

# React.js Component Creation

**Name :** Yangalasetty Anusha

**Email Id :** yangalasettyanusha@gmail.com

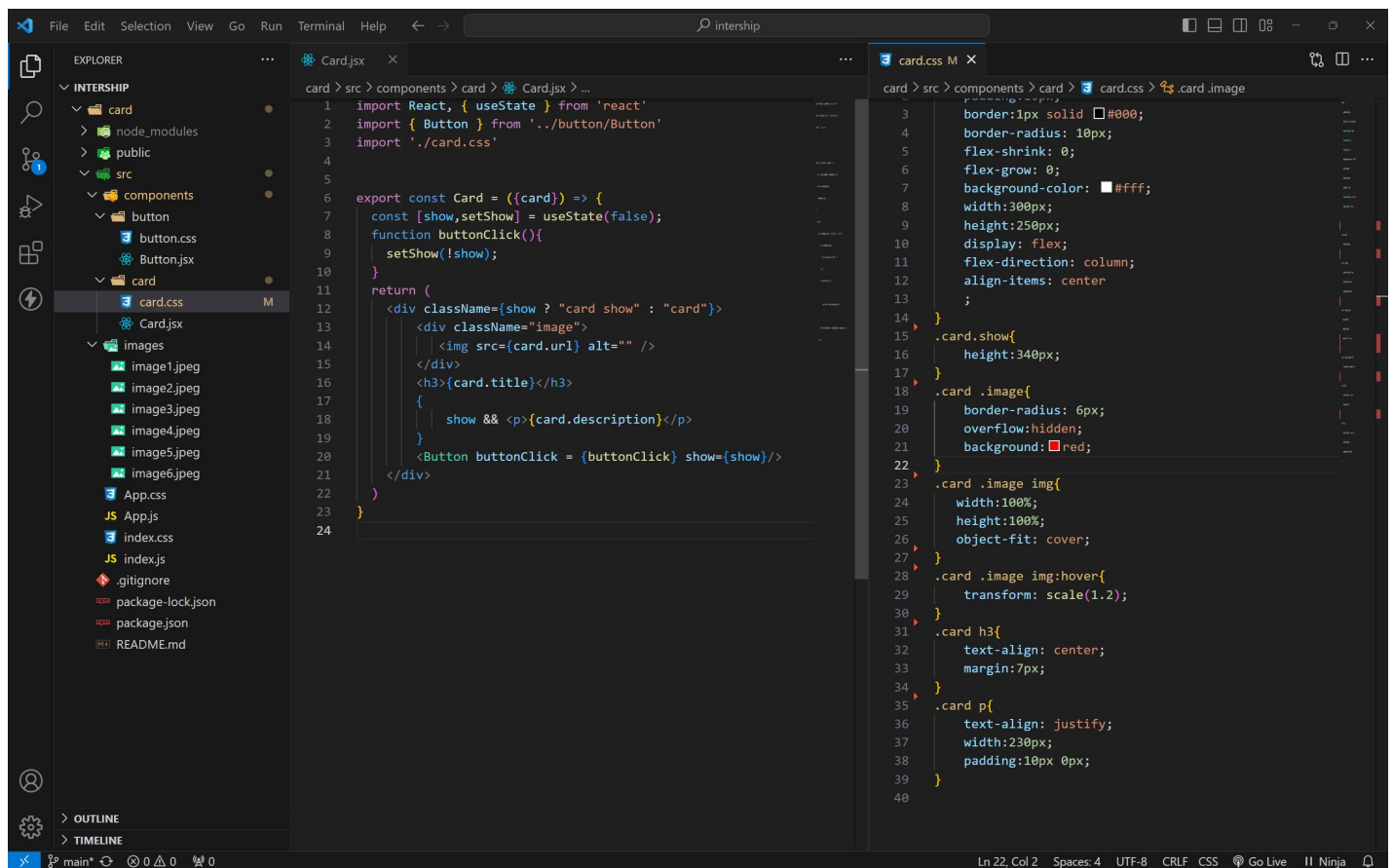
**Phone no :** 8341136309

**Roll NO :** 20HU1A0413

**College Name :** Chebrolu Engineering College

**source code :**

**CARD COMPONENT :**

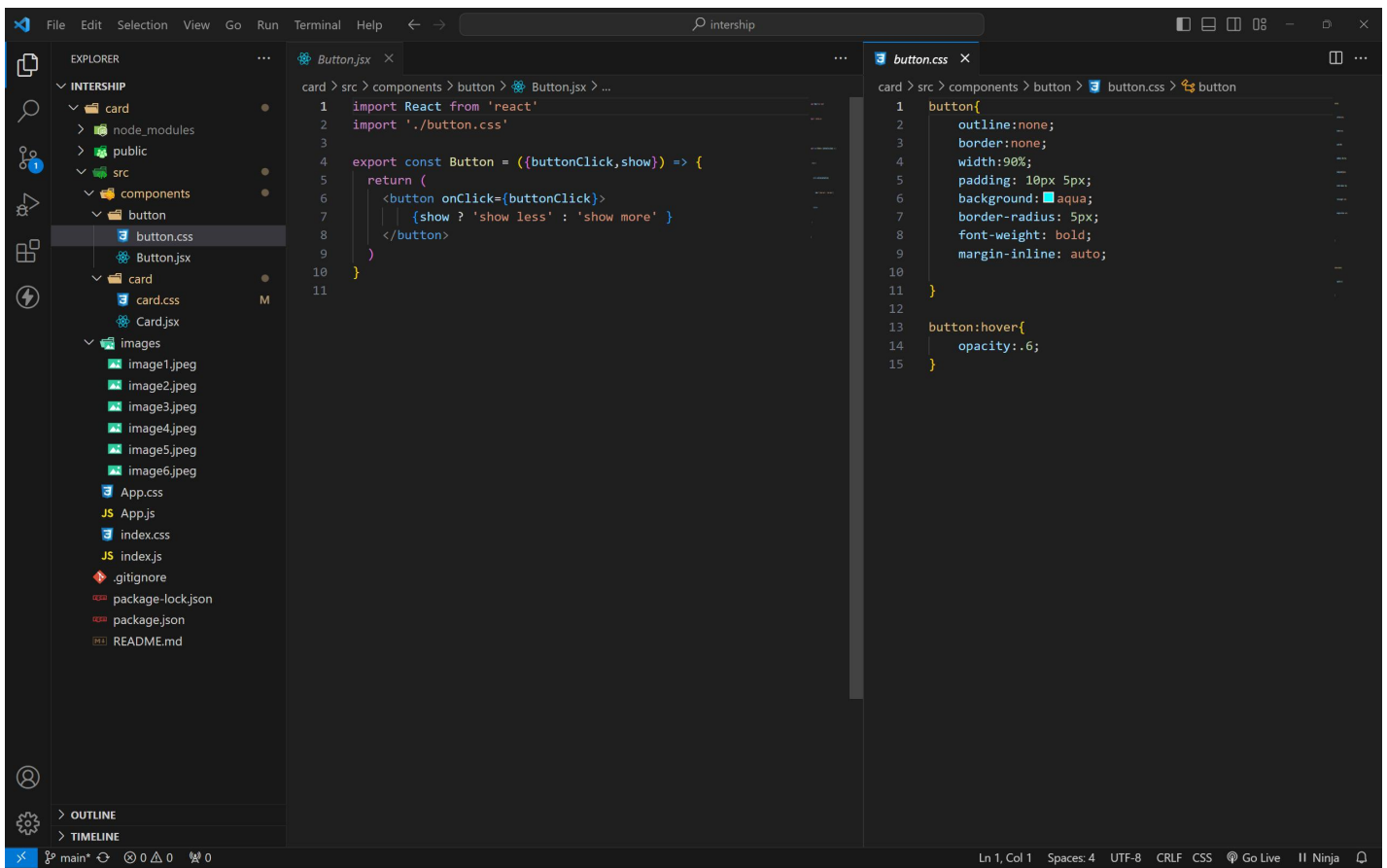


The screenshot displays the Visual Studio Code editor interface with two files open: `Card.jsx` and `card.css`. The `EXPLORER` sidebar on the left shows the project structure for 'INTERSHIP', including folders like `card`, `components`, and `images`. The `Card.jsx` file (line 1-24) is a functional component that uses `useState` to manage a `show` state. It renders a card with a toggle button, an image, and a description. The `card.css` file (line 3-40) defines the styling for the card, including a base card style, a show state style, and styles for the image, heading, and paragraph elements.

