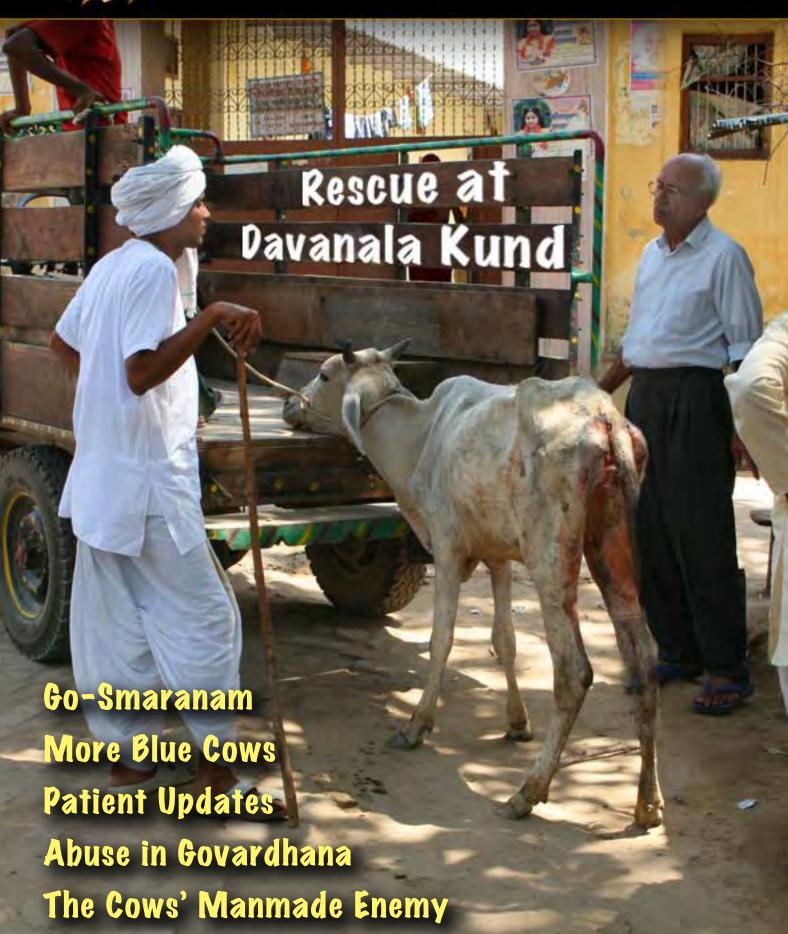


CARE FOR COWS

N VRINDAVAN





Polythene - Cows'



Ready for a trip to the Mathura Veterinary College





Dr Lavania slowly administers magnesium iv

Gokarna has been at CFC for nine weeks and most of that time he's been in need of medical care for various illnesses.

Featuring in the August CFC
newsletter with his recovery from a
long night of seizures and fits,
Gokarna became stronger and mobile
over the next few weeks. But then
one day he could not stand on his
own properly and he would fall
down if another calf brushed by him.

Gokarna was taken to the
Mathura Veterinary College for a
check up and doctors suspected
there were foreign objects in his
rumen, most likely ingested
polythene bags, that cannot be
passed out of the system, and cannot
break down on their own. Discarded
plastic bags are a major health
hazard for cows rummaging through
rubbish heaps in Vrindavan.

Surgery was suggested to remove

the foreign objects, but it was not advisable until Gokarna recovered more strength to bear the stress of an operation. Meantime blood tests were run and Gokarna was thereafter treated for a blood infection shown up in the test results.

Dr RP Pandey of Mathura Vet College set up a week long program of dextrose drips, vitamin and mineral shots and digestive tonics to help Gokarna regain strength. Pavan, one of CFC medical assistants, took up the responsibility of Gokarna's full time carer, administering his medication, assisting him while standing up three times a day, physio twice a day, passive exercise, massage and feeding. After the week long effort of supportive therapy, Gokarna's condition was much the same and surgery was again deferred by his doctor.

For four weeks Gokarna and

Pavan continued with their daily routine, and Dr Lavania took on the challenge to try and save Gokarna, coming to the goshala almost every day to monitor and treat him.

