

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

In [2]:

```
df=pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\user\Downloads\2_2015.csv')
df
```

Out[2]:

	Country	Region	Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	Standard Error	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family	Health (Life Expectancy)	Freedom	Tru (Governme Corruptio
0	Switzerland	Western Europe	1	7.587	0.03411	1.39651	1.34951	0.94143	0.66557	0.419
1	Iceland	Western Europe	2	7.561	0.04884	1.30232	1.40223	0.94784	0.62877	0.141
2	Denmark	Western Europe	3	7.527	0.03328	1.32548	1.36058	0.87464	0.64938	0.483
3	Norway	Western Europe	4	7.522	0.03880	1.45900	1.33095	0.88521	0.66973	0.365
4	Canada	North America	5	7.427	0.03553	1.32629	1.32261	0.90563	0.63297	0.329
...
153	Rwanda	Sub-Saharan Africa	154	3.465	0.03464	0.22208	0.77370	0.42864	0.59201	0.551
154	Benin	Sub-Saharan Africa	155	3.340	0.03656	0.28665	0.35386	0.31910	0.48450	0.080
155	Syria	Middle East and Northern Africa	156	3.006	0.05015	0.66320	0.47489	0.72193	0.15684	0.189
156	Burundi	Sub-Saharan Africa	157	2.905	0.08658	0.01530	0.41587	0.22396	0.11850	0.100
157	Togo	Sub-Saharan Africa	158	2.839	0.06727	0.20868	0.13995	0.28443	0.36453	0.107

158 rows × 12 columns



In [3]:

```
df.head(10)
```

Out[3]:

	Country	Region	Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	Standard Error	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family	Health (Life Expectancy)	Freedom	Trust (Government Corruption)
0	Switzerland	Western Europe	1	7.587	0.03411	1.39651	1.34951	0.94143	0.66557	0.41978
1	Iceland	Western Europe	2	7.561	0.04884	1.30232	1.40223	0.94784	0.62877	0.14145
2	Denmark	Western Europe	3	7.527	0.03328	1.32548	1.36058	0.87464	0.64938	0.48357
3	Norway	Western Europe	4	7.522	0.03880	1.45900	1.33095	0.88521	0.66973	0.36503
4	Canada	North America	5	7.427	0.03553	1.32629	1.32261	0.90563	0.63297	0.32957
5	Finland	Western Europe	6	7.406	0.03140	1.29025	1.31826	0.88911	0.64169	0.41372
6	Netherlands	Western Europe	7	7.378	0.02799	1.32944	1.28017	0.89284	0.61576	0.31814
7	Sweden	Western Europe	8	7.364	0.03157	1.33171	1.28907	0.91087	0.65980	0.43844
8	New Zealand	Australia and New Zealand	9	7.286	0.03371	1.25018	1.31967	0.90837	0.63938	0.42922
9	Australia	Australia and New Zealand	10	7.284	0.04083	1.33358	1.30923	0.93156	0.65124	0.35637

In [4]:

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 158 entries, 0 to 157
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country                               158 non-null    object
1   Region                                158 non-null    object
2   Happiness Rank                        158 non-null    int64
3   Happiness Score                       158 non-null    float64
4   Standard Error                       158 non-null    float64
5   Economy (GDP per Capita)              158 non-null    float64
6   Family                                158 non-null    float64
7   Health (Life Expectancy)              158 non-null    float64
8   Freedom                               158 non-null    float64
9   Trust (Government Corruption)          158 non-null    float64
10  Generosity                            158 non-null    float64
11  Dystopia Residual                      158 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(9), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 14.9+ KB
```

In [5]:

```
df.describe()
```

Out[5]:

	Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	Standard Error	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family	Health (Life Expectancy)	Freedom	Trust (Government Corruption)	Generosity
count	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000
mean	79.493671	5.375734	0.047885	0.846137	0.991046	0.630259	0.428615	0.143422	0.230575
std	45.754363	1.145010	0.017146	0.403121	0.272369	0.247078	0.150693	0.120034	0.120034
min	1.000000	2.839000	0.018480	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	40.250000	4.526000	0.037268	0.545808	0.856823	0.439185	0.328330	0.061675	0.150575
50%	79.500000	5.232500	0.043940	0.910245	1.029510	0.696705	0.435515	0.107220	0.210575
75%	118.750000	6.243750	0.052300	1.158448	1.214405	0.811013	0.549092	0.180255	0.300575
max	158.000000	7.587000	0.136930	1.690420	1.402230	1.025250	0.669730	0.551910	0.790575

In [6]:

