
Homework 3 - Joshua Gould

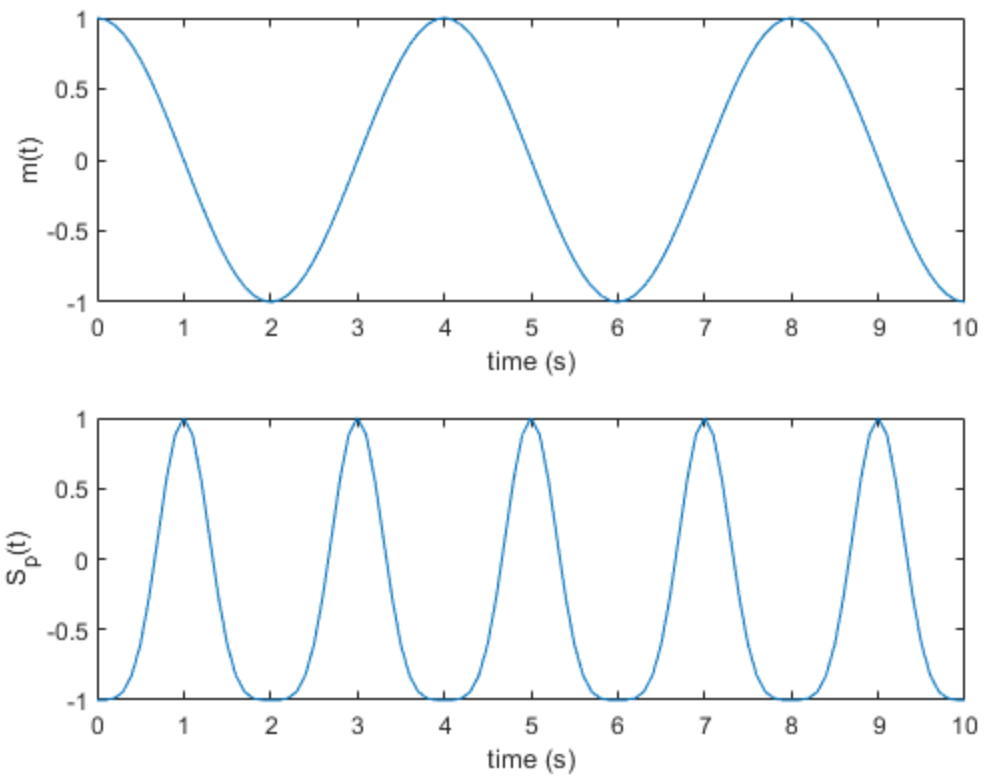
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Date - 11-01-2018

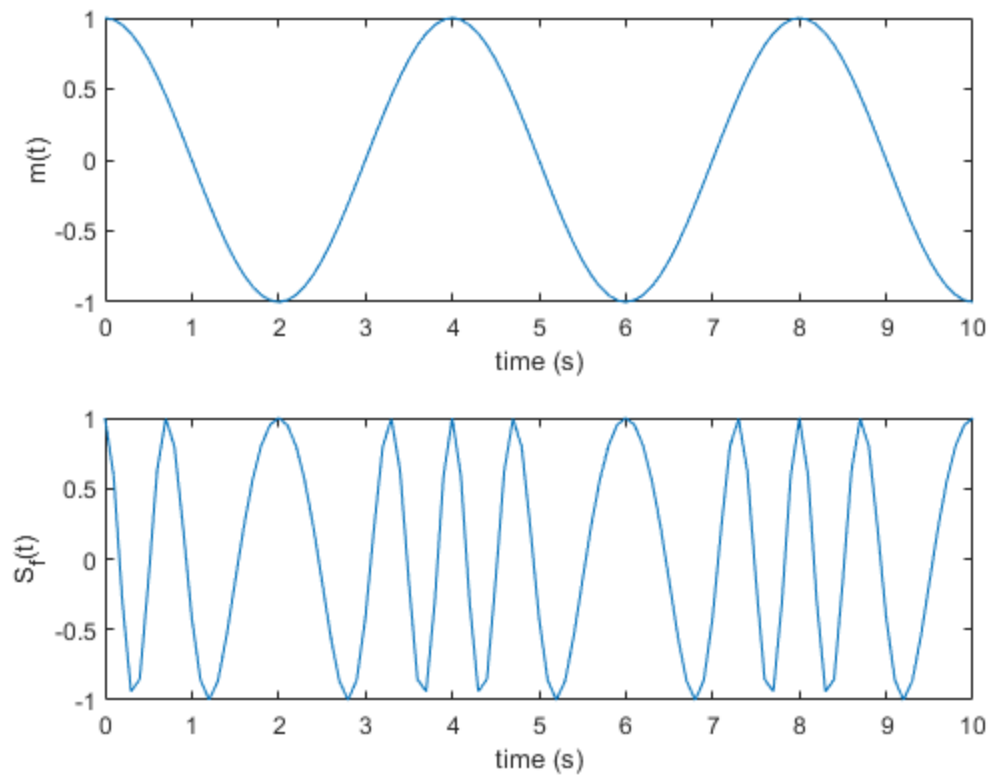
Problem 1a

```
t = 0:0.1:10;
fc = 1;
fm = 1/4;
mt = cos(2*pi*fm*t);
spt = cos(2*pi*fc+pi*mt);
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(t,mt)
xlabel('time (s)')
ylabel('m(t)')
subplot(2,1,2)
plot(t,spt);
xlabel('time (s)')
ylabel('S_p(t)')
```