Some days Gokarna was down with fever and too weak to stand, then other days he seemed brighter and had renewed strength and a good appetite, which gave us all hope. After one month of trying practically everything, and seeing Gokarna's deteriorating condition, doctors advised that he may not recover. Dr Lavania commented that if it were not for the love and care Gokarna was receiving, he would not have made it this far. The doctor advised that now surgery was Gokarna's only chance of survival.

His surgery is scheduled for early October, and meantime he's on a booster program so he will have the maximum strength for recovery.

Manmade Enemy





Tucked in for the night, Gokarna rests peacefully

An emblem of courage and determination

Meet Maharani

Maharani is our seven-year-old power-house — one of the most dynamic cows in the herd.

In 2002 she had a miscarriage followed by a vagina prolapse and a vet told her Vrajabasi owner that she would not be able to bear offspring. Thus she sadly brought Maharani to Care for Cows and asked that we look after her. Because of her natural beauty and her gentle nature, Maharani soon became the favorite of the cowherd men.

We soon noticed that besides the gentle side she showed to people, she had another side which was domineering towards



other members of the herd and which very soon established her as a leader. She was wise enough, however, not to challenge Krsna and carefully formed an alliance with him.

Dr. Lavania regularly treated her prolapse and after a year it was corrected. Other than that she has always been perfectly healthy and extremely energetic.

Like a natural athlete she seizes every opportunity to exercise and strengthen her neck and legs. Sparring with Padmalochana and the other bulls is her favorite activity. Nandi was her best match (See the March 2006 issue).

After the morning feeding she often becomes animated and sprints around the one-acre resting pen or in the field on the hill. She struts and jumps, scourges the earth with her hooves and horns or seeks out suitable challengers to spar with.

Her enthusiasm for exercise often incites the rest of the herd into a short frolicking stampede.







Maharani upon arrival in May 2002

Relaxing in the barnyard









Life on the Streets









Rescue at Davanala Kund

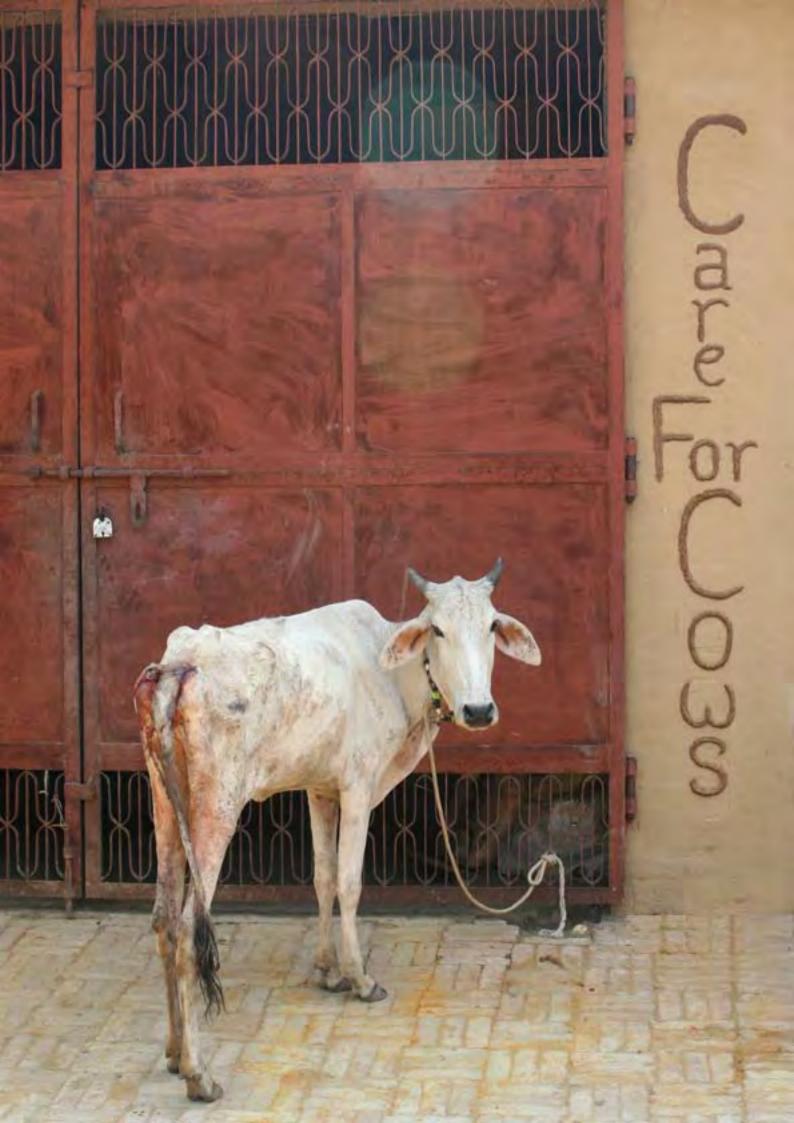
One morning our good friend Dr. Lavania saw an abandoned cow in the neighborhood surrounding Davanala Kunda. She was emaciated and had several abrasions, the most serious being under her tail.

