PIPG for Rendezvous

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PIPG Overview

PIPG

- Is a first order primal-dual conic optimizer
- Is easily verifiable
- Is factorization free
- Is an intuitive algorithm
- Is very fast (3-7x faster than ECOS)
- Can be coded in an afternoon
- Supports infeasibility detection

Comparison with ECOS

	ECOS	PIPG
Verification Ease	X	✓
Factorization Free	X	✓
Understandable	X	✓
Implementation Ease	X	✓
Infeasibility Detection	✓	✓
Tuning Free	✓	X

PIPG Algorithm

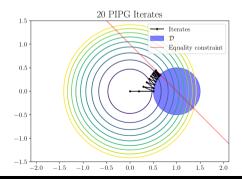
Optimization Problem

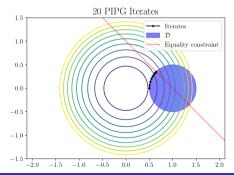
$$\min_{z} \quad \frac{1}{2}z^{\top}Pz + q^{\top}z$$
s.t.
$$Hz - h = 0$$

$$z \in \mathbb{D}$$

Algorithm

$$z^{k+1} \leftarrow \Pi_{\mathbb{D}} \left[z^k - \alpha (Pz^k + q + H^{\top} w^k) \right]$$
$$w^{k+1} \leftarrow w^k + \beta (H(2z^{k+1} - z^k) - h)$$

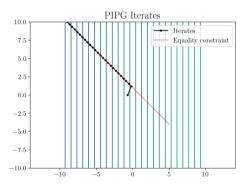


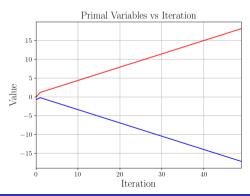


Infeasibility Detection - Dual Infeasibility

Dual Infeasibility Criteria:

$$\lim_{k\to\infty}\|z^{k+1}-z^k\|\neq 0$$

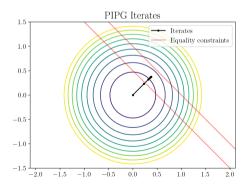


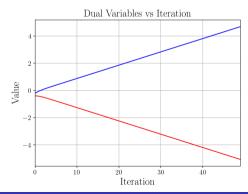


Infeasibility Detection - Primal Infeasibility

Primal Infeasibility Criteria:

$$\lim_{k\to\infty}\|w^{k+1}-w^k\|\neq 0$$





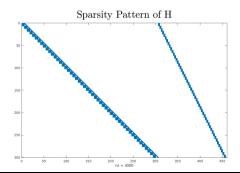
Structured Sparsity

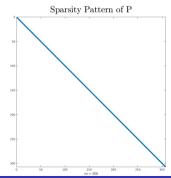
minimize
$$x_N^{\top}Q_Nx_N + \sum_{t=1}^{N-1} x_t^{\top}Q_tx_t + u_t^{\top}R_tu_t$$

subject to $x_{t+1} = A_tx_t + B_tu_t$, $x_t \in \mathbb{X}_t$, $u_t \in \mathbb{U}_t$

minimize
$$\frac{1}{2}z^{\top}Pz$$

subject to $Hz - h = 0, z \in \mathbb{D}$





Customization

$$\begin{aligned} & \underset{x_t, u_t}{\text{minimize}} & & x_N^\top Q_N x_N + \sum_{t=1}^{N-1} x_t^\top Q_t x_t + u_t^\top R_t u_t \\ & \text{subject to} & & x_{t+1} = A_t x_t + B_t u_t, \\ & & & x_t \in \mathbb{X}_t, \quad u_t \in \mathbb{U}_t \end{aligned}$$

minimize
$$\frac{1}{2}z^{\top}Pz$$

subject to $Hz - h = 0, z \in \mathbb{D}$

$$w_t \leftarrow v_t + \beta(x_{t+1} - A_t x_t - B_t u_t)$$

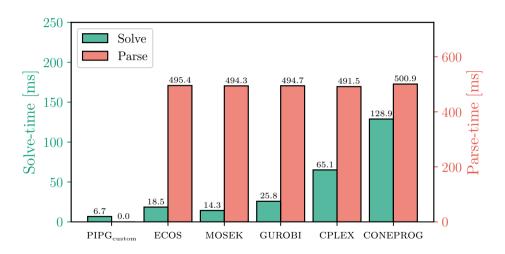
$$u_t \leftarrow \Pi_{\mathbb{U}_t} [u_t - \alpha(R_t u_t - B_t^\top w_{t-1})]$$

$$x_t \leftarrow \Pi_{\mathbb{X}_t} [x_t - \alpha(Q_t x_t + w_{t-1} - A_t^\top w_t)]$$

$$v_t \leftarrow v_t + \beta(x_{t+1} - A_t x_t - B_t u_t)$$

$$w \leftarrow v + \beta(Hz - h)$$
$$z \leftarrow \Pi_{\mathbb{D}}[z - \alpha(Pz + H^{\top}w)]$$
$$v \leftarrow v + \beta(Hz - h)$$

