

## 1. Box Plot: City Development Index vs Job-Seeking Intent

**Figure:** Box plot comparing city\_development\_index across the target variable (1 = job-seeking, 0 = not seeking).

**Explanation:**

- This plot shows the distribution of city development indices for job seekers and non-seekers.
  - The **median city index** is higher for individuals labeled as job seekers.
  - **Insight:** People from better-developed cities (higher city index) are more likely to actively seek jobs in data science, possibly due to increased access to resources and opportunities.
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## 2. Correlation Heatmap

**Figure:** Heatmap showing correlation between:

- city\_development\_index
- training\_hours
- experience
- target (job-seeking intent)

**Explanation:**

- The heatmap uses color intensity to show the strength of correlation between variables.
  - Moderate **positive correlation** between city development index and target.
  - **Training hours** also show a positive association with job-seeking intent.
  - **Insight:** This visualization identifies key influencing features for job-seeking behavior.
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## 3. Histogram: Distribution of Experience Among Job Seekers

**Figure:** Histogram with KDE (Kernel Density Estimate) line for experience.

**Explanation:**

- Displays the frequency of job seekers by years of experience.
  - Distribution skews toward the **lower end**, with many fresh graduates and mid-level professionals.
  - **Insight:** A significant portion of DS job seekers are relatively new to the field, suggesting demand for entry-level roles.
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## 4. Bar Chart: Education Level of Job Seekers

**Figure:** Horizontal bar chart showing counts by education\_level.

**Explanation:**

- Dominated by **Graduate Bachelor** degree holders, followed by **Master's** and **High School**.
  - **Insight:** Data science is pursued mainly by those with higher education backgrounds, showing it's a degree-driven field.
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## 5. Bar Chart: Major Discipline of Job Seekers

**Figure:** Horizontal bar chart showing frequency of each major\_discipline.

**Explanation:**

- **STEM fields** dominate the chart, far outnumbering others like Business and Arts.
  - **Insight:** Reinforces the industry's heavy preference for technical and scientific educational backgrounds.
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## 6. Histogram: Distribution of Training Hours

**Figure:** Histogram for training\_hours, colored in light blue.

**Explanation:**

- Displays how much training candidates have undergone.
  - Slight right-skew, indicating that most candidates received fewer hours of training, but a few had very high training durations.
  - **Insight:** There's a wide variance in training, and intensive training is not very common.
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## 7. Box Plot: Training Hours vs Job-Seeking Intent

**Figure:** Box plot comparing training\_hours for job seekers (target=1) and non-seekers (target=0).

**Explanation:**

- Training **hours distribution** is similar whether someone is job seeking or not.
  - Both groups have **lots of outliers**—some people trained a lot more than average.
  - The median is **slightly lower for job seekers**, but not by much.
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## 8. Combined Dashboard (2x2 Subplot Grid)

**Contains the following four visualizations:**

1. City Development Index vs Job Seeking (Box Plot)
2. Education Level of Job Seekers (Bar Chart)
3. Major Discipline of Job Seekers (Bar Chart)

#### 4. Training Hours vs Job Seeking (Box Plot)

**Explanation:**

- This summary view offers a compact overview of the main influencing factors.
- Supports cross-comparison and enhances visual storytelling.