Problem 1b

```
t = 0:0.1:10;
fc = 1;
fm = 1/4;
D_f = pi;
mt = cos(2*pi*fm*t);
Ot = (1/(2*fm))*sin(2*pi*fm*t);
sft = cos(2*pi*fc*t + Ot);
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(t,mt)
xlabel('time (s)')
ylabel('m(t)')
subplot(2,1,2)
plot(t,sft);
xlabel('time (s)')
ylabel('S_f(t)')
```



Problem 2a

```

clc
f_m = 15; %kHz
beta = 2;
B = f_m;
%Find the transmission bandwidth by using Carson's rule
B_T = 2 * (beta + 1) * B;
fprintf('Transmission Bandwidth = %f kHz', B_T)

```

Transmission Bandwidth = 90.000000 kHz

Problem 2b

```

clc

```

$$P_c = 1/2 A_c^2 \sum_{n=N}^N J_n \beta = 1/2 A_c^2 \sum_{n=3}^3 J_n(2)$$

$$P_c = 1/2 [J_0(2)^2 + J_1(2)^2 + J_2(2)^2 + J_3(2)^2]$$

```

clc
Pc = 0.2927 + 0.1936 + 0.0132 + 0.00019;

```

```
fprintf('Pc = %f Ac^2',Pc)
```

```
Pc = 0.499690 Ac^2
```

$P_t = P_c / P \rightarrow P = A_c / 2 = 5$

```
clc
```

```
P = 0.5; %V
```

```
PercentP = (Pc / P)*100;
```

```
fprintf('\nPercent Power = %f %% of A_c ^2 / 2 ',PercentP)
```

Percent Power = 99.938000 % of A_c ^2 / 2

Problem 3a

```
f_1 = 1; %kHz
```

```
w_1 = 2 * pi * f_1;
```

```
f_c = 100; %MHz
```

```
w_c = 2 * pi * f_c;
```

```
t = 0:0.1:10;
```

```
D = 100; % rad/ V
```

```
RF = 500*cos(w_c * t + 20 *cos(w_1)*t);
```

```
mp_t = (20 / D)*cos(w_1*t);
```

```
spt = cos(2*pi*fc + D*mp_t);
```

```
V_p = 20/D;
```

```
clc
```

```
subplot(2,1,1)
```

```
plot(t,RF)
```

```
xlabel('time (s)')
```

```
ylabel('m(t)')
```

```
subplot(2,1,2)
```

```
plot(t,spt);
```

```
xlabel('time (s)')
```

```
ylabel('S_p(t)')
```

```
fprintf('PM = cos(2*pi*fc+D*mp_t)')
```