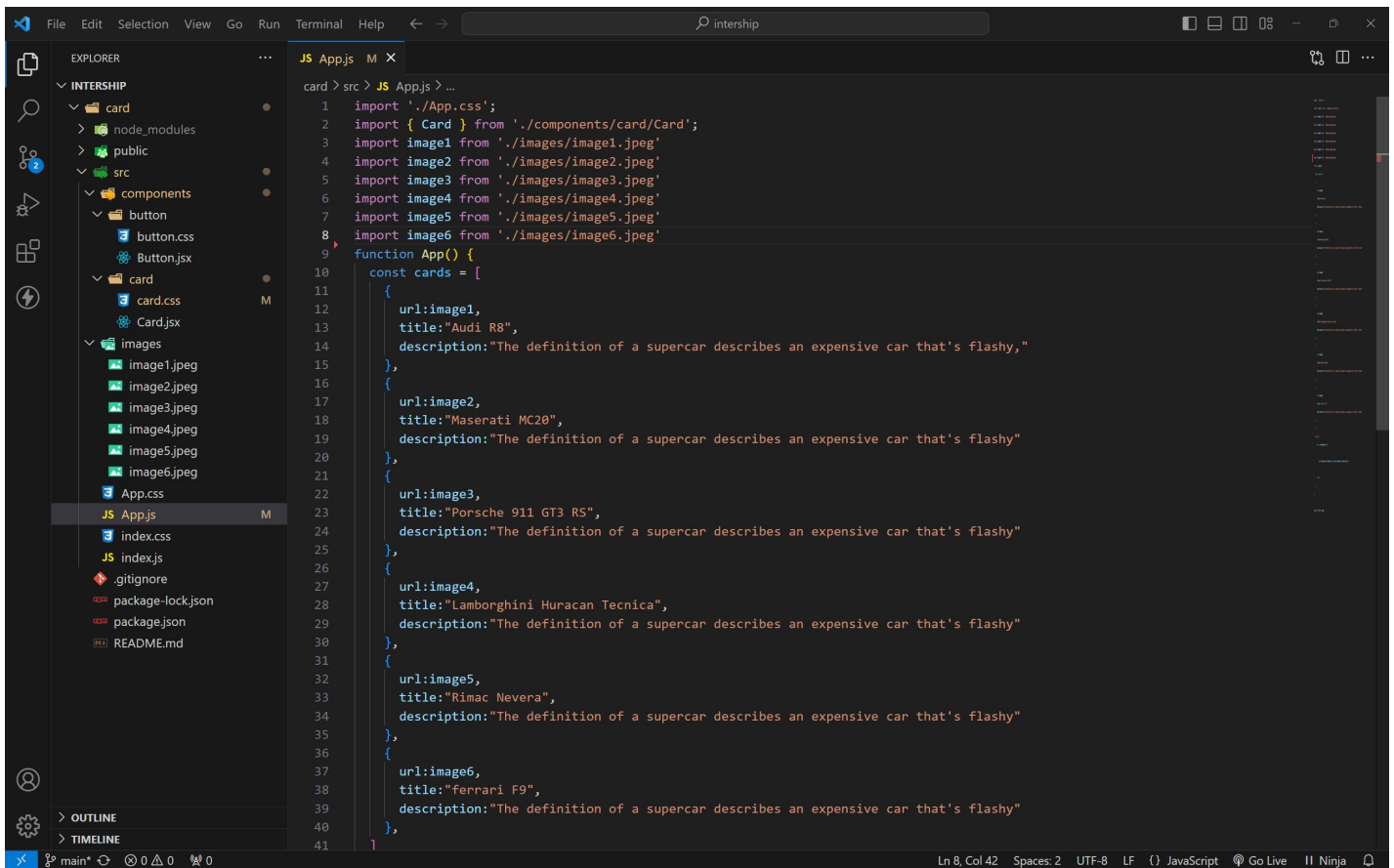
```
1 import React, { useState } from 'react'
2 import { Button } from '../button/Button'
3 import './card.css'
4
5
6 export const Card = ({card}) => {
7   const [show, setShow] = useState(false);
8   function handleClick(){
9     setShow(!show);
10  }
11  return (
12    <div className={show ? "card show" : "card"}>
13      <div className="image">
14        <img src={card.url} alt="" />
15      </div>
16      <h3>{card.title}</h3>
17      {
18        show && <p>{card.description}</p>
19      }
20      <Button handleClick = {handleClick} show={show}/>
21    </div>
22  )
23 }
24
```