```
df.columns
```

Out[6]:

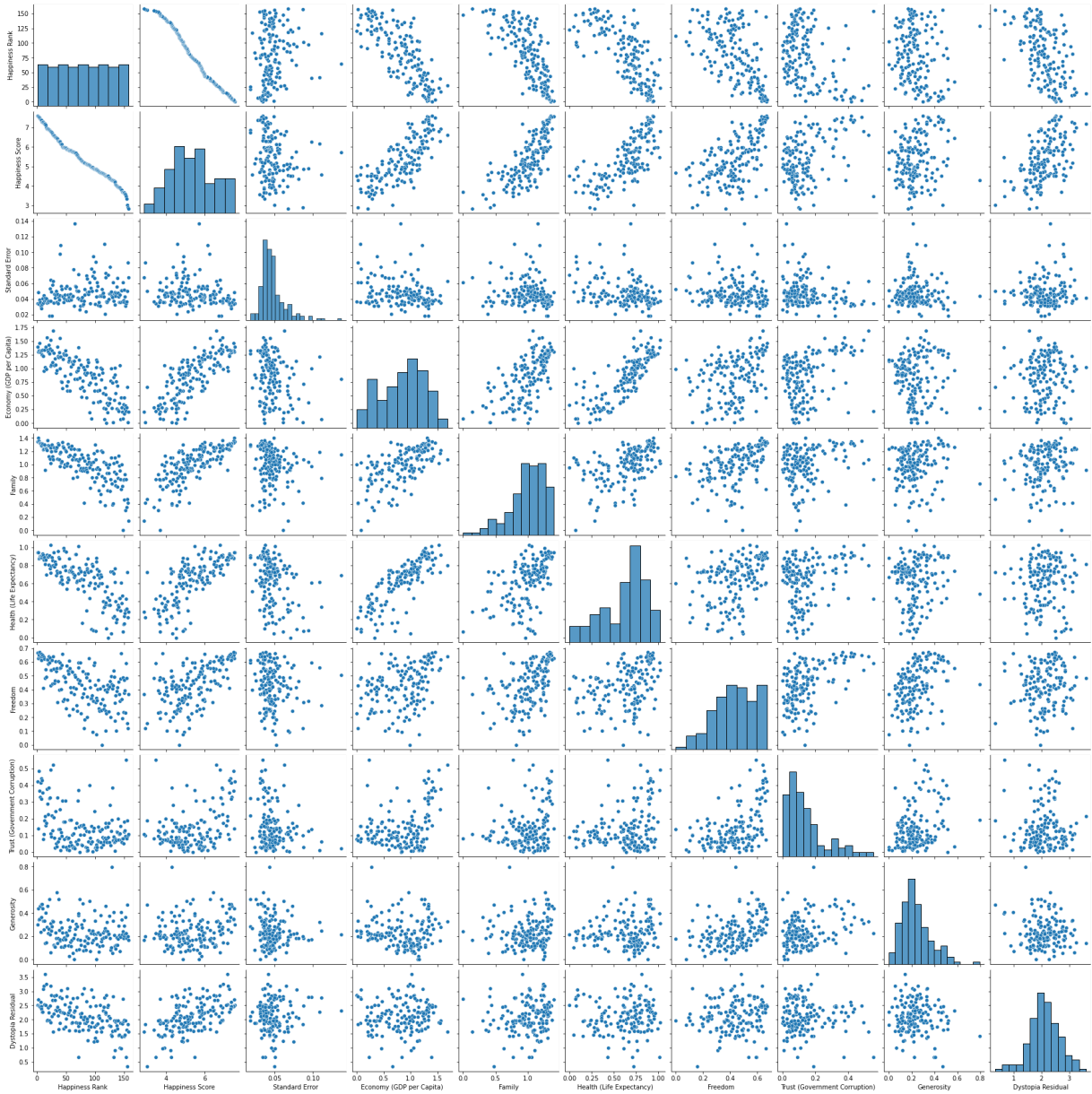
```
Index(['Country', 'Region', 'Happiness Rank', 'Happiness Score',  
      'Standard Error', 'Economy (GDP per Capita)', 'Family',  
      'Health (Life Expectancy)', 'Freedom', 'Trust (Government Corruption)',  
      'Generosity', 'Dystopia Residual'],  
      dtype='object')
```

In [7]:

```
sns.pairplot(df)
```

Out[7]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1ed62df2f10>



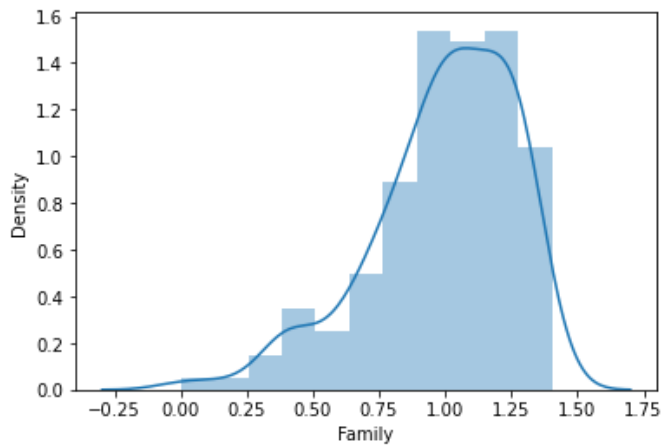
In [8]:

```
sns.distplot(df['Family'])
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[8]:

```
<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Family', ylabel='Density'>
```

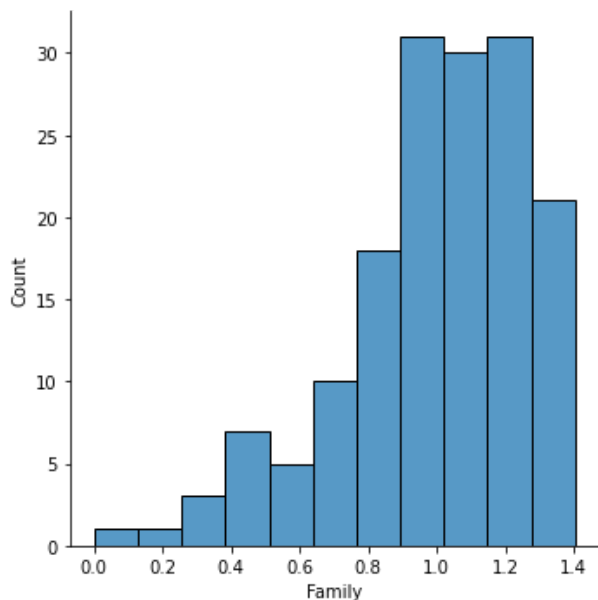


In [9]:

```
sns.displot(df["Family"])
```

Out[9]:

```
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1ed6820cf40>
```



In [10]:

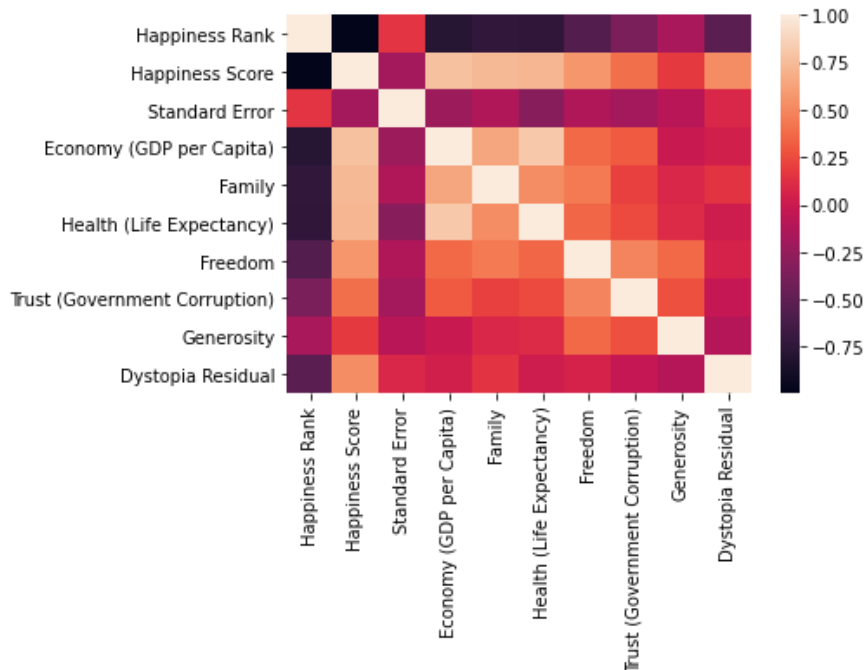
```
df1=df[['Country', 'Region', 'Happiness Rank', 'Happiness Score',  
        'Standard Error', 'Economy (GDP per Capita)', 'Family',  
        'Health (Life Expectancy)', 'Freedom', 'Trust (Government Corruption)',  
        'Generosity', 'Dystopia Residual']]
```

In [11]:

```
sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[11]:

<AxesSubplot:>



In [12]:

```
x=df1[['Happiness Rank', 'Happiness Score',
        'Standard Error', 'Economy (GDP per Capita)',
        'Health (Life Expectancy)', 'Freedom', 'Trust (Government Corruption)',
        'Generosity', 'Dystopia Residual']]
y=df1[['Family']]
```

In [13]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

In [14]:

```
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

In [15]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
lr=LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)#ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64')
```

Out[15]:

```
LinearRegression()
```

In [16]:

```
print(lr.intercept_)
```

```
[-0.00084756]
```

In [17]:

```
coef= pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_)  
coef
```

Out[17]:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
0	0.000003	1.000055	-0.000014	-1.000001	-0.999981	-0.999632	-0.999855	-0.999738	-0.999946

In [18]:

```
print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

0.9999987483053541

In [19]:

```
prediction = lr.predict(x_test)  
plt.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[19]:

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1ed6988aee0>

