README.md 2/10/2021

INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE

The purpose of this exercise is to practice using inserting, updating, and deleting rows in database tables using Structured Query Language (SQL).

Learning Objectives

After completing this exercise, students will understand:

- How to insert data using the INSERT statement.
- How to update data using the **UPDATE** statement.
- How to delete data using the **DELETE** statement.

Evaluation Criteria & Functional Requirements

- All of the DML statements run as expected.
- The number of rows affected matches the number of rows specified for each question.
- You have responded to all questions in the file.
- Code is clean, concise, and readable.

To complete this exercise, you need to write SQL queries in the constraints-and-transactions.sql file. Below each commented out question, you'll write the query necessary to answer the question being asked using the world database as the source.

Getting Started

- Open the constraints-and-transactions.sql file in DB Visualizer.
- If you have not done so already, create the dvdstore database. The script for this should be available in today's lecture code.
- In the "Database Connection" properties above the file, select the dvdstore database.
- You can run all of the database commands in the file at one time by pressing the command + enter key at the same time.
- You can run a single database command at a time by highlighting the command and then pressing the command + enter key at the same time.

Tips and Tricks

- The INSERT statement adds rows of data (records) to a database table.
- The **UPDATE** statement updates existing data in a table.
- The DELETE statement deletes data from a table.
- IMPORTANT: Be sure to include a WHERE clause when you are updating or deleting data from a table unless you intend to update or delete ALL rows in the table.
- Using transactions is a great way to quickly get a database back into the state it was in before you ran statements. Consider doing this as you work through the exercises to avoid the need to restore your database.