He asked some some standers-by to restrain her while he removed the many maggots from her deep wounds and doused the cow with disinfectant. He knew, however, that if the cow was not protected and administered ongoing

treatment, crows would continue pecking at the wounds and it would be a matter of hours before flies again infested her with larvae.

He called us and asked for help and we were happy as it gave us an











The new patient is offered a welcoming snack, a disinfectant scrub and a new skirt to keep the crows from pecking her wounds.

opportunity to use our modest ambulance which had just been donated by a servant of Radha Mohan.

Upon arrival several men sipping tea under a large neem tree bordering the kunda were happy to learn that the cow was going to be cared for and readily offered assistance. While she is at least four years old it took only three men to load her on the truck since she is only skin and bones.

While loading her we noticed that her entire coat was covered with clusters of countless ticks draining

her of the little life she had left. Healthy cows have a sweet fragrance but this sorry one smelled of rotting flesh covered with dysentery.

She was first given
a thorough bath with a
solution to eliminate the
ticks so the rest of the
herd would not be infected.
Since the wounds under
her tail could not be
dressed, we made her a
skirt to ward off the flies
and crows. Then she was
offered all the nourishing
food she could eat.

Fluid began to collect under her jaw between her

chin and neck which is a symptom of anemia. Dr. Lanavia ordered that her wounds should be cleansed daily and that she be allowed to eat as much as she wants.

