Lab Report – 7

Autoencoders, Object Detection

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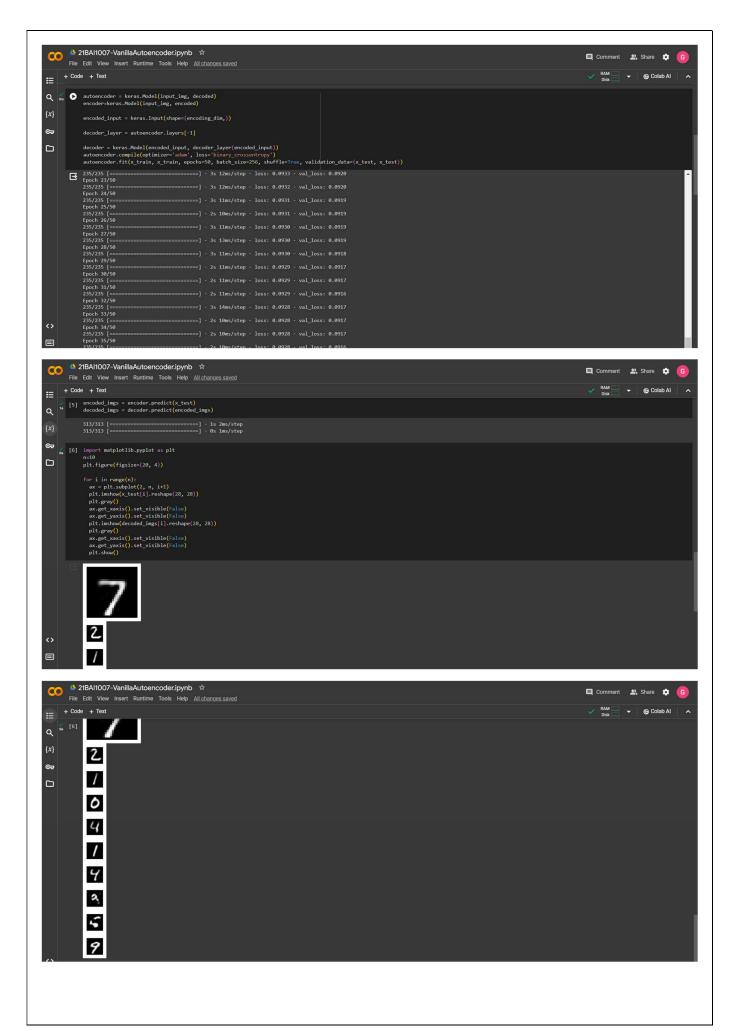
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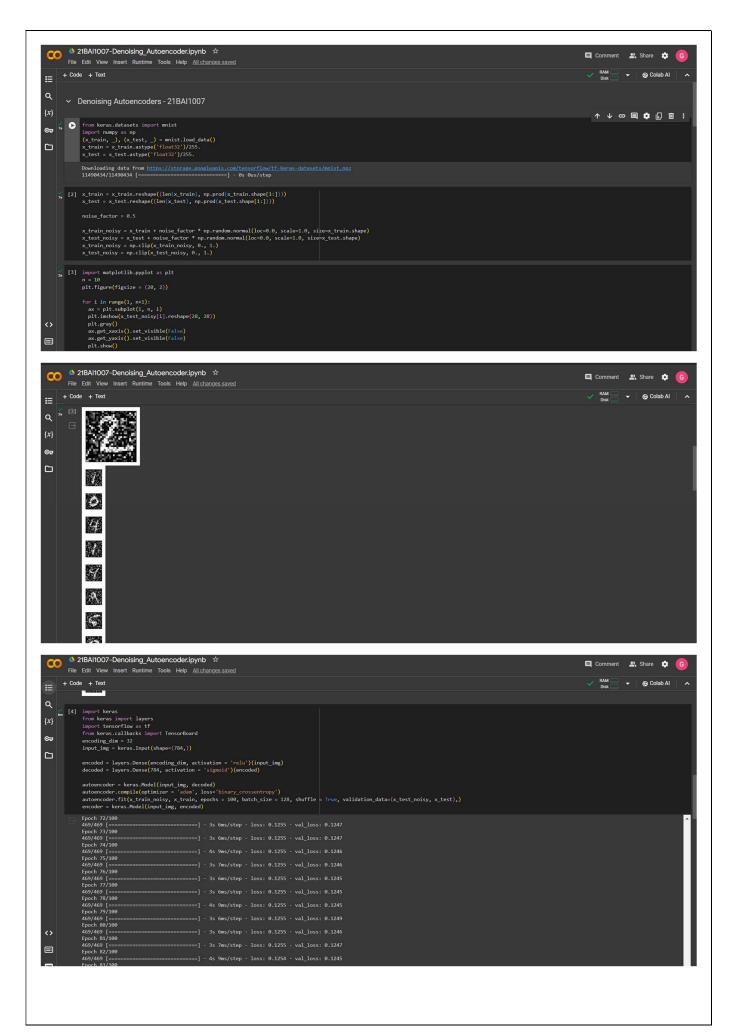
Aim

