

Edge processed	Collection of disjoint sets									
initial sets	{a}	{ <i>b</i> }	{c}	{ <i>d</i> }	{e}	{ <i>f</i> }	{g}	{h}	{ <i>i</i> }	{ <i>j</i> }
(b,d)	{a}	{ <i>b</i> , <i>d</i> }	$\{c\}$		$\{e\}$	{ <i>f</i> }	{g}	$\{h\}$	$\{i\}$	{ <i>j</i> }
(e,g)	{a}	{ <i>b</i> , <i>d</i> }	$\{c\}$		$\{e,g\}$	{ <i>f</i> }		$\{h\}$	$\{i\}$	{ <i>j</i> }
(a,c)	{a,c}	{ <i>b</i> , <i>d</i> }			$\{e,g\}$	{ <i>f</i> }		$\{h\}$	$\{i\}$	{ <i>j</i> }
(h,i)	{a,c}	{ <i>b</i> , <i>d</i> }			$\{e,g\}$	{ <i>f</i> }		$\{h,i\}$		{ <i>j</i> }
(a,b)	{a,b,c,d}				$\{e,g\}$	{ <i>f</i> }		$\{h,i\}$		$\{j\}$
(e,f)	{a,b,c,d}				$\{e,f,g\}$			$\{h,i\}$		{ <i>j</i> }
(b,c)	{a,b,c,d}				$\{e,f,\!g\}$			$\{h,i\}$		{ <i>j</i> }
				(b)						

Figure 21.1 (a) A graph with four connected components: $\{a, b, c, d\}$, $\{e, f, g\}$, $\{h, i\}$, and $\{j\}$. (b) The collection of disjoint sets after processing each edge.

CONNECTED-COMPONENTS (G)

- 1 for each vertex $v \in G.V$
- 2 MAKE-SET(ν)
- 3 for each edge $(u, v) \in G.E$
- 4 **if** FIND-SET(u) \neq FIND-SET(v)
- 5 UNION(u, v)

SAME-COMPONENT(u, v)

- 1 **if** FIND-SET(u) == FIND-SET(v)
- 2 return TRUE
- 3 else return FALSE

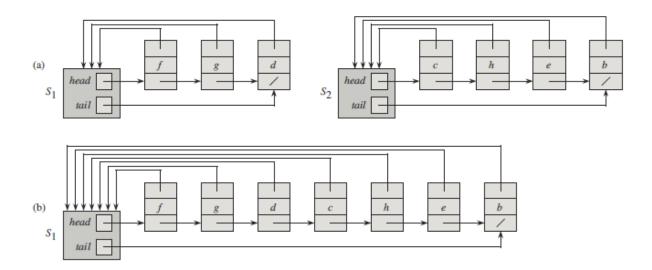


Figure 21.2 (a) Linked-list representations of two sets. Set S_1 contains members d, f, and g, with representative f, and set S_2 contains members b, c, e, and h, with representative c. Each object in the list contains a set member, a pointer to the next object in the list, and a pointer back to the set object. Each set object has pointers *head* and *tail* to the first and last objects, respectively. (b) The result of UNION (g, e), which appends the linked list containing e to the linked list containing e. The representative of the resulting set is e. The set object for e's list, e0, is destroyed.