

## Main Features

- IC control circuit and LED point light source share one power supply.
- *The control circuit and RGB chip are integrated in a 5mm diameter round head four-pin in-line packaged lamp bead, forming a complete external control pixel point.*
- *Built-in signal shaping circuit, any pixel receives the signal after waveform shaping and then outputs it to ensure that the line waveform distortion will not accumulate.*
- *Built-in power-on reset and power-down reset circuit.*
- *The three primary colors of each pixel can realize 256-level brightness display and complete the full true color display of 16777216 colors.*
- *Scanning frequency 2kHz/s.*
- *Serial cascading interface, which can receive and decode data through one signal line.*
- *When the transmission distance of any two-point transmission does not exceed 2 meters, there is no need to add any circuit.*
- *When the refresh rate is 30 frames/second, the number of cascades is not less than 2048 points.*
- *The data transmission speed can reach 800Kbps.*
- *The color of the light is highly consistent, and the cost performance is high.*

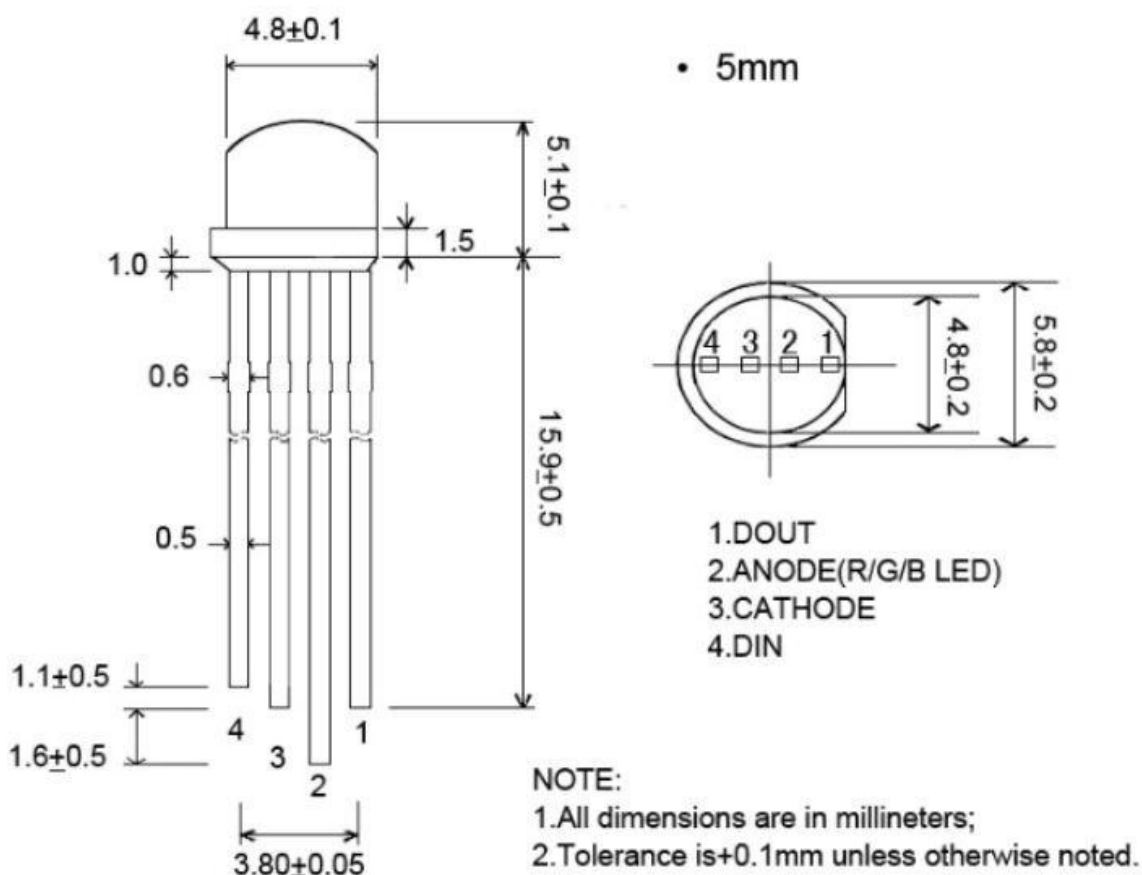
## Main application areas

- LED full-color light-emitting character light string, LED full-color module, LED full-color flexible light strip and hard light strip, LED guardrail tube.
- LED point light source, LED pixel screen, LED special-shaped screen, various electronic products, electrical equipment marquee.