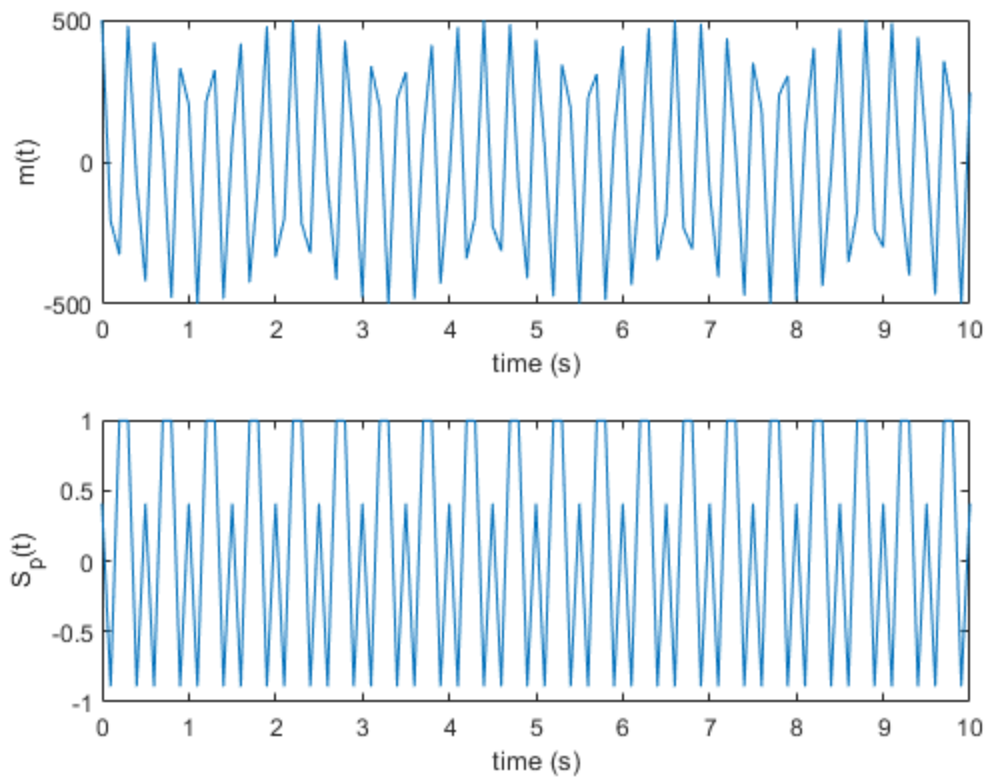
```
fprintf('\nPeak value = %f V',V_p)
```

```
fprintf('\nFrequency of mp(t) = %f kHz', 2*pi)
```

