CS 502: Compiling and Programming Systems

Assignment 1. August 27, 2008

Due Date: September 9, 2008

1 An Interpreter for Mini-ML

For this assignment, you will implement an interpreter for Mini-ML, a simplified subset of Standard ML. The sources provided to you consist of the following directories and files:

- 1. Absyn: contains signatures and implementations for the abstract syntax of mini-ML, and the definition of built-in datatypes (e.g., intlist, true, false).
- 2. Parser: provides a lexer and parser for mini-ML generated from specifications fed to lex and yacc.
- 3. TypChk: a mini-ML type checker.
- 4. Util: a collection of utilities including a pretty printer and error handler.
- 5. Test: a directory containing sample test cases.
- 6. Doc: a directory containing this file
- 7. interp.sml: the interpreter.

To start the interpreter, first compile the sources using CM.make "sources.cm", in SML/NJ, and then evaluate MiniML.interpreter(). This will start the main interpreter loop.

There are currently five operations that you can apply on the interpreter:

- 1. :l *filename* will load the contents of *filename* which must be an absolute path. The contents are then parsed, type-checked, and and the resulting types for all expressions and declarations pretty-printed.
- 2. :p expression will parse expression and print the resulting parse tree.
- 3. :t expression will parse and type-check expression.
- 4. :s *var* will print the type of a variable that was previously bound via a **val** or **fun** declaration in this interpreter session.
- 5. :q quits the interpreter.

¹If you choose to implement the assignment using another SML implementation besides SML/NJ, you will need to change the sources.cm file appropriately to conform to the syntax and specification of package building for that implementation.

If you simply type an expression without any command prefix, the interpreter will parse, type-check, and evaluate the expression.

Sample Output

Here is the sample output of the reference implementation to give you an idea what a correctly working interpreter should display. You can find the files used in the Test directory.

```
MiniML> :1 /Users/suresh/teach/purdue/502-Fall2008/project/interpreter/Test/test-map.mml
Closure(fn (l:intlist) =>
  (case 1 of Nil => Nil | Cons (x, xs) => Cons (f x, (map f) xs)))
Expression type : ((int * intlist) -> intlist)
Closure(case x of (0, 1) \Rightarrow 1 \mid (n, 1) \Rightarrow iotaHelper (n - 1, Cons (n, 1)))
Expression type : (int -> intlist)
Closure(iotaHelper (n, Nil))
Expression type : intlist
val 1 = [1 2 3]
Expression type : intlist
val m = [2 3 4]
MiniML> :1 /Users/suresh/teach/purdue/502-Fall2006/project/interpreter/Test/test-fact.mml
Expression type : ((int * ref int) -> int)
Closure(case a of
  (0, x) \Rightarrow !x \mid (n, x) \Rightarrow let val \setminus = x := n * (!x) in fact (n - 1, x) end )
Expression type : ref int
```

```
val n = ref 1
Expression type : int
val z = 120
Expression type : ((int * (int -> int)) -> int)
Closure(case a of
  (0, k) \Rightarrow k 1
  | (n, k) =>
      let val k' = fn (z:int) \Rightarrow fact1 (z, fn (v:int) \Rightarrow k n * v) in k' n - 1 end )
Expression type : int
val z = 120
Expression type : int
val foo = 120
MiniML> :1 /Users/suresh/teach/purdue/502-Fall2008/project/interpreter/Test/test-mergesort.
Expression type : intlist
[2 3 4 6 8 ]
MiniML> :1 /Users/suresh/teach/purdue/502-Fall2008/project/interpreter/Test/test-hanoi.mml
Expression type : intlist
[1 3 1 2 3 2 1 3 2 1 2 3 1 3 ]
MiniML> :1 /Users/suresh/teach/purdue/502-Fall2008/project/interpreter/Test/test-tak.mml
Expression type : int
```

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