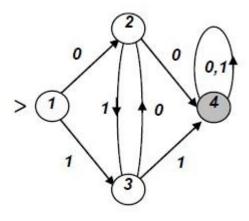
Homework #3 due October 31, Tuesday before recitation

- (1) Consider the regular expression $E = (1+(\theta+101)^*)^*$. Draw an ε -NFA accepting the language corresponding to E above using as little number of states as possible; compute and sketch the equivalent NFA without ε -transitions; and finally compute the equivalent DFA accepting the language corresponding to ε above.
- (2) Convert the following *DFA* to *RE* using the state elimination technique. Try to simplify the regular expression using the equivalence relations stated in class.



- (3) For following languages, prove or disprove the statement that the language is regular.
- (a) $\{ww^R \mid w \in (0+1)^*\}$, where w^R stands for the string w written in reverse (backwards)
- (b) $\{w \mid w \text{ has same number of occurrences of } 01 \text{ and } 10 \text{ as substrings}\}$
- (4) Consider the *Deterministic Finite Automata*,

$$A = (Q_A, S_A, d_A, q_{0A}, F_A)$$
 and $B = (Q_B, S_B, d_B, q_{0B}, F_B)$
where

 $Q_A \cap Q_B = \mathcal{A}$, $S_A \cap S_B = \mathcal{A}$ where \mathcal{A} stands for the null set.

Let $L_A \subseteq S_A^*$ and $L_B \subseteq S_B^*$ be the languages accepted by A and B respectively and define the interleaved language:

$$L_A \parallel L_B := \{ s \mid (S_A \cup S_B)^* \mid s \uparrow_A \mid L_A \text{ and } s \uparrow_B \mid L_B \}$$

where $s \uparrow_A$ and $s \uparrow_B$ stand for the projection of s on S_A and S_B respectively, obtained by erasing all the symbols of s in S_B and S_A respectively.

- (a) Define the interleaving product $A \parallel B$ of A and B as a DFA that accepts the language $L_A \parallel L_B$
- (b) Compute a DFA that accepts the language $L = (01)^* || (ab)^*$
- (6) Problems from the main textbook

Exercise 4.1.2 ((b),(c),(h))

Exercise 4.3.3, 4.3.4

Exercises 4.4.2, 4.4.3