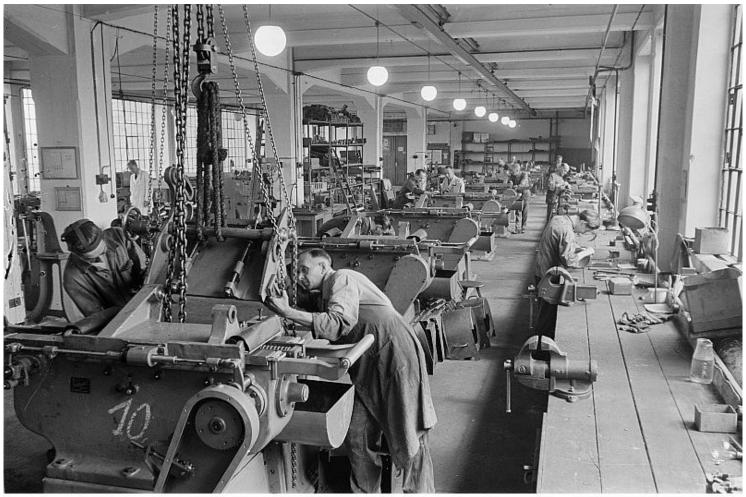


Alpakka – a new world of Connectors for Reactive Enterprise Integration

Jan Pustelnik

@gosubp1

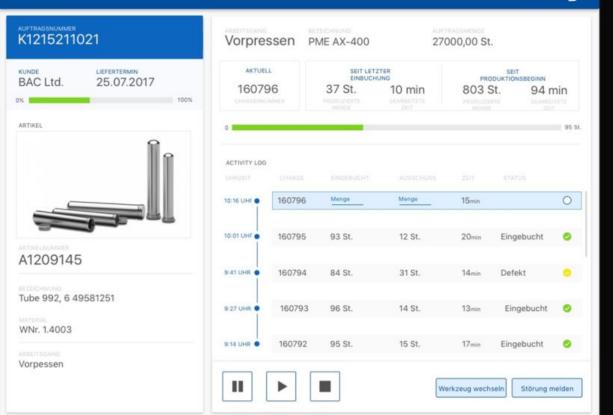
actyx

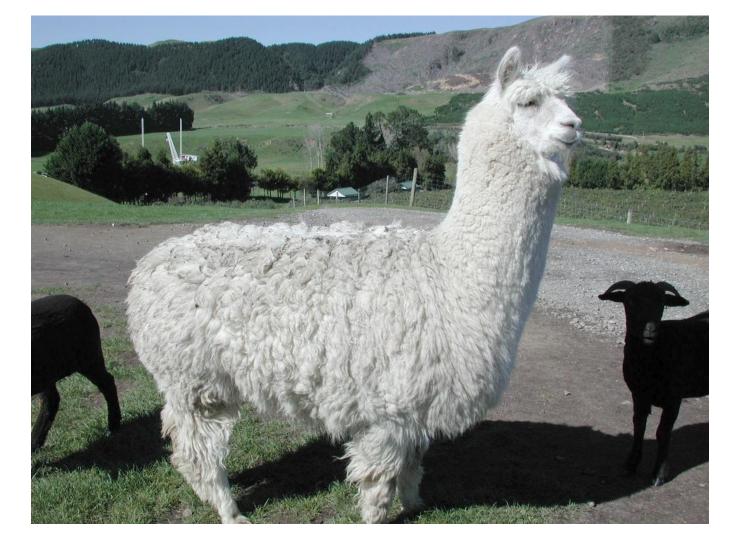


Quelle: Deutsche Fotothek



actyx







Alpakka

Welcome to the home of the Alpakka initiative, which harbours various Akka Streams connectors, integration patterns, and data transformations for integration use cases. Here you can find documentation of the components that are part of this project as well as links to components that are maintained by other projects.

If you'd like to know what integrations with Alpakka look like, have a look at our self-contained examples section.

There are a few blog posts and presentations about Alpakka out there, we've collected some.

The code in this documentation is compiled against

- Alpakka 0.18 (Github, API docs)
- Scala 2.12 (also available for Scala 2.11)
- Akka Streams 2.5.11 (Docs, Github)
- Akka Http 10.0.13 (Docs Scala, Docs Java, Github)

Release notes are found at Github releases.