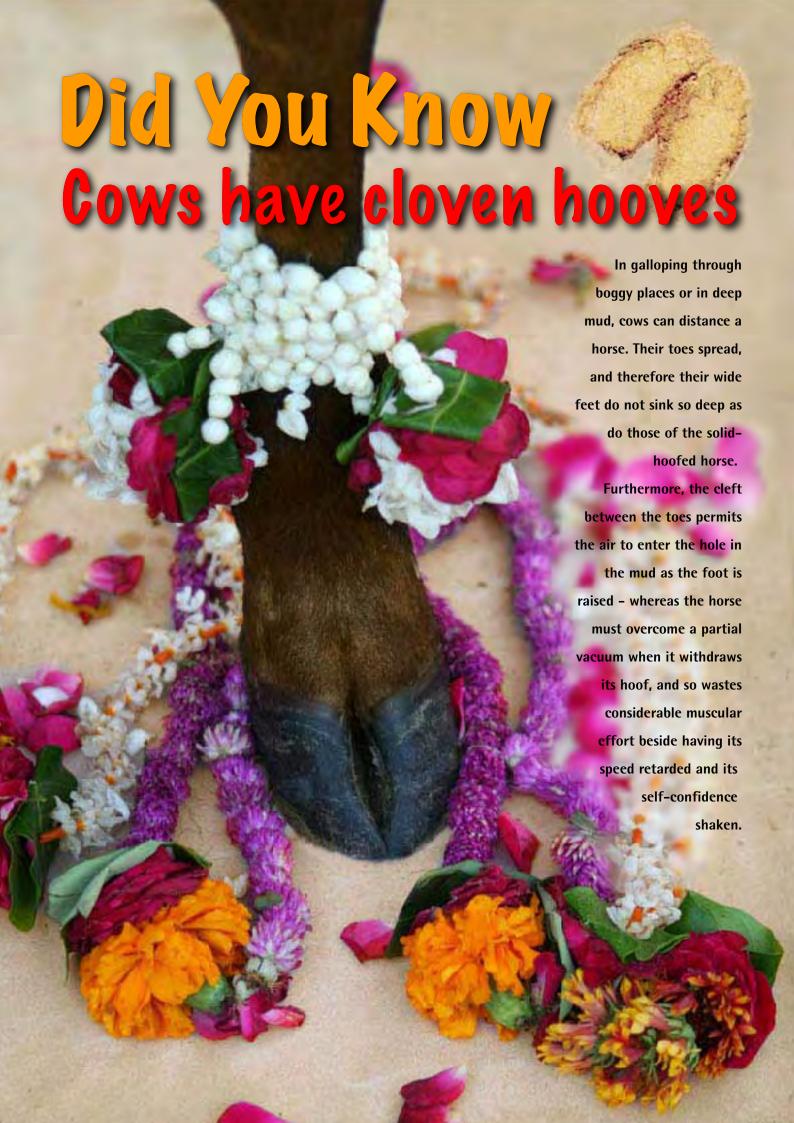
She has been named

Davanala Devi and we
hope this gentle creature
will continue her rapid
improvement and stay with
us the rest of her life.



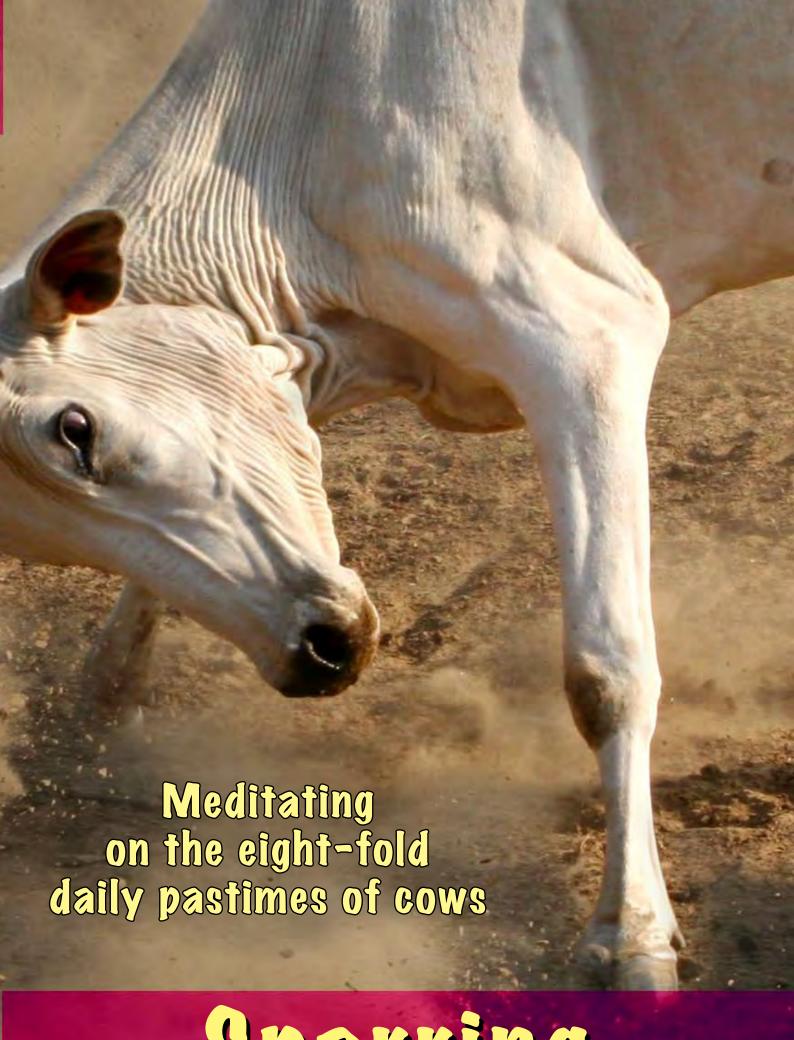


The genital area of the cow is one of the fastest areas to heal









Sparring





Sparring is an activity cows and bulls perform from infancy to old age.

It is a form of exercise as well as a method to determine their place in the herd hierarchy.

