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OR/ISE 505

Hw #1

$$1. \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & ab \\ ab & b^2 \end{vmatrix} = a^2 b^2 - ab \cdot ab = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{vmatrix} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha}{1}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & x & x \\ x & 2 & x \\ x & x & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 1 [6-x^2] - x (3x-x^2) + x (x^2-2x) \\ = 6-x^2 - 3x^2 + x^3 - x^3 - 2x^2 = \underline{2x^3 - 6x^2 + 6}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \\ a^2 & b^2 & c^2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 (bc^2 - b^2c) - (ac^2 - a^2c) + (ab^2 - a^2b) \\ = \underline{bc^2 - b^2c + a^2c - ac^2 + ab^2 - a^2b}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & a \\ 2 & 0 & b & 0 \\ 3 & c & 4 & 5 \\ d & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -d \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 & a \\ 0 & b & 0 \\ c & 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = -d \cdot c (-ab) \\ = \underline{abcd}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & b & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & c & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & d \end{vmatrix} = a \begin{vmatrix} b & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & c & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & d \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & c & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & d \end{vmatrix} \\ = a [b(c-d+1) - 1(-d-0)] - [-1(c-d+1)] \\ = \underline{abc(d+1) + ab + ad + cd + 1}$$

$$2) \quad 2x_1 - \frac{1}{2}x_2$$

$$4x_1 - x_2 - x_3 + 0x_4 = 0 \quad -R4$$

$$-x_1 + 4x_2 - x_4 = 6 \quad -R3$$

$$\begin{aligned} a) \quad & -x_1 + 4x_2 - 4x_3 - x_4 = 6 + 4R1 \\ & -x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 = 0 + 4R3 \end{aligned}$$

$$4x_1 - x_2 - 4x_4 = 0 \quad x_1 = x_4$$

$$4x_2 - 4x_3 = 0 \quad \cancel{+R4} \quad x_2 = x_3$$

$$15x_1 - 4x_2 - x_4 = 6$$

$$-4x_1 - x_2 + 15x_3 = 24$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x_1 - x_2 - 4x_4 = 0 \\ 4x_2 - 4x_3 = 0 \quad +R4 \end{aligned}$$

$$4x_1 - x_2 - 4x_4 = 0$$

$$-x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 = 0$$

$$-4x_3 + 15x_4 = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 & + x_4 = 0 \\ x_2 & + x_3 - 4x_4 = 0 \\ x_3 & - \frac{15}{4}x_4 = -\frac{6}{4} = -\frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 4 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 0 & -1 & 6 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] -R3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 4 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -4 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{row2}} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 4 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{4}R2}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{14}{4} & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R3}$$

~~1 - 1/4 - 1/4 0 0  
0 1 -1 0 0  
0 -1/4 1/4 -1 6  
0 0 -2 4 0~~

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{14}{4} & -1 & 6 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-\frac{1}{4}R3} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 6 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\boxed{x_4 = 1 \quad x_3 = 2 \quad x_2 = 2 \quad x_1 = 1}$$

2b)

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 2 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 3 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 8 & -1 & 8 \\ 7 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 2 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 3 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 8 & -1 & 8 \\ 7 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 8 & -1 & 8 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-3R1} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 8 & -1 & 8 \\ 0 & -2 & -22 & 6 & -26 \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 8 & -1 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 11 & -3 & 13 \\ 0 & -2 & -22 & 6 & -26 \\ 7 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{+2R2} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 8 & -1 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 11 & -3 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 7 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 8 & -1 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 11 & -3 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 9 \end{array} \right]$$

System doesn't reduce  
inconsistent

$$3) A = P \Lambda Q$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \cancel{A} \quad \Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad Q = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \cancel{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}} \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -12 \\ 4 & -7 \end{pmatrix} \cancel{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}} = A$$

$$A^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^3 = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -12 \\ 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^8 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^9 = A \quad A^{2n} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^{2n+1} = A$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -12 \\ 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

7)