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Integration Patterns

DESIGNING, BUILDING, AND DEPLOYING MESSAGING SOLUTIONS

GREGOR HOHPE BOBBY WOOLF

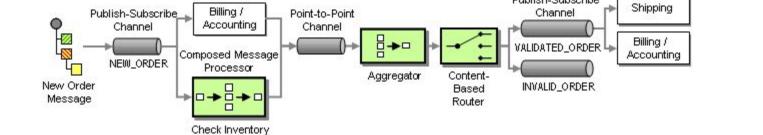
WITH CONTRIBUTIONS BY KYLE BROWN

CONRAD E. D'CRUZ MARTIN FOR LER

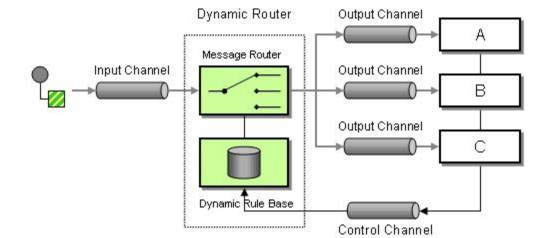
SEAN NEVILLE MICHAEL J. RETTIG JONATHAN SIMON



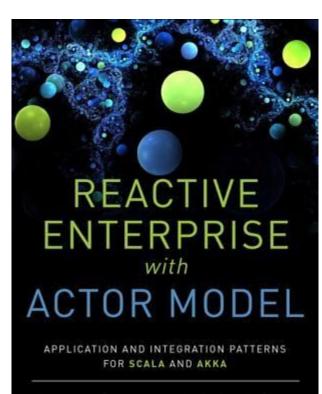
Forewords by John Crupi and Martin Fowler



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J. Patrick Fishe

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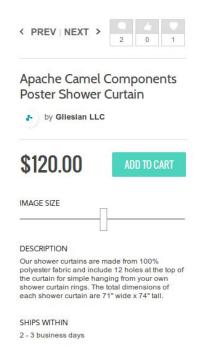
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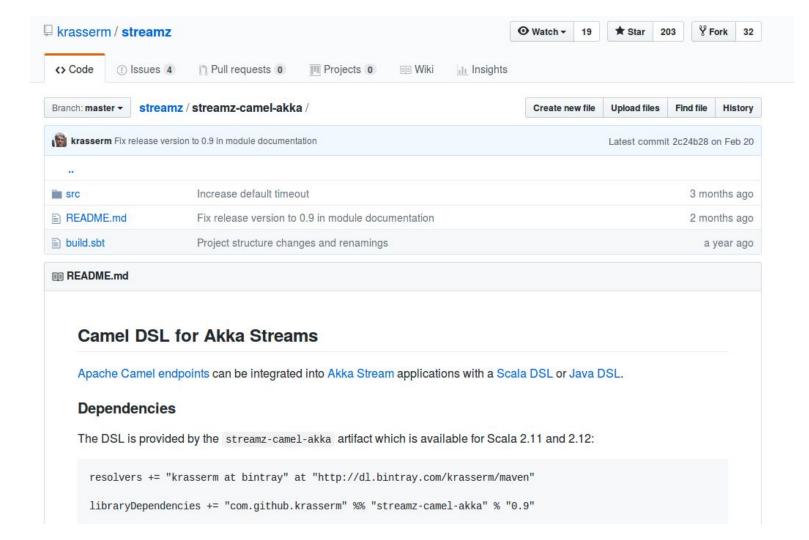




```
import akka.camel.{ CamelMessage, Consumer }

class MyEndpoint extends Consumer {
  def endpointUri = "jetty:http://localhost:8877/example"

def receive = {
  case msg: CamelMessage ⇒ { /* ... */ }
  case _ ⇒ { /* ... */ }
```



External Connectors

- File IO
- Azure
- AWS Kinesis
- Camel
- Eventuate
- FS2
- HTTP Client
- MongoDB
- Kafka
- Pulsar
- TCP