Sparring usually takes place between to contestants but we have observed group bouts with as many as five.

The general procedure is

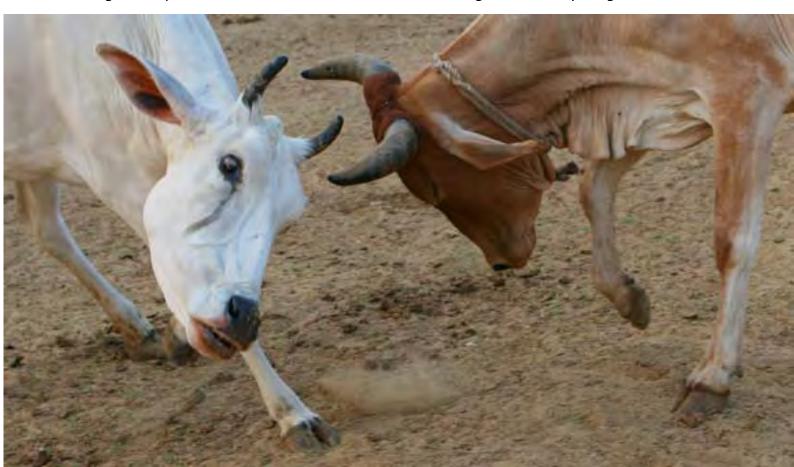
that the challenger stands opposite his rival and butts his head against his. Sometimes this is preceded by snorting and scratching the ground with the front hooves.

The same procedure takes place in an actual fight, but in sparring there is no attempt to hurt or injure the opponent — only to establish who is stronger

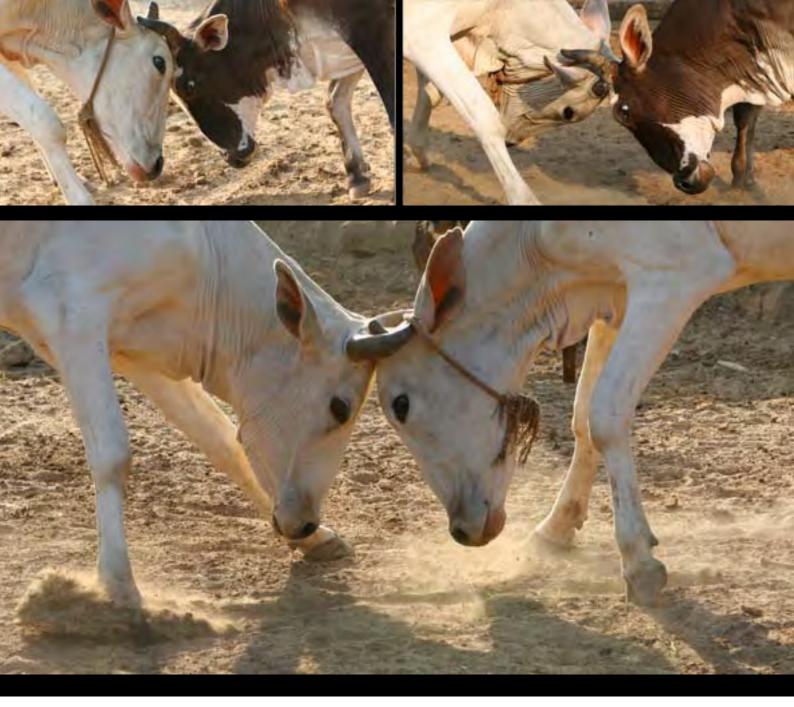
and more agile.

While the size of the horns play an important part, stamina, competitive spirit, desire to dominate, and fortitude most often determine the victor.

Those sparring matches that take place between younger and older, or smaller and larger bovines are akin to training lessons. The young calves who







regularly spar with older and stronger rivals who they can't possible defeat learn the art quickly and are destined to become the future champions.

When the contestants are equally matched and

both have a domineering nature, there is every chance the bout can turn into a heated fight where broken horns, gorging or gouging of the eyes can result. In such cases an effective way to break up

the fight is to douse the combatants with one or more buckets of water.

In our herd heated battles rarely occur, more often sparring begins by gentle butting of heads and ends in smooching.



