

# OS PROJECT REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION OF KERNEL SPACE KEYLOGGER

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Keyloggers are software or hardware tools that capture a computer user's keystrokes. A kernel-level keylogger can act as a keyboard driver or replace some functions of an original driver to obtain any information from a keyboard. Keyloggers are frequently implemented as rootkits that subvert the operating system kernel to gain unauthorized access to the hardware.

When you press a key on the keyboard, the keyboard will send corresponding scancodes to keyboard driver. A single key press can produce a sequence of up to six scancodes.

The `handle_scancode()` function in the keyboard driver parses the stream of scancodes and converts it into a series of keypress and keyrelease events called keycode by using a translation table via `kbd_translate()`. It is this keycode that we receive in our program.

Each key is provided with a unique keycode  $k$  in the range 1-127. Pressing a key  $k$  produces a keycode  $k$  while releasing it produces key code  $k+128$ .

Keyloggers can be implemented by writing an interrupt handler, function hijacking or through a notifier block and a callback function.

Our initial attempt to implement keylogger using the function hijacking method failed as it required intercepting `sys_read/sys_write` system calls and our multiple attempt to achieve this failed. Our subsequent attempt was to implement the

keylogger using the third method using a callback function in a kernel module.

Our program runs by registering a `notifier_block` with the keyboard using `register_keyboard_notifier()`. This `notifier_block`'s `.notifier_call` is set to the `keylogger_callback()` function that receives the keycode value along with other params and converts it to the required form and then log it to the `debugfs` directory in a "keys" file. Only root or sudoers can read this log.

`Debugfs` is a special file system available in the Linux kernel since version 2.6.10-rc3. It was written by Greg Kroah-Hartman. `debugfs` is a simple-to-use RAM-based file system specially designed for debugging purposes. It exists as a simple way for kernel developers to make information available to user space.

Our keylogger can log keys with keycodes in the range 0-119 and also identify the shift modifier. It logs the output to `debugfs`'s log which can be transferred to any other file using a simple script.

References:

Books:

1. <https://www.tldp.org/LDP/lkmpg/2.4/lkmpg.pdf>

Other links:

1. <https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/THC-Archive/blob/master/Papers/writing-linux-kernel-keylogger.txt>
2. <https://github.com/arunpn123/keylogger>