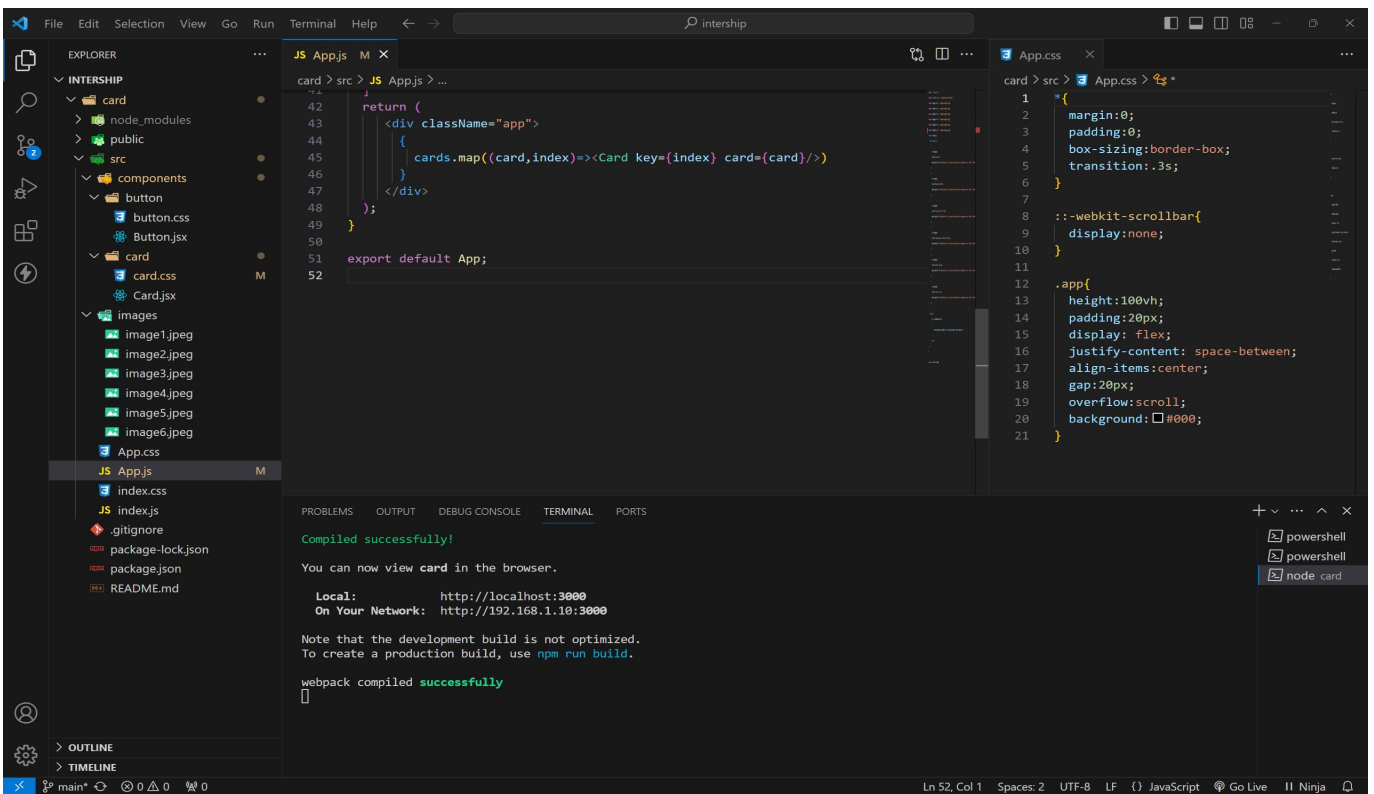
```
3 border:1px solid #000;
4 border-radius: 10px;
5 flex-shrink: 0;
6 flex-grow: 0;
7 background-color: #fff;
8 width:300px;
9 height:250px;
10 display: flex;
11 flex-direction: column;
12 align-items: center;
13 ;
14
15 .card.show{
16   height:340px;
17 }
18 .card .image{
19   border-radius: 6px;
20   overflow:hidden;
21   background: red;
22 }
23 .card .image img{
24   width:100%;
25   height:100%;
26   object-fit: cover;
27 }
28 .card .image img:hover{
29   transform: scale(1.2);
30 }
31 .card h3{
32   text-align: center;
33   margin:7px;
34 }
35 .card p{
36   text-align: justify;
37   width:230px;
38   padding:10px 0px;
39 }
40
```

