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and identification of flowering plants. This can be illustrated through semitechnical descriptions of families. Hence, a flowering plant is described in a definite sequence by using scientific terms. The floral features are represented in the summarised form as floral diagrams and floral formula.

EXERCISES

- 1. How is a pinnately compound leaf different from a palmately compound leaf?
- 2. Explain with suitable examples the different types of phyllotaxy.
- 3. Define the following terms:
 - (a) aestivation
- (b) placentation
- (c) actinomorphic

- (d) zygomorphic
- (e) superior ovary
- (f) perigynous flower

- (g) epipetalous stamen
- 4. Differentiate between
 - (a) Racemose and cymose inflorescence
 - (b) Apocarpous and syncarpous ovary
- 5. Draw the labelled diagram of the following:
 - (i) gram seed (ii) V.S. of maize seed
- 6. Take one flower of the family Solanaceae and write its semi-technical description. Also draw their floral diagram.
- 7. Describe the various types of placentations found in flowering plants.
- 8. What is a flower? Describe the parts of a typical angiosperm flower.
- 9. Define the term inflorescence. Explain the basis for the different types inflorescence in flowering plants.
- 10. Describe the arrangement of floral members in relation to their insertion on thalamus.