## Product Description

- WS2812D-F5-15MA-C1 is an intelligent externally controlled LED light source that integrates control circuit and lighting circuit. Its appearance is the same as an F5 LED lamp bead, and each element is a pixel. The interior of the pixel includes an intelligent digital interface data latch signal shaping and amplifying drive circuit, as well as a high-precision internal oscillator and constant current control part, which effectively ensures that the color of the pixel light is highly consistent.
- The data protocol adopts the single-line return-to-zero code communication method. After the pixel is powered on and reset, the DIN terminal accepts the data transmitted from the controller. The 24bit data sent first is extracted by the first pixel and sent to the interior of the pixel. The remaining data is shaped and amplified by the internal shaping processing circuit and then forwarded and output to the next cascaded pixel through the DO port. After the transmission of one pixel, the signal is reduced by 24 bits. The pixel adopts automatic shaping and forwarding technology, so that the cascade number of the pixel is not limited by the signal transmission, but only limited by the signal transmission speed requirement.
- LED has the advantages of low voltage drive, environmental protection and energy saving, high brightness, large scattering angle, good consistency, ultra-low power, ultra-long life and so on. By integrating the control circuit on the LED, the circuit becomes simpler, the volume is smaller, and the installation is easier.

Mechanical dimension and pin diagram (unit mm)



## Pin Function

Pin	Symbol	Name	Function
1	Dout	Data Output	Control data signal output
2	VDD	Power Supply	Power supply pins
3	GND	Ground	Signal ground and power ground
4	Din	Data Input	Control data signal input

Maximum rating (unless otherwise specified,  $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS}=0\text{V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Scope	Unit
voltage	$V_{DD}$	+3.7~+5.3	V
Logic input voltage	$V_I$	$V_{DD}-0.5 \sim V_{DD}+0.5$	V
Operating temperature	$T_{opt}$	-25~+80	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55~+150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Electrical parameters (if no special instructions,  $T_A = -20 \sim +70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5 \sim 5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Test Cond.
Low Level Output Current	$I_{\text{dout}}$	14.5	15	15.5	mA	$V_o = 0.4\text{V}$ , DOUT
Input Current	$I_i$	—	—	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_i = V_{DD}/V_{SS}$
High Level Input	$V_{IH}$	$0.7V_{DD}$	—	—	V	DIN, SET
Low Level Input	$V_{IL}$	—	—	$0.3 V_{DD}$	V	DIN, SET
Hysteresis Voltage	$V_H$	—	0.35	—	V	DIN, SET

Switching characteristics (unless otherwise specified,  $T_A = -20 \sim +70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5 \sim 5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Test Cond.
Oscillation Freq	$F_{osc}$	—	800	—	KHz	—
Transmission Delay	$t_{PLZ}$	—	—	300	ns	$CL = 15\text{pF}$ , DIN $\rightarrow$ DOUT, $R_L = 10\text{K}\Omega$
Fall Time	$t_{THZ}$	—	—	120	$\mu\text{s}$	$CL = 300\text{pF}$ , OUTR/OUTG/OUTB
Input Capacitance	$C_i$	—	—	15	pF	—

Lamp bead light-emitting chip parameters

## RED COLOR:

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Forward voltage	$V_F$	1.8	2.0	2.2	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Luminous intensity	$I_v$	2500	3000	3500	mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Peak emission wavelength	$\lambda_p$	620	622.5	625	nm	◆
Half intensity angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	◆	◆	◆	deg	◆

## GREEN COLOR:

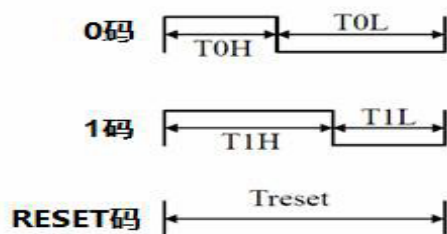
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Forward voltage	$V_F$	3.0	3.2	3.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Luminous intensity	$I_v$	3500	4000	4500	mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Peak emission wavelength	$\lambda_p$	520	522.5	525	nm	◆
Half intensity angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	◆	◆	◆	deg	◆

## BLUE COLOR:

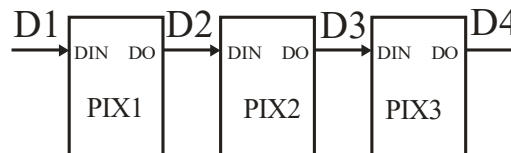
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Forward voltage	$V_F$	3.0	3.2	3.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Luminous intensity	$I_v$	2000	2500	3000	mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Peak emission wavelength	$\lambda_p$	465	467.5	470	nm	◆
Half intensity angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	◆	◆	◆	deg	◆

## Timing Waveform

Input Pattern:



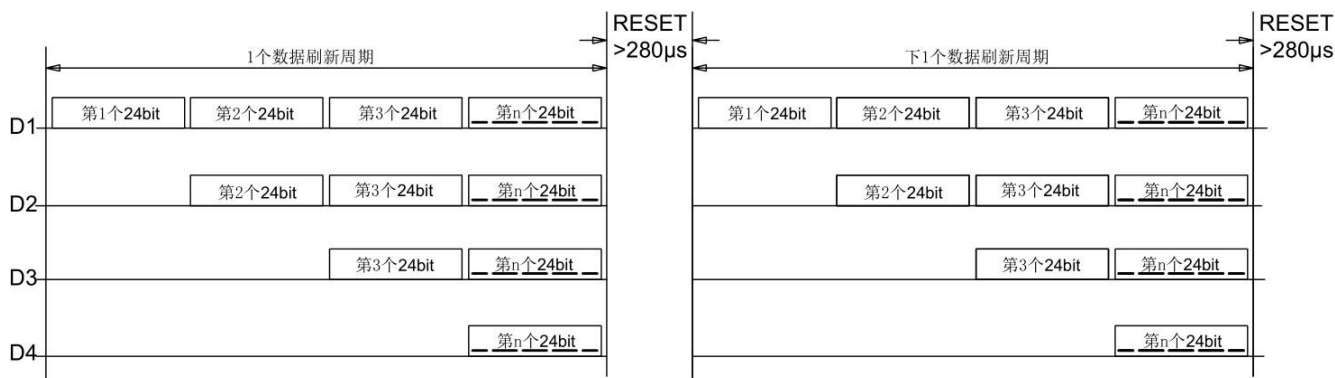
Connection Method:



Data Transfer Time ( $T_H + T_L = 1.25\mu s \pm 150ns$ ):

T0H	0 code, high time	220ns~380ns
T1H	1 code, high time	750ns~1us
T0L	0 code, low time	750ns~1us
T1L	1 code, low time	220ns~380ns
RES	Low time	280us above

## Data Transfer Method



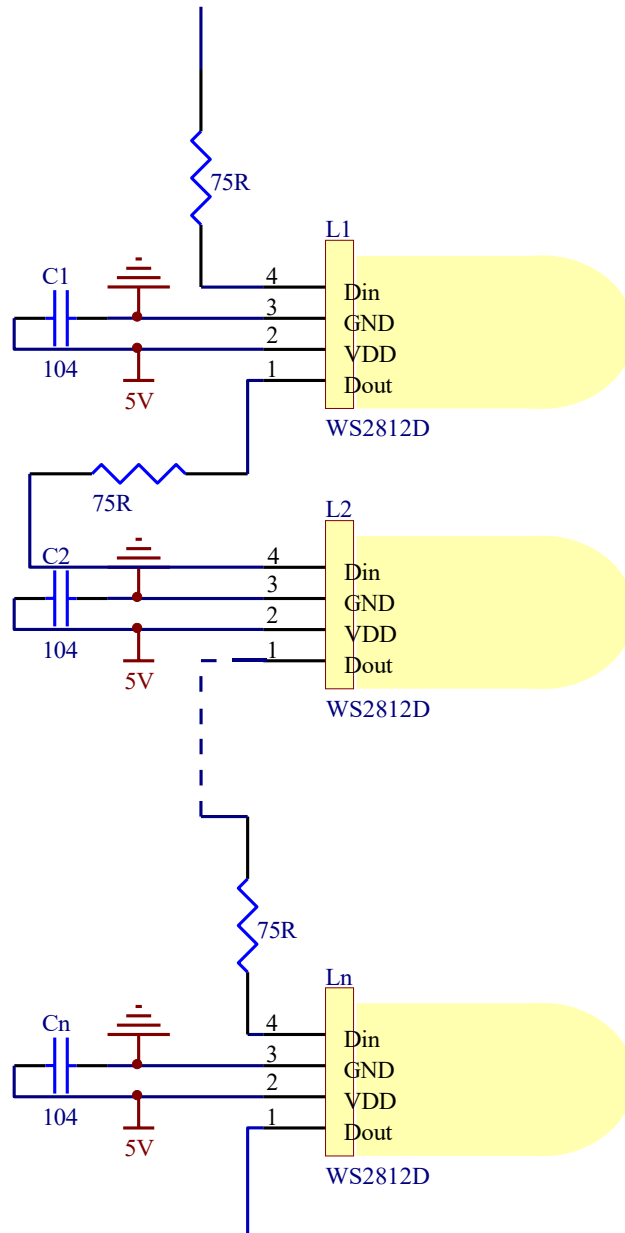
Note: D1 is the data sent by the MCU, D2, D3, D4 are the data automatically shaped and forwarded by the cascade circuit.

## 24bit data structure

R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
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Note: High-order bits are sent first, and data is sent in the order of RGB.

## Typical Application Circuit



## File Change Log

版本号	状态	修改内容概要	修订日期	修订人	批准人
V1.0	N	新建	20170523	沈金国	尹华平
V1.1	M	最大额定值、 数据传输方法	20171009	沈金国	尹华平

注：初始版本号V1.0；每次修订批准后，版本号顺序加“0.1”；

状态包括：N--新建，A--增加，M--修改，D--删除。