Connectors

- AMQP Connector
- Apache Geode connector
- Apache Solr Connector
- AWS DynamoDB Connector
- AWS Kinesis Connector
- AWS Lambda Connector
- AWS S3 Connector
- AWS SNS Connector
- AWS SQS Connector
- Azure Storage Queue Connector
- Cassandra Connector
- Elasticsearch Connector
- File Connectors

- FTP Connector
- Google Cloud Pub/Sub
- Google Firebase Cloud Messaging
- HBase connector
- IronMq Connector
- JMS Connector
- MongoDB Connector
- MQTT Connector
- OrientDB Connector
- Server-sent Events (SSE) Connector
- Slick (JDBC) Connector
- Spring Web
- Unix Domain Socket Connector

Example

JMS Connector

The JMS connector provides Akka Stream sources and sinks to connect to JMS providers.

Reported issues

Tagged issues at Github

Artifacts

```
sbt Maven Gradle

libraryDependencies += "com.lightbend.akka" %% "akka-stream-alpakka-jms" % "0.18"
libraryDependencies += "javax.jms" % "jms" % "1.1"
```

```
val jmsSource: Source[String, KillSwitch] =
  JmsConsumer.textSource(
    JmsConsumerSettings(connectionFactory).withBufferSize(10).withQueue("test")
val runningSource = jmsSource
  .map(ByteString(_))
  .zip(Source.fromIterator(() => Iterator.from(0)))
  .mapAsyncUnordered(parallelism = 5) { case (byteStr, number) =>
    Source
      .single(byteStr)
      .runWith(FileIO.toPath(Paths.get(s"target/out-$number.txt")))
  .toMat(Sink.ignore)(Keep.left)
  .run()
```

https://developer.lightbend.com/docs/alpakka/current/examples/jms-samples.html

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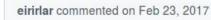
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  .mapAsyncUnordered(parallelism = 5) { case (byteStr, number) =>
    Source
      .single(byteStr)
      .runWith(FileIO.toPath(Paths.get(s"target/out-$number.txt")))
  .toMat(Sink.ignore)(Keep.left)
  .run()
```

Jms does not handle failures #201



① Open eirirlar opened this issue on Feb 23, 2017 · 1 comment







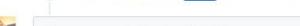
When attempting to stream messages to a jms topic that has gone down and come up again, writing fails silently.

This should probably be documented along with advice on how to handle the situation.





raboof added the p:jms label on Jul 13, 2017

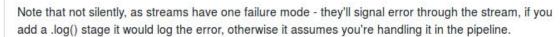


ktoso commented on Jul 14, 2017



Owner





But yes, this should be documented but perhaps in separate patterns section.

Ways to handle it are:

- Retry https://github.com/akka/akka-stream-contrib/blob/master/contrib/src/main/scala/akka/stream /contrib/Retry.scala
- host in Actor and bind lifecycle with it (my fav to be honest, could use some examples)



Backpressure



MongoDB Connector

The MongoDB connector allows you to read and save documents. You can query as a stream of documents from MongoSource or update documents in a collection with MongoSink.

This connector is based off the mongo-scala-driver and does not have a java interface. It supports driver macros and codec allowing to read or write scala case class objects.

Reported issues

Tagged issues at Github

Artifacts



```
private val db = client.getDatabase("alpakka-mongo")
private val numbersColl = db.getCollection("numbers")

val source: Source[Document, NotUsed] =
   MongoSource(numbersColl.find())
```

MongoClient(s"mongodb://localhost:27017")

private val client =

observable: mongoDB.Observable[T]

ObservableToPublisher[T](

def apply[T](query: Observable[T]):
 Source[T, NotUsed] =

Source.fromPublisher(ObservableToPublisher(query))

object MongoSource {

Cassandra Connector

The Cassandra connector allows you to read and write to Cassandra. You can query a stream of rows from CassandraSource or use prepared statements to insert or update with CassandraFlow or CassandraSink.

Unlogged batches are also supported.

Reported issues

Tagged issues at Github

Artifacts

```
sbt Maven Gradle

libraryDependencies += "com.lightbend.akka" %% "akka-stream-alpakka-cassandra" % "0.18"
```

```
implicit val session = Cluster.builder
  .addContactPoint("127.0.0.1")
  .withPort(9042)
  .build
  .connect()

val stmt = new SimpleStatement(
   s"SELECT * FROM $keyspaceName.test"
  )
```

val rows = CassandraSource(stmt).runWith(Sink.seg)

.setFetchSize(20)