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1$$

$$2x_2 + 2x_3 = 1$$

$$x_1 - x_2 = 2$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-R1} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{+2R2} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-R3} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} R1 \\ R2 \\ R3 \end{matrix}} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \end{matrix}} \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\underline{x_1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad x_2 = -\frac{3}{2} \quad x_3 = 2}$$

$$6) A - B^T \quad A^T = B$$

$$A^T (B^{-1} A^{-1} + I)^T$$

$$A^T [(B^{-1} A^{-1})^T + I^T]$$

$$A^T [(A^{-T} B^{-1 T}) + I]$$

$$= B (B^{-T} B^{-1 T}) + B$$

$$= B (B^{-1} \cdot A^{-1}) + B$$

$$= B + A^{-1}$$

5) i) false

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{not invertible}$$

$$\det = 0$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(A+B) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{invertible}$$

ii) false

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad AB = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$AB$  is invertible but  $B$  is not

iii) false

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad AB = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

~~Ans~~  $AB$  is not invertible but  $A$  is invertible  
 $B$  is not invertible

$$iv) (kA)^{-1} = k^{-1} A^{-1}$$

true if  $A$  is invertible,  $A^{-1}$  exists

and if  $k$  is a non zero, real number, then  $k^{-1}$  exists

and is a scalar so  $k^{-1} A^{-1}$  is the

true inverse of  $kA$

$$7) \quad \alpha_3 = (1, 2, 1, 1) \quad \alpha_1 = (1, 1, 1, 1) \quad \alpha_2 = (1, 1, -1, -1)$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} \alpha_1 & \alpha_2 & \alpha_3 & \alpha_4 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-R_1} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{Row operations}} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -2 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{+2R_3} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{6}\alpha_1 + \frac{1}{3}\alpha_2 - \frac{1}{6}\alpha_3 - \frac{1}{3}\alpha_4$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$x_3 + x_4 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x_3 = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{6}\alpha_1 + \frac{1}{3}\alpha_2 - \frac{1}{6}\alpha_3 - \frac{1}{3}\alpha_4 \quad x_1 = \frac{1}{6} \quad x_2 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$x_3 = -\frac{1}{6} \quad x_4 = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$8) \quad \alpha_1 = (1, 1, 1)^T \quad \alpha_2 = (0, 2, 5)^T \quad \alpha_3 = (1, 3, 6)^T$$

$$\det \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 3 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = (12 - 15) - 0 + (5 - 2) \\ -3 + 3 = 0 \quad \therefore \underline{\text{not linearly independent}}$$

$$\underline{\alpha_3 = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2}$$

9) if  $\delta_1, \delta_2$  and  $\delta_3$  are linearly independent,

$$x_1\delta_1 + x_2\delta_2 + x_3\delta_3 = 0 \text{ means } x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = 0$$

if  $\delta_1 + \delta_2, \delta_2 + \delta_3$  and  $\delta_3 + \delta_1$  are linearly independent

$$\text{then } x_1(\delta_1 + \delta_2) + x_2(\delta_2 + \delta_3) + x_3(\delta_3 + \delta_1) \text{ means}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \delta_1(x_1 + x_3) & + & \delta_2(x_1 + x_2) & + & \delta_3(x_2 + x_3) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \gamma_1 & & \gamma_2 & & \gamma_3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = 0 \\ \text{means } x_1 + x_3 = x_2 + x_1 \\ = x_3 + x_2 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\gamma_1\delta_1 + \gamma_2\delta_2 + \gamma_3\delta_3 = 0 \quad \gamma_1 = \gamma_2 = \gamma_3 = 0$$

Therefore  $\delta_1 + \delta_2, \delta_2 + \delta_3, \delta_3 + \delta_1$  are linearly independent

• iff  $\delta_1, \delta_2, \delta_3$  are linearly independent.

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{a) } \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{+R_2} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-1} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{+2R_3} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \text{ Rank} = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{b) } \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 3 & 2 & -1 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 1 & -3 \\ 4 & 5 & -5 & -6 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_2} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 3 & 2 & -1 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 7 & -11 & -8 & -7 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{3}{2}} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 3 & 2 & -1 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{9}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{9}{2} \\ 0 & 7 & -11 & -8 & -7 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-4R_1} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 3 & 2 & -1 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & \frac{9}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{9}{2} \\ 0 & 7 & -11 & -8 & -7 \end{array} \right] \cdot 2 \xrightarrow{\left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 3 & 2 & -1 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & 7 & 9 & 9 & -5 \\ 0 & 7 & -11 & -8 & -7 \end{array} \right]} \xrightarrow{+R_3} \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 3 & 2 & -1 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & 7 & 7 & 9 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 1 & -12 \end{array} \right] \text{ Rank} = 3 \end{array}$$