$PM = \cos(2\pi fc + D mp_t)$

Peak value = 0.200000 V

Frequency of mp(t) = 6.283185 kHz

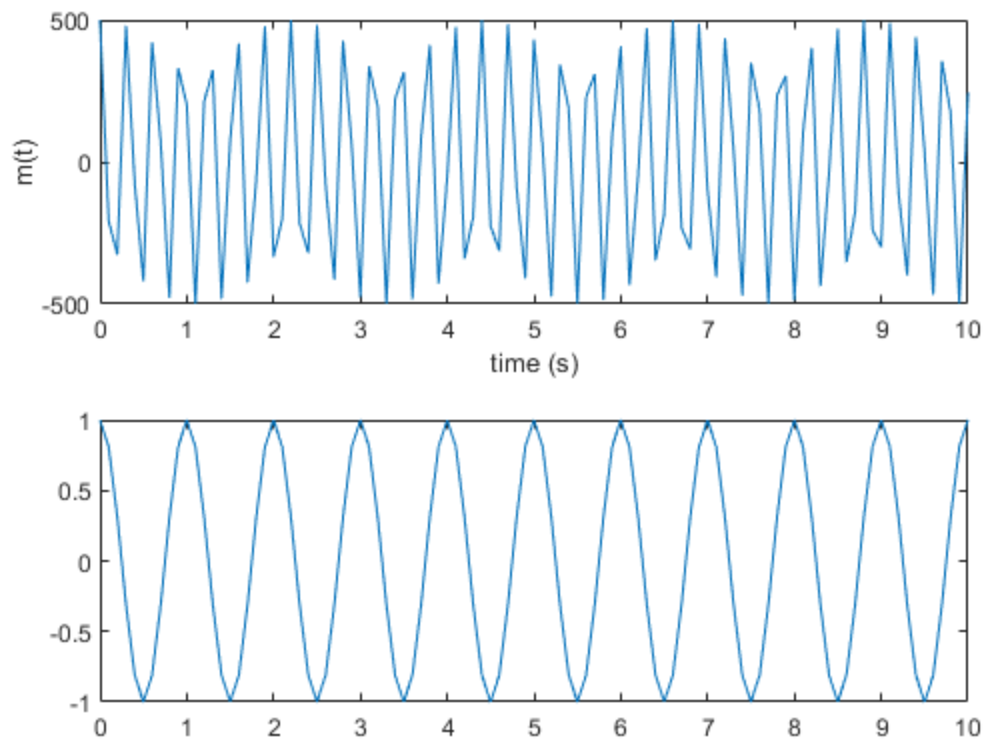


Problem 3b

```
clc
D_f = 1 * 10^6; % rad/(V?s)
w_l = 2 * pi * 1000;

m_f_t = (-20*w_l*sin(w_l*t))/(D_f );
sft = cos(2*pi*fc*t + m_f_t);
%V_f_t = ;
mx = max(sft);
plot(t,sft)
fprintf('FM = cos(2*pi*fc*t + (-20*w_l*sin(w_l*t))/(D_f ))')
fprintf('\nFrequency = w_l = %f kHz',w_l)
fprintf('\nPeak value = %d',mx)

FM = cos(2*pi*fc*t + (-20*w_l*sin(w_l*t))/(D_f ))
Frequency = w_l = 6283.185307 kHz
Peak value = 1
```



Problem 3c

```
clc
A = 500;
R_load = 50;%Ohm
PEP = (A^2) / (2*R_load);
P_avg = PEP;

fprintf('P_avg = PEP = %d W',round(PEP))

P_avg = PEP = 2500 W
```

Problem 4a

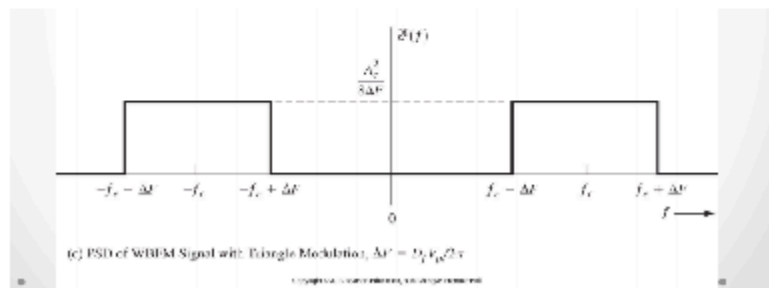
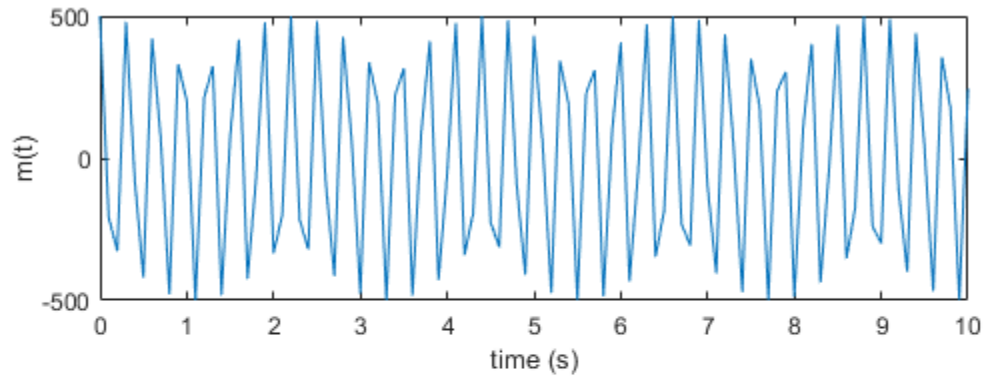
$$s(t) = A_c \cos[w_c t + D_f * \int m(\sigma) d\sigma]$$

```
A_c = 100; %V
f_c = 420; %MHz
w_c = 2*pi*f_c;
%V_pp=(10 to 5)=15V
%25kHz = D_f/2? (15)=
D_f = (25000*2*pi)/15;
fprintf('D_f = %d Hz/V',round(D_f))

D_f = 10472 Hz/V
```

Problem 4b

```
I = imread('pds.png');
imshow(I)
% where
```



$$\frac{A_c^2}{8 * D_f} = 0.119$$

$$\Delta F = D_f V_p / 2\pi = 25000.06$$

$$f_c = 420 MHz$$

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