```
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  .addContactPoint("127.0.0.1")
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   .setFetchSize(20)
```

val rows = CassandraSource(stmt).runWith(Sink.seg)

```
new OutHandler {
          override def onPull(): Unit = {
            implicit val ec = materializer.executionContext
            maybeRs match {
              case Some(rs) if rs.getAvailableWithoutFetching > 0
=> push(out, rs.one())
              case Some(rs) if rs.isExhausted => completeStage()
              case Some(rs) =>
                // fetch next page
                val futRs = rs.fetchMoreResults().asScala()
                futRs.onComplete(futFetchedCallback.invoke)
              case None => () // doing nothing, waiting for futRs
in preStart() to be completed
```

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```

File Connectors

The File connectors provide additional connectors for filesystems complementing the sources and sinks for files already included in core Akka Streams (which can be found in akka.stream.scaladsl.FileIO)).

Reported issues

Tagged issues at Github

Artifacts



Tailing a file into a stream

The FileTailSource starts at a given offset in a file and emits chunks of bytes until reaching the end of the file, it will then poll the file for changes and emit new changes as they are written to the file (unless there is backpressure).

```
val fs = FileSystems.getDefault
val lines: Source[String, NotUsed] =
    scaladsl.FileTailSource.lines(
   path = fs.getPath(path),
   maxLineSize = 8192,
   pollingInterval = 250.millis
)
```

lines.runForeach(line => System.out.println(line))

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val fs = FileSystems.getDefault
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https://github.com/akka/alpakka/blob/master/file/src/main/java/akka/stream/alpakka/file/javadsl/FileTailSource.java#L78-L
124

Pseudocode:

onPull:

Schedule a callback, trying to read a max (maxLineSize) chunk from the input file

Callback:

Push out the contents of the buffer read in a callback

https://github.com/akka/alpakka/blob/master/file/src/main/java/akka/stream/alpakka/file/javadsl/FileTailSource.java#L78-L
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124

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onPull:

Schedule a callback, trying to read a max (maxLineSize) chunk from the input file

Callback:

Push out the contents of the buffer read in a callback

Akka Streams Kafka

Akka Streams Kafka, also known as Reactive Kafka, is an Akka Streams connector for Apache Kafka.

The examples in this documentation use

- Akka Streams Kafka 0.20 (Github)
- Scala 2.11
- Akka Streams 2.5.9 (Github)
- Apache Kafka 1.0.1 (Apache Git)

Dependencies



```
private def pump(): Unit = {
   if (isAvailable(out)) {
     if (buffer.hasNext) {
       val msg = buffer.next()
       push(out, createMessage(msg))
       pump()
     else if (!requested) {
       requested = true
       consumer.tell(requestMessages, self.ref)
```

```
private def pump(): Unit = {
   if (isAvailable(out)) {
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       requested = true
       consumer.tell(requestMessages, self.ref)
```

Contributors Welcome!

https://github.com/akka/alpakka/blob/master/contributor-advice.md

Public factory methods

Depending on the technology you integrate with Akka Streams and Alpakka you'll create Sources, Flows and Sinks. Regardless on how they are implemented make sure that you create the relevant Sources, Sinks and Flows APIs so they are simple and easy to use.

Public factory methods

Depending on the technology you integrate with Akka Streams and Alpakka you'll create Sources, Flows and Sinks. Regardless on how they are implemented make sure that you create the relevant Sources, Sinks and Flows APIs so they are simple and easy to use.

Flows

When designing Flows, consider adding an extra field to the in- and out-messages which is passed through. A common use case we see, is committing a Kafka offset after passing data to another system.

Graph stage checklist

- Keep mutable state within the GraphStageLogic only
- Open connections in preStart
- Release resources in postStop
- Fail early on configuration errors
- Make sure the code is thread-safe; if in doubt, please ask!
- No Blocking At Any Time -- in other words, avoid blocking whenever possible and replace it with asynchronous programming (async callbacks, stage actors)

Integration testing

Can be done by running your software in Docker or referencing it externally. Bit difficult though. Best ask for help:)



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