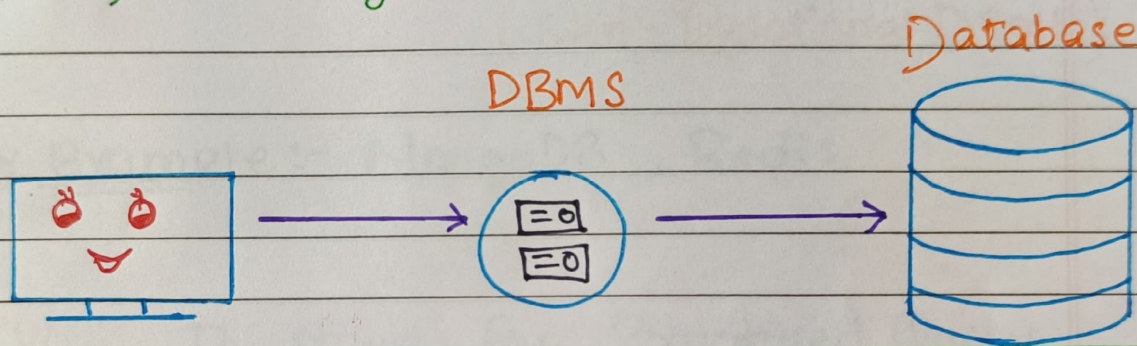


SQL Introduction

Database :- It is an Organized collection of data so that it can be easily accessed.

To manage these databases, DBMS (Database Management System) are used.



Types of DBMS :-

- Relational DBMS
- Non-Relational DBMS

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Relational DBMS :- In this DBMS, data stored in table format.

Roll No	Name	Class
1	Jai	5th
2	Amar	7th
3	Anuj	5th
4	Ram	8th

For Example :- MySQL, Oracle.

Non-Relational DBMS :- In this DBMS data is stored in Key-value pair.

```
{
  "RollNo": 1,
  "Class": "5th",
  "Name": "Jai"
}
```

(Non-Relational DBMS).

For Example:- MongoDB, Redis

SQL :- It stand for Structured Query Language.

SQL is used for update, delete, insert data in table or Relational Database.