Parsing

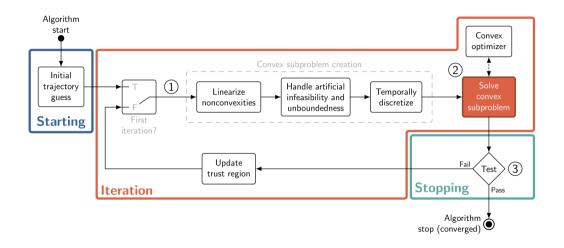


From Elango et al. SciTech 2021

Continuous-time Nonconvex Problem

$$\begin{array}{ll} \underset{t_f,\, x(t),\, u(t)}{\text{minimize}} & \int_0^{t_f} \|u(t)\|_2^2 \, dt \\ \\ \text{subject to} & \forall t \in [0,t_f) \\ \hline \text{CW Dynamics} & \dot{x}(t) = f(x(t),u(t)) \\ \hline \text{Max delta-v} & \|u(t)\|_2 \leq u_{\text{max}} \\ \hline \text{Keepout Zone} & \|r(t) - r_c\|_2 \geq \rho \\ \hline \hline \text{Max Speed} & \|v(t)\|_2 \leq v_{\text{max}} \\ \hline \text{Initial Conditions} & r(0) = r_i \\ & v(0) = v_i \\ \hline \hline \text{Terminal Conditions} & r(t_f) = 0_{3\times 1} \\ & v(t_f) = 0_{3\times 1} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

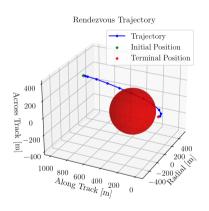
Successive Convex Programming (SCP)

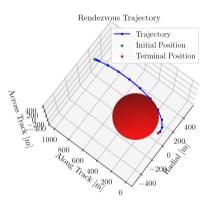


Discrete-time Convex Subproblem

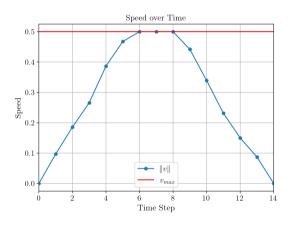
$$\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sigma, x, u}{\text{minimize}} & \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \|u_k\|_2^2 + w_{tr} \left(\sum_{k=1}^K \|x_k - \hat{x}_k\|_2^2 + \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} [\|u_k - \hat{u}_k\|_2^2 + (\sigma_k - \hat{\sigma}_k)^2] \right) + w_{vc} \|\nu^c\|_1 + w_{vb} \sum_{k=1}^K \nu_k^b \\ & \text{subject to} & \forall k \in [1, K] \\ \hline & \text{Discrete Dynamics} & x_{k+1} = A_k x_k + B_k u_k + S_k \sigma_k + c_k + \nu_k^c \\ \hline & \text{Dilation Constraints} & \sigma_{\min} \leq \sigma_k \leq \sigma_{\max} \\ \hline & \text{Max delta-v} & \|u_k\|_2 \leq u_{\max} \\ \hline & \text{Keepout Zone} & \|\hat{r}_k - r_c\|_2 + \left(\frac{\hat{r}_k - r_c}{\|\hat{r}_k - r_c\|_2}\right)^\top (r_k - \hat{r}_k) + \nu_k^b \geq \rho \\ & \nu_k^b \geq 0 \\ \hline & \text{Max Speed} & \|v_k\|_2 \leq v_{\max} \\ \hline & \text{Initial Conditions} & r(0) = r_i \\ & v(0) = v_i \\ \hline & \text{Terminal Conditions} & r(t_f) = 0_{3\times 1} \\ & v(t_f) = 0_{3\times 1} \end{aligned}$$

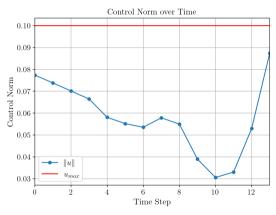
Trajectory



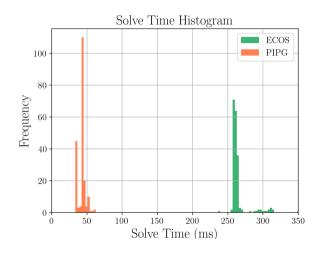


Trajectory





Speed Results



	ECOS	PIPG
Mean	261ms	42ms
Median	267ms	44ms
STD	23ms	5ms

PIPG is 6.25x faster even without customization

200 runs, 3 millisecond bins

Summary

PIPG

- Is easy to understand
- Is easy to verify
- Is easy to implement
- Is faster than ECOS