  $\delta$  are in the same order of magnitude. The reason is, if we set  $\epsilon$  and  $\delta$  in different orders of magnitude, e.g.,  $\epsilon = 0.01$  and  $\delta = 0.001$ , or  $\epsilon = 0.001$  and  $\delta = 0.01$ , the algorithm will not converge or converge very slow. From this we conclude that Matrix-MW is very parameter sensitive.