AWS SQS & Amazon MQ

AWS SQS(simple queue service)

1 Login to AWS Console

• Go to https://aws.amazon.com/console/ and sign in.

2 Open Amazon SQS

• In the AWS Console, search for SQS and open Amazon Simple Queue Service.

3 Create a Queue

• Click Create queue.

4 Select Queue Type

- Choose between:
 - o Standard Queue (default; high throughput).
 - o FIFO Queue (First-In-First-Out; for message ordering).

5 Configure Queue Details

- Name: Enter a queue name.
 - o (For FIFO queues, name must end with .fifo).
- Visibility timeout: Optional (default is 30 seconds).

 Message retention period: Set how long messages are retained (default is 4 days).

6 Configure Server-Side Encryption (Optional)

- If needed, enable SSE (Server-Side Encryption):
 - o Use AWS KMS key to encrypt messages at rest.
 - o You can choose the default KMS key or your own CMK.

7 Access Policy (Optional)

- Set who can send/receive/delete messages from the queue:
 - o Basic permissions for this AWS account.
 - o Or define a custom access policy (JSON format).

8 Dead-Letter Queue (Optional)

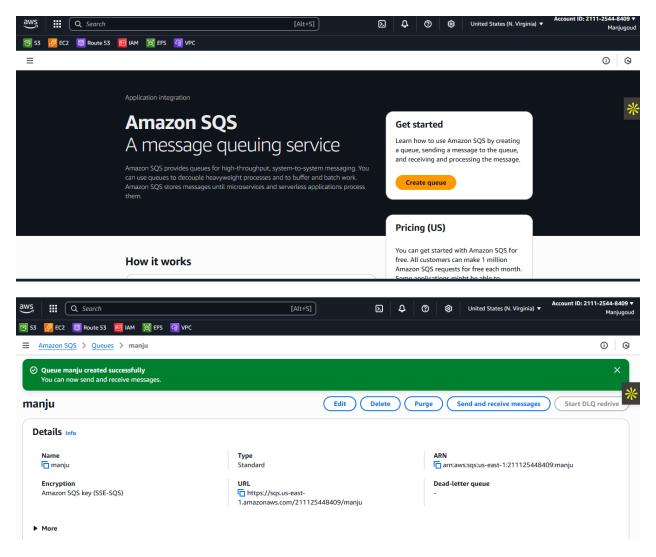
 Configure a DLQ (Dead-Letter Queue) to handle failed message deliveries.

9 Review and Create

- Review all settings.
- Click Create queue.

10 Queue is Ready

- After creation:
 - o You'll see the queue URL.
 - You can now send, receive, and delete messages using the AWS Console, CLI, SDK, or integrated services like Lambda.



AWS MQ(Message queue)

1 Login to AWS Console

• Go to https://aws.amazon.com/console/ and sign in.

2 Open Amazon MQ Service

• In the AWS Console, search for Amazon MQ and open it.

3 Click "Create Broker"

Click the Create broker button to start the setup process.

4 Select Broker Engine

- Choose the message broker engine:
 - o ActiveMQ (popular and stable).
 - o RabbitMQ (lightweight and fast).

5 Configure Broker Details

- Broker name: Provide a unique name.
- Broker instance type: Choose instance size (e.g., mq.t3.micro).
- Deployment mode: Choose:
 - o Single-instance broker (simple, dev/testing).
 - o Active/standby broker (high availability) (for production).

6 Set Authentication Details

 Create broker credentials (username and password) for accessing the broker.

7 Network Configuration

- Choose a VPC and subnets where the broker will run.
- Configure security groups to control access to the broker endpoints.

8 Encryption (Optional)

- At-rest encryption: Automatically enabled using AWSmanaged KMS keys.
- In-transit encryption: Enabled by default using TLS.

9 Maintenance and Logs (Optional)

- Optionally:
 - o Enable CloudWatch logs.
 - o Set maintenance preferences (like preferred window).

10 Review and Launch

- Review all settings.
- Click Create broker.