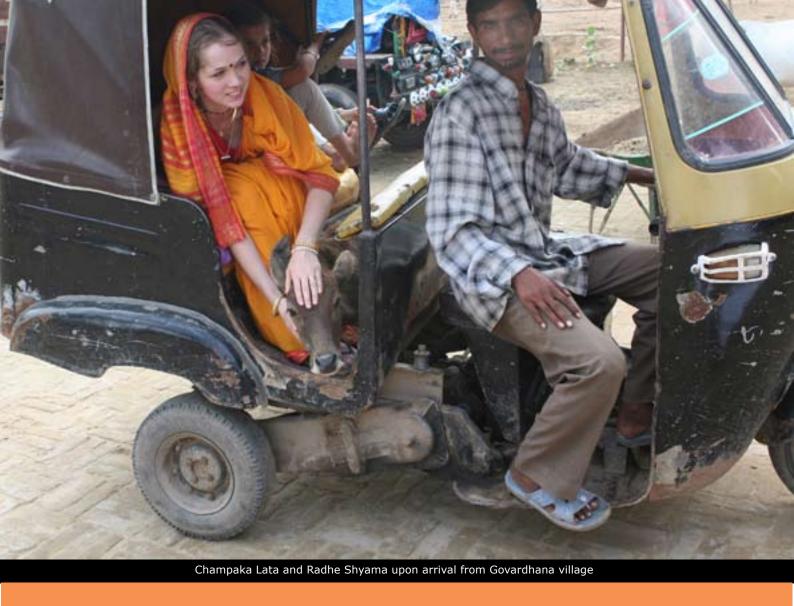






6 months of Care





Abuse in Govardhana?



Mayapur Chandra,
Champaka Lata and their
daughter Padmavati,
formerly of North Carolina,
now reside in Govardhana
and have taken an interest
in cow protection. They
are maintaining several
stray calves in front of their
home and recently rescued
a severely abused calf and

brought her to CFC and named her Radhe Shyama. What follows is Champaka Lata's report:

"We brought a female calf from Govardhana to Care for Cows in the beginning of September. Her owner was a lady who beat her cow in the face for upsetting a water bucket.

"The calf is severely malnourished. She was never allowed to drink a sufficient quantity of milk. Radhe Shyama was allowed to nurse for approximately 20 seconds — only enough time to inspire her mother to release her milk. Then after the udder had been squeezed dry by the owner, she was permitted to nurse for another minute.

"A couple of times I watched horrified as her owners dragged her on her knees away from her mother when her legs had buckled under her. She was so weak that once she had fallen or sat down, she was unable to get up on her own. Her owners would yell and beat her to force her to rise. And if that didn't work, they would just

drag her. The lacerations, scrapes and scars all over her legs indicate that this was common procedure.

"The calf's own mother never showed her any affection. It's as if the mother had also experienced similarly callous treatment to the point that she simply didn't know how to give affection. Or maybe she was shielding herself from the pain of watching her baby being so horribly mistreated. If she just looked away and pretended that the decrepit, scrawny little thing didn't exist she could spare herself the torment of her calf's sorry plight.

"One morning, I was horrified to find Radhe Shyama lying sprawled across the ground as if dead. Her mother was no longer giving milk, so the owners had untied the calf. (Oh, did I mention that they previously had her tied to such a short leash that she was unable to lift her head when standing?) But where would she go? She was too weak to even stand on her own.

"The owner lady fed me a sob story about how the calf had always been sick and how she had stayed up night after night trying to nurse her back to health. (Um.) She told me that now the calf had broken her leg which is why she lay on the ground looking half dead. When I asked her if she would call a doctor, she suddenly changed her story minimizing the calf's





needs. It was obvious that she intended to do nothing except yell some more and this only prompted the little calf to jerk in terror until she finally managed to get to an sitting position.

"We called Care for Cows and after a relatively eventless journey we brought our sorry little load to a sanctuary of peace, love and care.

"As soon as she arrived, we discovered her leg was not broken and she spent about an hour eating. She didn't seem terribly sick but that first night, she came down with fever and has been struggling with one ailment after another since.

"Thanks to the medical staff and the many supporters around the world Radhe Shyama now has a chance for a peaceful, healthy life."

