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Problem Definition & Design Thinking

Title: Al-Driven Energy Efficiency Optimization

Problem Statement:

In both residential and industrial settings, excessive energy consumption leads to inflated costs, environmental harm, and resource depletion. Many buildings and operations run on inefficient systems due to poor energy use monitoring, lack of real-time feedback, and inability to adapt to changing conditions. The challenge is to provide a smart, automated, and scalable solution that identifies inefficiencies and optimizes energy use dynamically.

Target Audience:

- **1.** Homeowners and tenants seeking to reduce electricity bills.
- 2. Facility managers in commercial buildings.
- **3.** Industrial operations with large-scale energy consumption.
- **4.** Governments and municipalities promoting green initiatives.

Objectives:

- **1.**To design an AI system that monitors and optimizes energy consumption in real-time.
- 2.To reduce energy waste by identifying usage patterns and recommending efficiency improvements.
- **3.**To integrate with existing smart meters, IoT devices, and management systems.
- **4.**To ensure scalability, data privacy, and adaptability across sectors.

Design Thinking Approach

Empathize:

Understanding user frustration over high utility bills and environmental concerns is key. Facility managers often lack time or expertise to analyze data manually. Residential users want simple tools that deliver savings without complexity.

Key User Concerns:

- 1. Complexity of setup and operation.
- 2. Trust in AI's cost-saving suggestions.
- **3.** Compatibility with current systems and appliances.

Define:

The solution should gather real-time energy data, learn usage patterns, detect anomalies, and provide actionable insights. It should classify energy usage as efficient, moderate, or wasteful and propose optimizations.

Key Features Required:

- **1.** Al-powered energy usage forecasting and anomaly detection.
- 2. Real-time analytics dashboard with actionable insights.
- 3. Integration with IoT and smart home/industrial systems.
- 4. Personalized recommendations and alerts.
- **5.** Strong data encryption and privacy policies.

Ideate:

Potential solutions could include:

- **1.** An AI platform that analyzes smart meter data and automates control of lighting, HVAC, and appliances.
- **2.** Mobile and web apps offering real-time tips and usage reports.
- 3. Predictive algorithms to adjust energy use based on weather, occupancy, and utility rates.

Brainstorming Results:

- 1. All engine that suggests when to run energy-intensive appliances (e.g., during off-peak hours).
- 2. Gamified user dashboards that reward efficient behavior.
- **3.** Al scheduling system for energy load balancing in industrial settings.

Prototype:

- **1.** A basic version of the solution might include:
- **2.** A user interface connected to a simulated energy data stream.
- **3.** Al-generated usage reports with suggestions for improvements.
- **4.** Integration with a smart plug or thermostat for automated control.

Key Components of Prototype:

- 1. Data ingestion pipeline for energy data.
- 2. Machine learning model for usage prediction and optimization.
- **3.** Visualization dashboard showing savings, usage, and alerts.

Test:

Testing will involve homeowners and facility managers who will install and interact with the prototype. Feedback will be collected on usability, clarity of insights, and energy savings.

Testing Goals:

- 1. Evaluate trust in AI recommendations.
- 2. Assess ease of use for various user demographics.
- **3.** Verify measurable reductions in energy consumption.