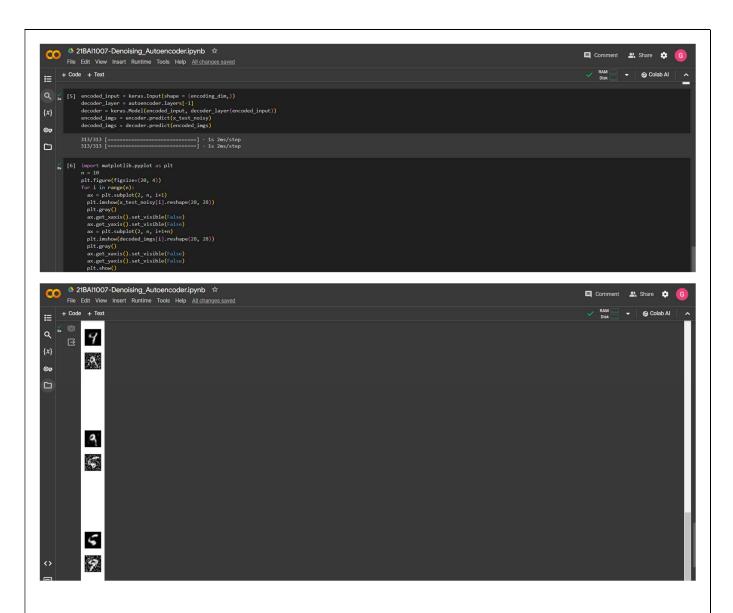
- 1. Execute the two sample programs, one for vanilla autoencoder and one for denoising autoencoder on the MNIST dataset.
- 2. Create an object detection model using YOLO that detects the eyes and face.
- 3. Using autoencoders, implement the dimensionality reduction of MNIST handwritten image dataset.

Observations and Output

For the sample code







For Face Detection Model using YOLO

Code:

```
from ultralytics import YOLO
import cv2
import math
# start webcam
cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
cap.set(3, 640)
cap.set(4, 480)

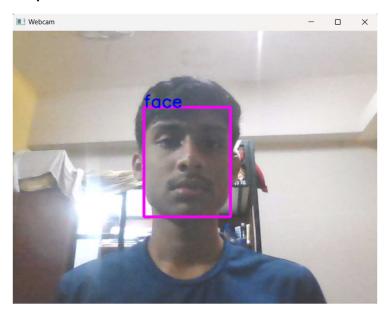
# model
model = YOLO("yolov8n-face.pt")

# object classes
classNames = ["face"]

while True:
    success, img = cap.read()
    results = model(img, stream=True)
```

```
for r in results:
        boxes = r.boxes
            x1, y1, x2, y2 = box.xyxy[0]
            x1, y1, x2, y2 = int(x1), int(y1), int(x2), int(y2) # convert
            cv2.rectangle(img, (x1, y1), (x2, y2), (255, 0, 255), 3)
            confidence = math.ceil((box.conf[0]*100))/100
            print("Confidence --->", confidence)
            cls = int(box.cls[0])
            print("Class name -->", classNames[cls])
            org = [x1, y1]
            font = cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX
            fontScale = 1
            cv2.putText(img, classNames[cls], org, font, fontScale, color,
thickness)
    cv2.imshow('Webcam', img)
    if cv2.waitKey(1) == ord('q'):
        break
cap.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

Output:



For dimensionality reduction using Autoencoders △ 21BAI1007-DimReduction-MNIST.ipynb ☆ Comment 2 Share File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved + Code + Text ✓ T4 RAM 🚽 🔻 😥 Colab Al 🔥 ⊨ Q Dimensionality Reduction of MNIST Dataset using AutoEncoders **⊙**⊒ [1] import numpy as np import attplotlib.pyplot as plt from keras.dasaets import mnist from keras.models import Model, Sequential from keras.myers import Reshape, Flatten, Dense, Lambda from keras import losses Loading the data [2] (train_images, _), (test_images, _) = mnist.load_data() Scaling the data [3] # Scaling x_train = train_images.astype('float32')/255. x_test = test_images.astype('float32')/255. print(x_train.shape) print(x_test.shape) △ 21BAI1007-DimReduction-MNIST.ipynb ☆ Comment 2 Share 🌣 🜀 + Code + Text ✓ T4 RAM → 😥 Colab Al 🔥 Creating the Autoencoder model {x} | In | latent_dim = 64 class Autoencoder(Model): def __init__(self, latent_dim): super(Autoencoder, self).__init__() self.latent_dim = latent_dim self.encoder = Sequential([**⊙** elf.encoder = Sequential([Flatten(), Dense(latent_dim, activation='<mark>relu</mark>'), self.decoder = Sequential([Dense(784, activation='sigmoid'), Reshape((28, 28)), def call(self, x): encoded = self.encoder(x) decoded = self.decoder(encoded) return decoded [5] autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss=losses.MeanSquaredError()) 21BAI1007-DimReduction-MNIST.ipynb 🌣 Comment Share 🌣 🕝 ✓ T4 RAM 🚽 🔻 🚱 Colab Al 🔥 ∷⊟ Train the model autoencoder.fit(x_train, x_train, epochs=20, shuffle=True) ©-,

