## **Heaps, Heapsort - Solution**

If in the exam you are asked to <u>delete</u> or <u>remove</u> or <u>extract</u> from a heap, it means delete the max element (if a max-heap) or the min element (in a min-heap). If asked to <u>delete x</u> (or <u>remove x</u> or <u>extract x</u>) then you must delete the element x.

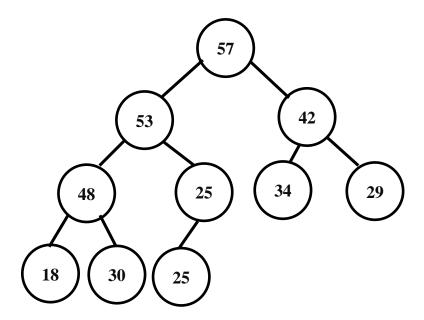
Any question that would ask to modify/adapt an algorithm, would provide the original code/pseudocode for that algorithm.

You must be able to write the code for the methods discussed in class.

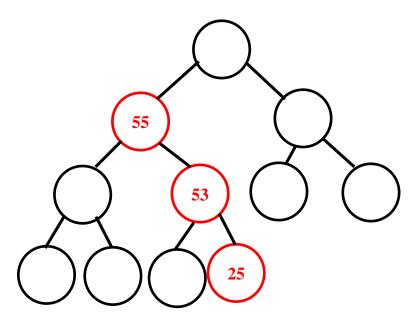
- 1. Book (CLRS) heaps, heapsort
  - a. 6.1-1, 6.1-4, 6.1-5, 61.1-6 (CLRS 3-rd edition, page 153)
  - b. 6.2-1 to 6.2-6 (CLRS, page 156)
  - c. 6.3-1, 6.3-2
  - d. 6.4-1, 6.4-3
  - e. 6.5-1, 6.5-2, 6.5-6, 6.5-7, 6.5-8, 6.5-9. Also questions 6.5-3 and 6.5-4 (the code for the methods referred in the questions, would be provided in the exam in this case).

## **P2.** (Heap operations. No code needed.)

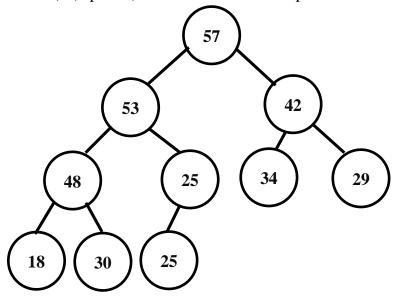
a) (7 points) Insert 55 in the max-heap below. Show all the changes to the heap. (I Changed 5 to 55 to make it a more interesting example.)



Redraw the heap and leave white the nodes whose value did not change and show values only in the modified nodes.



**b)** (7 points) Perform one Extract operation on the heap below.



Redraw the heap and leave white the nodes whose value did not change and show values only in the modified nodes.

