GATeS: A Hybrid Algorithm Based on Genetic Algorithm and Tabu Search for the Direct Marketing Problem

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Algorithms

Algorithm 1 Constructive Algorithm adapted from TS

```
1: val \leftarrow 0, exp \leftarrow 0, V \leftarrow \{1, ..., m\}, S \leftarrow \{\}
 2: for each j = 1, ..., n and for each i \in V, compute: NPP_{ij} = (p_{ij} - c_{ij})/c_{ij}
 3: for all products j \notin S do
       VNPP_j \leftarrow \text{clients in } V \text{ sorted in non-increasing order of their } NPP_{ij}
       C_i \leftarrow \text{the cost of offers to the first } O_i \text{ clients in } VNPP_i
       P_j \leftarrow the revenue of offers to the first O_j clients in VNPP_j
 7:
       PR_j \leftarrow P_j - C_j - f_j
 8: end for
 9: select j^* \notin S with the highest PR_{j^*} and satisfying C_{j^*} \leq B_{j^*}, and val + P_{j^*} \geq (1 + H)(exp + C_{j^*} + f_{j^*}),
     and \{\nexists (x \in S) \mid (x, j^*) \in CAN \text{ or } (j^*, x) \in CAN\}
10: if j^* exists and PR_{j^*} > 0 then
       S \leftarrow S \cup \{j^*\}, \ y_{j^*} \leftarrow 1, \ val \leftarrow val + P_{j^*}, \ exp \leftarrow exp + C_{j^*} + f_{j^*}
       for each client i amongst the first O_{i^*} in VNPP_{i^*} do
12:
           x_{ij^*} \leftarrow 1, \ M_i \leftarrow M_i - 1
13:
           if M_i = 0 then
14:
              V \leftarrow V \setminus \{i\}
15:
           end if
16:
17:
       end for
       return to Step 3
18:
19: end if
20: for all products j \notin S execute Algorithm 2
21: for each active client i do
       for each j \in S do
           if p_{ij} > c_{ij} and the offer of product j to client i leads to a feasible solution then make that offer and update
23:
           the current solution
        end for
24:
25: end for
```

Algorithm 2 Algorithm for additional product selection: (build_minimum_offer_set function)

```
1: VC_j \leftarrow \text{clients in } V \text{ sorted in non-decreasing order of their } c_{ij}
 2: C_j \leftarrow the cost of offers to the first O_j clients in VC_j
 3: P_j \leftarrow the revenue of offers to the first O_j clients in VC_j
 4: PR_j \leftarrow P_j - C_j - f_j
 5: if (C_j \leq B_j) and \{ \nexists (x \in S) \mid (x, j^*) \in CAN \text{ or } (j^*, x) \in CAN \} then
        client_{-i_{j^*}} \leftarrow \text{first } O_{j^*} \text{ entries of } VC_{j^*}
 7:
            select a client i from client_{-i_{j^*}}, with the minimum NPP_{ij^*}
 8:
            select a client k from V \setminus client_{-i_{j^*}}, with the maximum NPP_{ij^*}
9:
            if c_{kj} - c_{ij} \leq B_j - C_{j^*} then
10:
11:
               client\_i_{j^*} \leftarrow client\_i_{j^*} \cup \{k\} \setminus \{i\}
               C_{j^*} \leftarrow C_{j^*} + c_{kj} - c_{ij}
12:
               P_{j^*} \leftarrow P_{j^*} + p_{kj} - p_{ij}
13:
            end if
14:
        until c_{kj} - c_{ij} \leq B_j - C_{j^*}
15:
        if val + P_{j^*} \ge (1 + H)(exp + C_{j^*} + f_{j^*}) then
16:
17:
            S \leftarrow S \cup \{j^*\}, \ val \leftarrow val + P_{j^*}, \ exp \leftarrow exp + C_{j^*} + f_{j^*}
            for each client i from set client_{-i_{j^*}} do
18:
               x_{ij^*} \leftarrow 1, \ M_i \leftarrow M_i - 1
19:
               if M_i = 0 then
20:
                   V \leftarrow V \setminus \{i\}
21:
22:
               end if
            end for
23:
        end if
24:
25: end if
```

Algorithm 3 Constructive Greedy Randomized Adaptive Procedure (Modifications in Algorithm 1)