Upon arrival Radhe
Shyama was given a
disinfecting bath and
thorough grooming. Next
several abrasions on her
body were attended to. We
noticed a minor eye injury
which Dr. Lavania treated
with a delicate injection
and it cleared up.

Of greatest concern is that pus is gathering in a large abcess spanning the whole side of her face. Drs. Lavania and Pandey have drained the abcess and removed all dead tissue from the cavity. We are expecting it to heal soon. Most encouraging is that Radhe Shyama has a great appetite.





On behalf of CFC Prem Sagar officially congradulates Champaka Lata for rescuing Radhe Shyama

Patient Update





Janardana and Radhika get to know each other

More Blue Cows

This month different villagers brought us two infant Neel Gai (Blue Cows). The female Radhika lost her mother and in a frantic search for milk made a pact with a village cow. Janardana's mother was hit and

killed by a train and while in shock, seized in a death grip by a hungry dog. Upon arrival his throat was so swollen he could not nurse so he had to be fed with a syringe. Both are now healthy and getting adjusted.









Canine teeth marks

Being fed milk with a syringe



These deer or antelope are called Blue Cows as they turn grayish-blue when they reach adulthood. Below is a photo of a full grown Neel Gai bull who weighs in at approximately 900 kilos. Only the bulls develop horns.



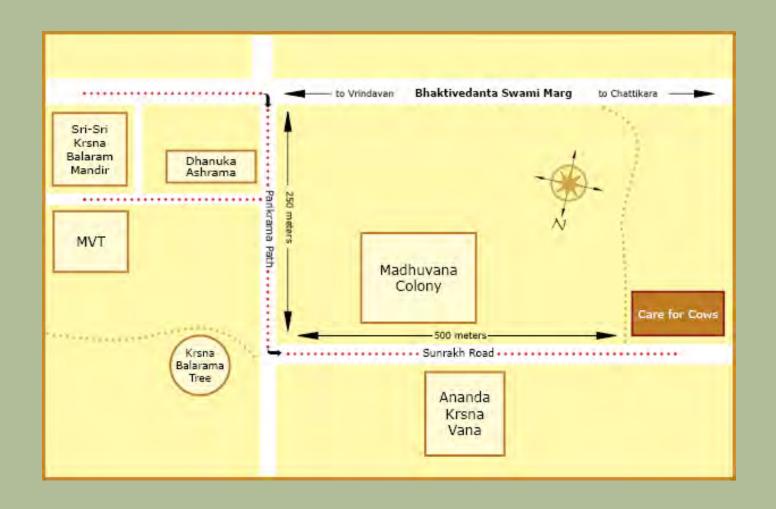


Celebrate Gopastami 5

Govardhan Puja with Care for Cows



Here's how to find us





Thank You From the Cows





The cows send their wholehearted thanks to all of you who assisted during August to feed, sponsor, contribute to the Life-Long Maintenance Fund, donate medical supplies and offer good advice.

Radha Jivan dasa, USA
Suresh Vagjiani, UK
Rohini Devi Dasi, Kenya
Jess Vincent, USA
Ekanath Dasa, USA
Nalini Kanta Dasa, USA
Prem Sujan, USA
Devanarayana dasa, Canada
Shamma Barath, South Africa
Buddhimanta dasa, New Zealand
Marianna Polanski, USA
Dina Sarana Dasa, USA
Prasanna Ceta Dasa, USA
Jaitrie Paul, USA

Asi-Kunda, Australia Hamsarupa dasa, USA Anonymous, Singapore Alex, Sheelpa, Devika-Youvana, UK Eric Hutson, USA Katyayani dd, USA Sascha Dinges, Germany, on behalf of Hermann and Yvonne Schwalm Rayan Koendjbiharie, Netherlands Nitananda Rama dasa, USA Daniel Laflor, Denmark Nalini Gogar, Netherlands Joris Maas, Netherlands Karunika Dasi, New Zealand Hari Priya Dasi. New Zealand Sastra Dasa, USA Bhakta Jason, Australia Uttama Caitanya Dasa, Malaysia Nepali Arjuna, UK Radha Caran, Krsna Mayi and Janaki, Poland