



# Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Petroleum Technology

Mid Semester Examination, 2021-22

B. Tech, Second Semester (EE, CS, IDD, IT, MC)

Fundamental of Electronics Engineering (ECE 102)

Maximum Marks: 100

Maximum Time: 2 Hours

Note: There are eight problems, and all are compulsory. Be very precise, while answering the questions.

Pb.1. For the network shown in Figure 1.

..... 15 Marks

- Design the network of Figure 1, to maintain  $V_L$  at 12 V for a load variation  $I_L$  from 0 mA to 200 mA. That is determine  $R_S$  and  $V_Z$ .
- Determine  $P_Z$  max for the Zener diode of part (a).
- If load current is maintained at 100 mA, find the range of input voltage which can be applied to get a constant 12 V across the load. (Consider the value of  $R_S$  from part a)

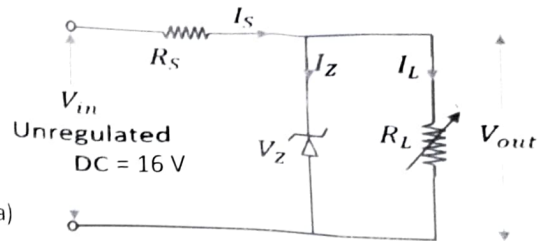


Figure 1

- Pb.2. a. Determine output waveform for the network shown in Figure 2.1 (Treat diode as an Ideal diode).  
b. Make a series clipper circuit for getting same output waveform (for same input).  
c. Find out output waveform of Figure 2.2 (Treat diode as an Ideal diode).

..... 15 Marks

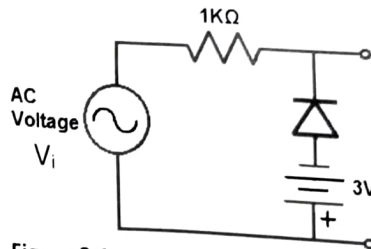
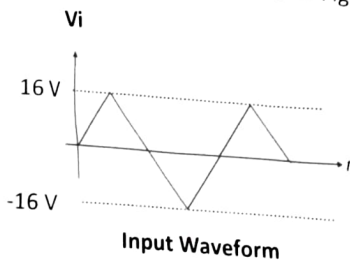


Figure 2.1

Output Waveform

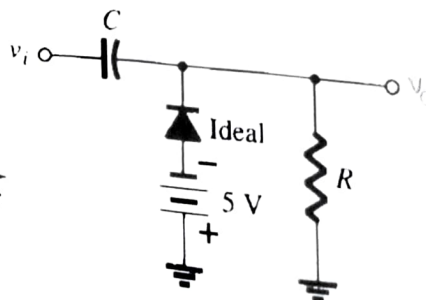
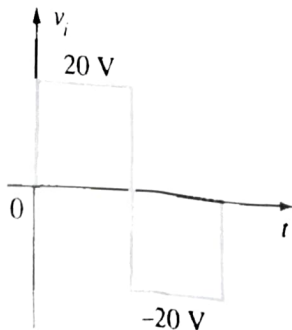


Figure 2.2

- Pb.3. a. Determine  $V_o$ ,  $I_1$ ,  $I_{D1}$  &  $I_{D2}$  for the parallel diode configuration (Figure 3.1).  
b. Sketch  $V_o$  for the given network (Figure 3.2) and determine the DC voltage available.

..... 10 Marks

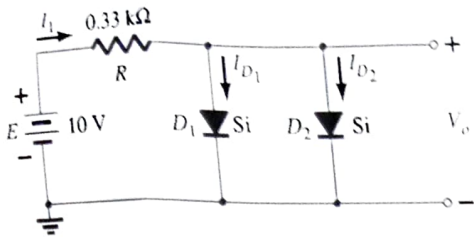


Figure 3.1

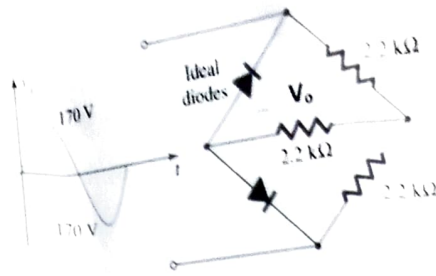


Figure 3.2

**Pb.4.** Follow the nodal analysis procedure to find out the node voltages  $V_1, V_2, V_3, V_4$  and branch voltage  $V_x$  for the given circuit (Figure 4). ..... 15 Marks

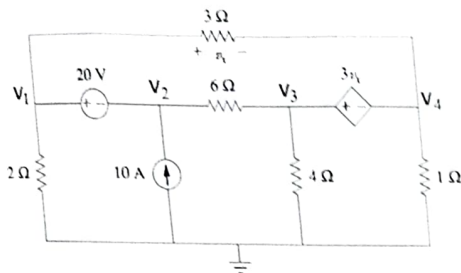


Figure 4

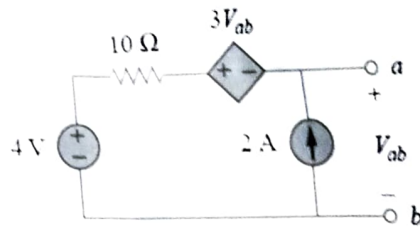


Figure 5

**Pb.5.** Define Superposition theorem. Find the terminal voltage  $V_{ab}$  using superposition theorem (Figure 5). ..... 7 Marks

**Pb.6.** Determine the Thevenin equivalent and Norton equivalent of the circuit in Figure 6 at terminals a-b. .... 8 Marks

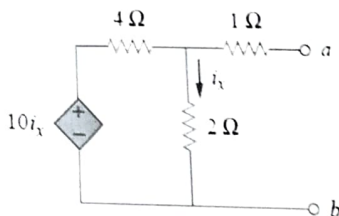


Figure 6

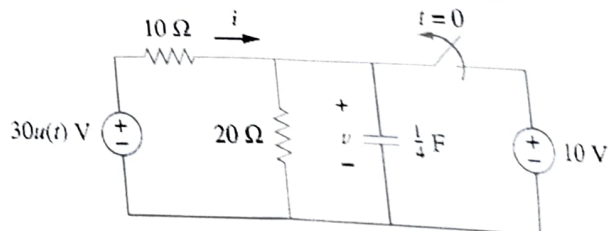


Figure 7

**Pb.7.** In Figure 7, the switch has been closed for a long time and is opened at  $t = 0$ . Find  $i$  and  $v$  for all time. *remove that*

**Pb.8. a.** In Figure 8.1, convert all elements into frequency domain and make equivalent frequency domain circuit. .... 15 Marks

**b.** Find Thevenin equivalent circuit of Figure 8.2 across a-b. .... 15 Marks

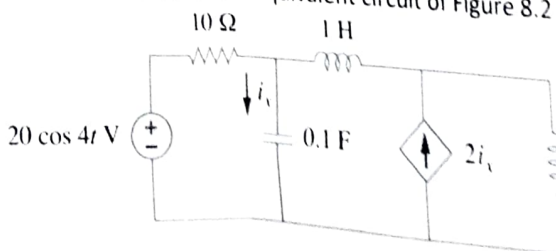


Figure 8.1

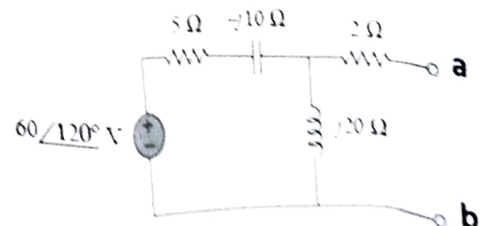


Figure 8.2