Replace Lines 3-7 from Algorithm 1 with:

```
1: for all products j \notin S do
        client_{-}i_{j} \leftarrow \{ \}, C_{j} \leftarrow 0, P_{j} \leftarrow 0
        VNPP_j \leftarrow clients in V sorted in non-increasing order of their NPP_{ij}
 3:
        while |client_{-i_j}| \leq O_i do
           select i randomly from the first 10% entries of \{VNPP_i \setminus client\_i_i\}, and C_i + c_{ij} \leq B_i
 5:
           client\_i_j \leftarrow client\_i_j \cup \{i\}
 6:
           C_j \leftarrow C_j + c_{ij} 
P_j \leftarrow P_j + p_{ij}
 7:
 8:
        end while
9:
        PR_i \leftarrow P_i - C_i - f_i
11: end for
```

Replace Line 11 from Algorithm 1 with:

1: **for** each client i from set client_ i_{j^*} **do**

Algorithm 4 Variant of the Constructive Greedy Randomized Adaptive Procedure (Modifications in Algorithm 1)

Replace Lines 3-7 from Algorithm 1 with:

```
1: for all products j \notin S do
        client_{-i_j} \leftarrow \{ \}, C_j \leftarrow 0, P_j \leftarrow 0 \}
        VNPP_i \leftarrow \text{clients in } V \text{ sorted in non-increasing order of their } NPP_{ij}
 3:
 4:
           select i randomly from the first 10% entries of \{VNPP_i \setminus client\_i_i\}
 5:
 6:
           if C_j + c_{ij} \leq B_j then
               client\_i_j \leftarrow client\_i_j \cup \{i\}
 7:
               C_j \leftarrow C_j + c_{ij}
 8:
              P_j^{'} \leftarrow P_j^{'} + p_{ij}
9:
           end if
10:
        until C_j + c_{ij} > B_j
11:
        PR_j \leftarrow P_j - C_j - f_j
13: end for
```

Replace Line 11 from Algorithm 1 with:

1: **for** each client i from set client $_{-i_{j^*}}$ **do**

Algorithm 5 Repair Based Constructive Algorithm

```
1: val \leftarrow 0, exp \leftarrow 0, V \leftarrow \{1, \dots, m\}, S \leftarrow \{\}
 2: for each j = 1, ..., n and for each i \in V, compute: NPP_{ij} \leftarrow (p_{ij} - c_{ij})/c_{ij}
 3: for all products j \notin S do
        client\_i_j \leftarrow \{ \}, \ sclient\_i_j \leftarrow \{ \}, \ C_j \leftarrow 0, \ P_j \leftarrow 0, \ PR_j \leftarrow 0, \ sPR_j \leftarrow 0 \}
 4:
        VNPP_j \leftarrow \text{clients in } V \text{ sorted in non-increasing order of their } NPP_{ij}
 5:
        while (C_j < 5B_j) or (|client_{-ij}| = m) do
 6:
           pick i as the first entry of the set VNPP_i \setminus client\_i_i \setminus sclient\_i_i
 7:
           if C_j + c_{ij} < B_j then
 8:
 9:
              client\_i_j \leftarrow client\_i_j \cup \{i\}
10:
              C_j \leftarrow C_j + c_{ij}
               P_j \leftarrow P_j + p_{ij}
11:
              PR_j \leftarrow PR_j + p_{ij} - c_{ij}
12:
13:
               sclient\_i_j \leftarrow sclient\_i_j \cup \{i\}
14:
              C_i \leftarrow C_i + c_{ij}
15:
              sPR_i \leftarrow sPR_i + p_{ij} - c_{ij}
16:
           end if
17:
        end while
18:
19: end for
20: for each product j \notin S ordered in non-decreasing order of (PR_i + 0.2sPR_i) execute Algorithm 6 (Conflict
     Management)
21: for each active client i do
22:
        for each active client i do
           if p_{ij} > c_{ij} and the offer of product j to client i leads to a feasible solution then make that offer and update
23:
           the current solution
        end for
24:
25: end for
```