**BUTTON COMPONENT :**



## APP COMPONENT :





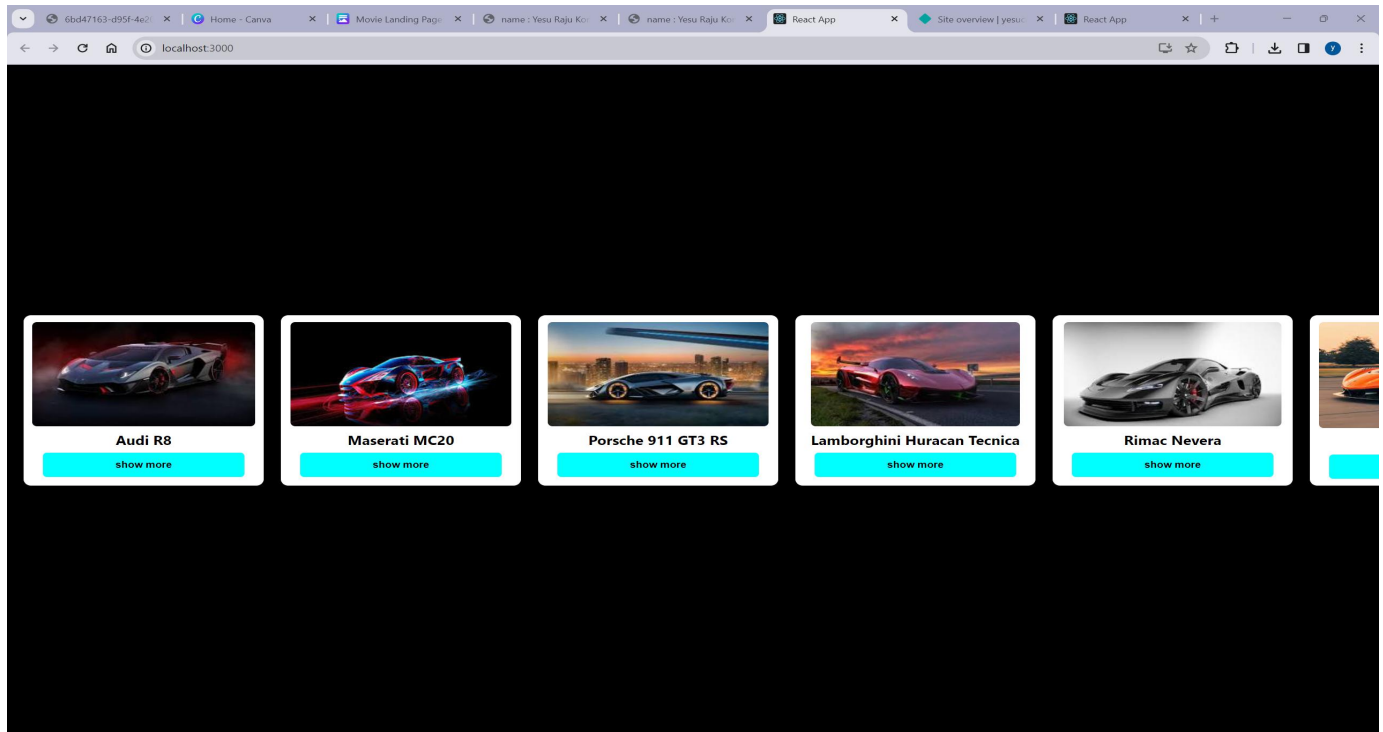
approach :

1 . initially taking an array of objects like below

```
const cards = [
  {
    url:image1,
    title:"Audi R8",
    description:"The definition of a supercar describes an expensive car that's flashy,"
  },
  {
    url:image2,
    title:"Maserati MC20",
    description:"The definition of a supercar describes an expensive car that's flashy"
  },
  {
    url:image3,
    title:"Porsche 911 GT3 RS",
    description:"The definition of a supercar describes an expensive car that's flashy"
  },
  {
    url:image4,
    title:"Lamborghini Huracan Tecnica",
    description:"The definition of a supercar describes an expensive car that's flashy"
  },
  {
    url:image5,
    title:"Rimac Nevera",
    description:"The definition of a supercar describes an expensive car that's flashy"
  },
  {
    url:image6,
    title:"ferrari F9",
    description:"The definition of a supercar describes an expensive car that's flashy"
  },
]
```

- 2 . Passing this card array to child (card component) of App component by using props;
- 3 . getting data as argument like {card} in card component.
- 4 . in card component i use one state [show, setShow] to get extra info as description.
- 5 . When we click the button then show becomes true by assigning setShow (!show) .

## OUTPUT :



## AFTER BUTTON CLICKS :

