chi-square-test

November 20, 2024

[7]: #State the Hypotheses:

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#Null Hypothesis (H0): There is no significant association between the type of \Box
       →smart home device purchased (Smart Thermostats vs. Smart Lights) and the
       ⇔customer satisfaction level.
      #Alternative Hypothesis (H1): There is a significant association between the
       →type of smart home device purchased (Smart Thermostats vs. Smart Lights) and
       → the customer satisfaction level.
 [8]: import numpy as np
      from scipy.stats import chi2_contingency,chi2
      # Given data
      observed = np.array([[50, 70, 120],
                           [80, 100, 180],
                           [60, 90, 150],
                           [30, 50, 80],
                           [20, 50, 70]])
 [9]: # Compute the chi-square statistic and p-value
      chi2_stat, p_val, dof, expected = chi2_contingency(observed)
[10]: # Print the chi-square statistic and p-value
      print("Chi-Square Statistic:", chi2_stat)
      print("Degrees of Freedom:", dof)
      print("P-value:", p_val)
     Chi-Square Statistic: 5.638227513227513
     Degrees of Freedom: 8
     P-value: 0.687682126979996
[11]: # Determine the critical value
      alpha = 0.05
      # Make a decision
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if p_val < alpha:
    print("Reject the null hypothesis.")
    print("There is a significant association between the type of smart home
    device purchased and the customer satisfaction level.")
else:
    print("Fail to reject the null hypothesis.")
    print("There is no significant association between the type of smart home
    device purchased and the customer satisfaction level.")</pre>
```

Fail to reject the null hypothesis.

There is no significant association between the type of smart home device purchased and the customer satisfaction level.