Algorithm 6 Function for Managing Offer Conflicts

```
1: if (|client_{-i_j} = O_j|) and \{\nexists (x \in S) \mid (x,j) \in CAN \text{ or } (j,x) \in CAN \} then
         for each client i \in client\_i_j do
            if i \in V then
 3:
 4:
                x_{ij} \leftarrow 1, \ M_i = M_i - 1
                if M_i = 0 then V \leftarrow V \setminus \{i\}
 5:
 6:
                for each product j^* \in S \setminus \{j\} do
 7:
                   if |client\_i_{j^*}| > 0 then find the minimum cost feasible replacement of a client i offered in j by a client
 8:
                   k \in sclient_{-i}
                end for
 9:
10:
                if k exists then
                   if M_i = 0 then V \leftarrow V \cup \{i\}
11:
                   x_{ij} \leftarrow 0, \ M_i \leftarrow M_i - 1, \ x_{kj} \leftarrow 1, \ M_k \leftarrow M_k - 1
12:
                   client\_i_j \leftarrow client\_i_j \setminus \{i\}, \ client\_i_j \leftarrow client\_i_j \cup \{k\}, \ sclient\_i_j \leftarrow sclient\_i_j \cup \{i\}
13:
                   if M_k = 0 then V \leftarrow V \setminus \{k\}
14:
                   C_{j^*} \leftarrow C_{j^*} + c_{kj^*} - c_{ij^*}, \ P_{j^*} \leftarrow P_{j^*} + p_{kj^*} - p_{ij^*}, \ val \leftarrow val + p_{kj^*} - p_{ij^*}, \ exp \leftarrow exp + c_{kj^*} - c_{ij^*}
15:
16:
                else
17:
                   if |sclient_{-ij}| > 0 then find the minimum cost feasible replacement of a client i offered in j by a client
                   h \in sclient\_i_i
                   if h exists then
18:
                       x_{ij} \leftarrow 0, \ x_{hj} \leftarrow 1, \ M_h \leftarrow M_h - 1
19:
                       client\_i_j \leftarrow client\_i_j \setminus \{i\}, \ client\_i_j \leftarrow client\_i_j \cup \{h\}, \ sclient\_i_j \leftarrow sclient\_i_j \setminus \{h\}
20:
                       if M_h = 0 then V \leftarrow V \setminus \{h\}
21:
                       C_j \leftarrow C_j + c_{hj} - c_{ij}, \ P_j \leftarrow P_j + p_{hj} - p_{ij}
22:
23:
                       if |sclient_i| > O_j then
24:
                           x_{ij} \leftarrow 0, client\_i_j \leftarrow client\_i_j \setminus \{i\}, C_j \leftarrow C_j - c_{ij}, P_j \leftarrow P_j - p_{ij}
25:
                       else
26:
                           the product j can not be offered, reverse all actions taking so far
27:
28:
                           y_j \leftarrow 0, \ S \leftarrow S \setminus \{j\}
29:
                           return to Algorithm 5
                       end if
30:
                   end if
31:
32:
                end if
            end if
33:
         end for
34:
         if val + P_j \ge (1 + H)(exp + C_j + f_j) then
35:
            S \leftarrow S \cup \{j\}, y_j \leftarrow 1, \ val \leftarrow val + P_j, \ exp \leftarrow exp + C_j + f_j
36:
37:
38:
            the product j can not be offered, reverse all actions taking so far
            y_j \leftarrow 0, \ S \leftarrow S \setminus \{j\}
39:
         end if
40:
41: end if
```

