

# FIFO Queues

CSE 2320 – Algorithms and Data Structures  
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# FIFO Queues

- *First-in first-out (FIFO)* queues.
- Examples of uses of FIFO queues:
  - Program execution:
    - Requests for access to memory, disk, network...
  - Resource allocation:
    - Forwarding network traffic in network switches and routers.
  - Search algorithms.
    - More details later in the course

# Put and Get

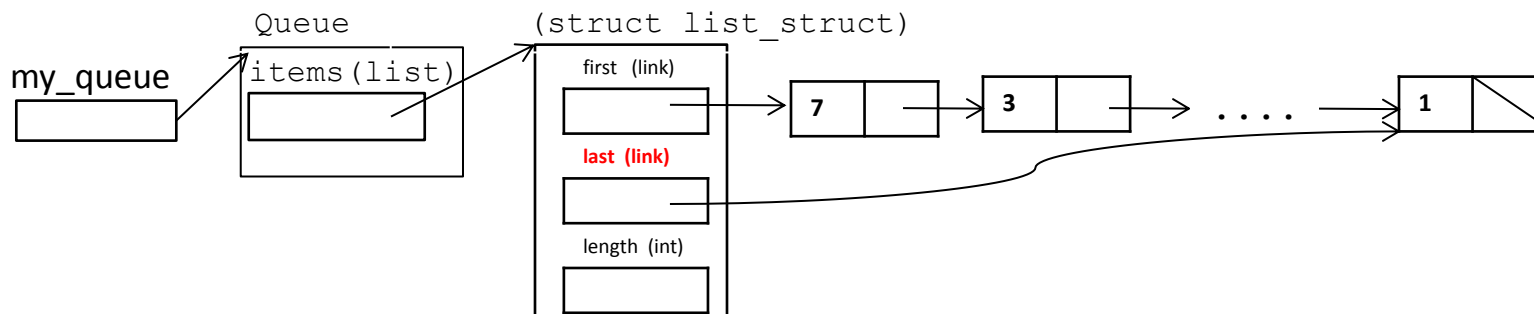
- The FIFO queue supports **insert** and **delete** as follows:
  - **insert, put** - puts an item "at the end of the line".
  - **delete, get:** - removes the item from "the head of the line".
- How can we implement FIFO queues?

# FIFO Queues Using Lists

- A FIFO queue is essentially a list.
- **put(queue, item)** inserts that item at the **end** of the list.
- **get(queue)** removes (and returns) the item at the **beginning** of the list.
- What is the running time of these operations?

# FIFO Queues Using Lists

- A FIFO queue is essentially a list.
- **put(queue, item)** inserts that item at the **end** of the list.
- **get(queue)** removes (and returns) the item at the **beginning** of the list.
- Both operations take  $O(1)$  time.
  - Assumption: the list data type contains a pointer to the last element.



# FIFO Queues Using Arrays

- How do we implement queues using arrays?
- A queue can be defined like this:

```
typedef struct queue_struct * queue;
struct queue_struct
{
    int max_size;
    int start_index;
    int end_index;
    int * items;
};
```

- **end\_index** tells us where to put a new item.
- **start\_index** tells us where to remove an item from.

# Array-Based Queue: Example

```
typedef struct queue_struct * queue;  
struct queue_struct {  
    int max_size;  
    int start_index;  
    int end_index;  
    int * items;  
};
```

Conventions:

— place where the new item will be added (end\_index).

underline: first item in the queue (start\_index).

x – put(x)

\* – get()

put(15)

put(20)

get()

put(30)

put(7)

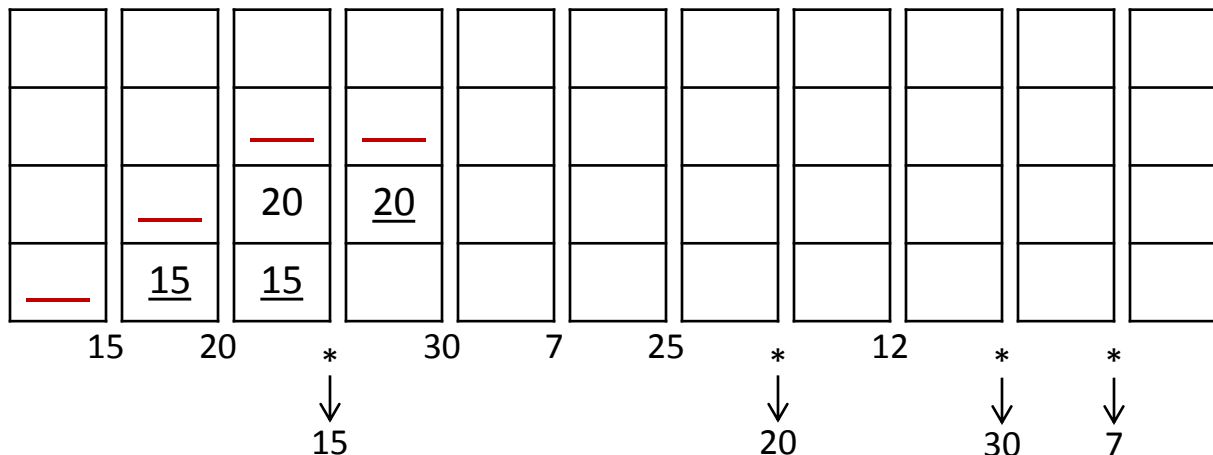
put(25)

get()

put(12)

get()

get()



# Array-Based Queue: Example

```
typedef struct queue_struct * queue;
struct queue_struct {
    int max_size;
    int start_index;
    int end_index;
    int * items;
};
```

Conventions:

— place where the new item will be added (end\_index).

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get()