Algorithm 7 Neighborhood 3

```
1: Initialize the sets to store movement's information, IC_1 \leftarrow \{ \}, IC_2 \leftarrow \{ \}
 2: SC \leftarrow clients in V sorted in non-increasing order of their variance of p_{ij} for all products
 3: for each client i \in SC do
        current\_tuple \leftarrow \{ \}
        for each j \in S and x_{ij} = 1 do
 5:
           for each l \in S and x_{il} = 0 do
 6:
              while current\_tuple = \{ \} do
 7:
                 if p_{ij} < p_{il} then
 8:
                     current\_tuple \leftarrow \{(j,l,i)\}
 9:
                     if \exists h | (l, j, h) \in IC_1 then
10:
                        if (l, j, h) makes current_tuple feasible then
11:
12:
                           x_{ij} \leftarrow 0, \ x_{il} \leftarrow 1
                           x_{hj} \leftarrow 1, \ x_{hl} \leftarrow 0
13:
                           IC_1 \leftarrow IC_1 \setminus (l, j, h)
14:
                           if \exists m | (l, j, m) \in IC_2 then
15:
16:
                              IC_1 \leftarrow IC_1 \cup (l, j, m)
17:
                              IC_2 \leftarrow IC_2 \setminus (l, j, m)
                           end if
18:
19:
                        else
                           if (\exists m | (l, j, m) \in IC_2) and (l, j, m) makes current_tuple feasible then
20:
                              x_{ij} \leftarrow 0, \ x_{il} \leftarrow 1
21:
                              x_{mj} \leftarrow 1, \ x_{ml} \leftarrow 0
22:
                               IC_2 \leftarrow IC_2 \setminus (l, j, m)
23:
24:
                              if current_tuple is a feasible movement then
25:
                                  x_{ij} \leftarrow 0, \ x_{il} \leftarrow 1
26:
27:
                              else
                                 if \forall x \not\equiv (j, l, x) \in IC_2 then
28:
29:
                                     IC_2 \leftarrow IC_2 \cup \{current\_tuple\}
30:
                                     if current_tuple is more profitable than any x|(j,l,x) \in IC_1 then
31:
                                        IC_1 \leftarrow IC_1 \cup \{current\_tuple\}
32:
                                     else
33:
                                        if current\_tuple is more profitable than any x|(j,l,x) \in IC_2 then
34:
                                           IC_2 \leftarrow IC_2 \cup \{current\_tuple\}
35:
                                        end if
36:
37:
                                     end if
                                  end if
38:
                              end if
39:
                           end if
40:
                        end if
41:
                     end if
42:
43:
                 end if
              end while
44:
           end for
45:
        end for
46:
47: end for
     for each j \in S do
48:
        for each active client i examined in non-increasing order of their NPP_{ij} with x_{ij} = 0 do
49:
50:
           if offer product j to client i is feasible then
51:
              x_{ij} \leftarrow 1
52:
           end if
53:
        end for
54: end for
```

Algorithm 8 Tabu Search Procedure, where of(x,y) is the objective function value of solution (x,y)

```
1: Iter \leftarrow 0, tabu\_list \leftarrow \{ \}
 2: choose an initial solution (x, y)
 3: x^* \leftarrow x' \leftarrow x, \ y^* \leftarrow y' \leftarrow y
 4: while Iter < 30 \&\& time < 300s do
        (x_{prev}, y_{prev}) \leftarrow (x', y')
        (x_{Iter}, y_{Iter}) \leftarrow explore \ N_1(x', y'), \ considering \ tabu\_list
 6:
        if of(x_{Iter}, y_{Iter} > of(x', y') then
 7:
           x' \leftarrow x_{Iter}, \ y' \leftarrow y_{Iter}, \ \text{update tabu\_list}
 8:
 9:
        end if
        (x_{Iter}, y_{Iter}) \leftarrow explore \ N_2(x', y'), \ \text{considering tabu_list}
10:
        if of(x_{Iter}, y_{Iter} > of(x', y') then
11:
           x' \leftarrow x_{Iter}, \ y' \leftarrow y_{Iter}, \ \text{update tabu\_list}
12:
13:
        (x_{Iter}, y_{Iter}) \leftarrow explore \ N_3(x', y'), considering tabu_listif of (x_{Iter}, y_{Iter} > of(x', y')) then
14:
16:
           x' \leftarrow x_{Iter}, \ y' \leftarrow y_{Iter}, \ update \ tabu\_list
        end if
17:
        if of(x_{prev}, y_{prev}) \leq of(x', y') then
18:
           Iter \leftarrow Iter + 1
19:
           if (Iter \ mod \ 10) = 0 then
20:
               Update GA Population
21:
22:
              Expand TS Neighborhood Size
           end if
23:
           if Iter > 1 then
24:
              \alpha = \alpha + 0.03
25:
              (x',y') \leftarrow perform \ Genetic \ Regression \ for \ (x',y') \ and \ \alpha
26:
27:
              (x', y') \leftarrow perform Genetic Optimization for <math>(x', y')
28:
29:
           end if
        end if
30:
        if of(x^*, y^*) < of(x', y') then
31:
           x^* \leftarrow x', \ y^* \leftarrow y'
32:
           Iter \leftarrow 0, \ \alpha \leftarrow 0.0
33:
           Reset TS Neighborhood Size
34:
        end if
35:
36: end while
```

Algorithm 9 Genetic Algorithm Procedure

```
1: Initialize the Population performing 100 times the Algorithm 3
 2: BS \leftarrow individual \ with \ highest \ fitness \ on \ Population
 3: Generation \leftarrow 0, offer_list \leftarrow \{ \}
 4: while Generation < 4 do
       New\_Population \leftarrow \{ \}
 5:
       Elite \leftarrow BS
 6:
       while |New\_Population| < 99 do
 7:
 8:
          Parent1 \leftarrow fitness\_weighted\_roulette\_wheel(Population)
          Parent2 \leftarrow fitness\_weighted\_roulette\_wheel(Population \setminus \{Parent1\})
9:
          Dominant \leftarrow individual \ with \ highest \ fitness \ between \ Parent1 \ and \ Parent2
10:
          Parent2 \leftarrow individual \ with \ lowest \ fitness \ between \ Parent1 \ and \ Parent2
11:
          offspring \leftarrow apply \ Algorithm \ 10 \ (Crossover) \ for \ Dominant \ and \ Parent2
12:
          if fitness(offspring) < fitness(Elite then
13:
             if \exists (k,j) | k \in Parent1 \&\& j \in Parent2 \&\& (k,j) \in CAN then
14:
                Dominant \leftarrow individual \ with \ lowest \ fitness \ between \ Parent1 \ and \ Parent2
15:
16:
                Parent2 \leftarrow individual \ with \ highest \ fitness \ between \ Parent1 \ and \ Parent2
                offspring \leftarrow apply \ Algorithm \ 10 \ (Crossover) \ for \ Dominant \ and \ Parent2
17:
             end if
18:
          end if
19:
          \mathbf{if} \ (\mathit{fitness}(\mathit{offspring}) < \mathit{fitness}(\mathit{Elite})) \ \mathcal{BE} \ \ (\mathit{Generation} > 2) \ \mathbf{then}
20:
             if random(0,1) \leq 0.75 then
21:
22:
                Apply Mutation to offspring using offer_list
             end if
23:
          end if
24:
          New\_Population \leftarrow New\_Population \cup \{ offspring \}
25:
          if fitness(offspring) > fitness(Elite) then
26:
27:
             Elite \leftarrow offspring
          end if
28:
       end while
29:
       Population \leftarrow New\_Population \cup \{Elite\}
30:
       if fitness(Elite) > fitness(BS) then
31:
          BS \leftarrow Elite
32:
       end if
33:
       offer\_list \leftarrow buil\ similarity\ list\ from\ New\_Population
34:
35:
       Generation \leftarrow Generation + 1
36: end while
```

Algorithm 10 Crossover Procedure

```
1: offspring \leftarrow \{ \}, Losing\_Genes \leftarrow \{ \}
 2: \{\forall (x,j) \in CAN \mid (x \neq j) \text{ and } [(y_x = 1, y_j = 1) \in (Dominant \cup Parent2)]\} set the products in CAN
    from Dominant as infeasible and eliminate all offers allocated to them
 3: G \leftarrow set of genes sorted in non-increasing order of the expected profit of the client
 4: for each i \in G do
      if viable offers of i \in Dominant are more profitable than offers of i \in Parent2 then
         if \exists [(a \ product \ j) \ in \ i \in Dominant] \mid number \ of \ clients \ in \ j \ does \ not \ reach \ O_i \ then
 6:
 7:
            set j as infeasible and eliminate all offers allocated to it in offspring
 8:
         transfer all feasible offers i \in Dominant to the same gene in offspring
9:
         Losing\_Genes \leftarrow Losing\_Genes \cup \{i \in Parent2\}
10:
11:
         if \exists [(a \ product \ j) \ in \ i \in Parent2] \mid number \ of \ clients \ in \ j \ does \ not \ reach \ O_i \ then
12:
13:
            set j as infeasible and eliminate all offers allocated to it in offspring
         end if
14:
         transfer all feasible offers i \in Parent2 to the same gene in offspring
15:
         Losing\_Genes \leftarrow Losing\_Genes \cup \{i \in Dominant\}
16:
      end if
17:
    end for
18:
19: for each (product j \in offspring) | number of clients in j does not reach O_j do
       insert clients, sorted in non-decreasing order of NPP_{ij} into product j until reach O_i
      C_i \leftarrow sum \ of \ the \ client's \ cost \ allocated \ to \ j
21:
      if C_j > B_j then
22:
         remove all offers allocated to product j from offspring
23:
24:
      end if
25: end for
    for each gene g \in Losing\_Genes do
       transfer\ all\ feasible\ offers\ from\ g\ to\ offspring
28: end for
29: for each (product j \in offspring) \mid C_j < B_j do
       insert clients, sorted in non-decreasing order of NPP_{ij} into product j until there is budget
31: end for
```