# Experiment-1: Tic-Tac-Toe with Minimax Based on Python Implementation and Documentation

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#### Overview

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#### Information

#### Problem Statement

Develop an AI to play Tic-Tac-Toe using the Minimax algorithm.

#### Implementation Details

Represent game as 3x3 board, apply recursive minimax logic with pruning.

#### Plan

This program is divided into two phases Game Setup with human vs human and human vs AI.

# PHASE-1

#### Game Setup

- 3x3 Board using NumPy Array
- Player 1 Symbol: X
- Player 2 Symbol: 0
- Goal: Place three of the same symbols in a row, column, or diagonal

#### Step 1: Initialization

- Create empty 3x3 board with '-' symbols
- Assign symbols: p1s = 'X', p2s = '0'

#### Step 2: Game Loop

- Loop for 9 turns (maximum in 3x3 grid)
- Even turn: Player 1 (X)
- Odd turn: Player 2 (0)

### Step 3: Place Symbol

- Prompt player to input row and column (1-3)
- Validate input: in bounds and cell is empty
- Place symbol and display updated board

#### Step 4: Check Win

- Check if player symbol appears in:
  - Any row (check\_rows)
  - Any column (check\_cols)
  - Any diagonal (check\_diagonals)
- If true, declare the winner and end game

### Step 5: Draw Condition

- After 9 turns, if no player has won
- Check both players for win one last time
- If none, declare the result as Draw

### Function: place(symbol)

- Input row and column from user
- Validate and place symbol
- Print updated board

#### Function: check\_rows, check\_cols, check\_diagonals

- Each checks if symbol appears three times
- Returns True if win is detected

### Function: won(symbol)

- Combines row, column, and diagonal checks
- Used after every move to check win

#### Conclusion

- A simple turn-based 2-player game
- Efficient input-validation and win-checking
- Demonstrates control flow, loops, and conditionals

#### Thank You

Questions?

# PHASE-2

### Python Code with Documentation I

```
1 import numpy
2 #My initial Setup of the Game
3 | board = numpy.array([['-','-','-'],['-','-','-'],['-','-','-']]) #
     Board is 3x3
4 p1s='X' # Symbol for Player 1
5 p2s='0' # Symbol for Player 2
6 def place(symbol): # 3. or 7. Place the symbol on the board
      print(numpy.matrix(board)) # 3.1 print the board
7
      while (1): # 3.2 Take input until the inputs are correct
8
9
          row = int(input('Enter row - 1 or 2 or 3: ')) # 3.3 Take
              row input
          col = int(input('Enter Column - 1 or 2 or 3: ')) # 3.4 Take
10
               col input
          if row>0 and row<4 and col>0 and col<4 and board[row-1][col
              -1] == '-': # 3.5 row and col must lie between 0 to 3 and
               the board should be empty
              break # 3.6 if everything is correct then break the
                  loop
          else: # 3.7 Otherwise ask user to input again
              print("Invalid Input please enter again...")
```

### Python Code with Documentation II

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```
board[row-1][col-1]=symbol # 3.8 if row and cols are correct
          then placethe symbol at the desired palce
      print(numpy.matrix(board)) # 3.9 print the board with the
          placed symbol
def check_rows(symbol):# 4.1a Check the symbol is in three
      consecutive rows or not
      for r in range(3): # 4.1a.1 Check all three rows, start from 0
          until row 2
          count=0 # 4.1a.2 set counter to 0, to test whether it is a
              winning move
          for c in range(3): # 4.1a.3 Iterate through all the cols
              (0..2)
              if board[r][c] == symbol: # 4.1a.4 if the symbol on the
                   board is the one that is supplied by user then
                  count = count + 1 # 4.1a.5 increase the counter
          if count == 3: # 4.1a.6 If the counter is 3 then it means it
              is a winning move by the player with the symbol
              print(symbol, 'won') # 4.1a.7 Place the symbol X won
                  or O won
              return True # 4.1a.8 Return True if the player has won
      return False # 4.1a.9 Return Flase in all the other cases
```

#### Python Code with Documentation III

```
def check_cols(symbol): # 4.1b Check the symbol is in three
      consecutive cols or not. The logic is same first we start with
      col 0 and all rows
      for c in range(3): # 4.1b.1 Check the symbol is in three
          consecutive cols or not
32
              count=0 # 4.1b.2 set counter to 0, to test whether it
                  is a winning move
              for r in range(3): # 4.1b.3 Iterate through all the
33
                  rows (0..2)
                  if board[r][c] == symbol: # 4.1b.4 if the symbol on
                       the board is the one that is supplied by user
                      then
                      count=count+1 # 4.1b.5 increase the counter
              if count == 3: # 4.1b.6 If the counter is 3 then it means
                   it is a winning move by the player with the symbol
                  print(symbol, ' won') # 4.1b.7 Place the symbol X
37
                      won or O won
                  return True # 4.1b.8 Return True if the player has
                      WON
39
      return False # 4.1b.9 Return Flase in all the other cases
40
```

#### Python Code with Documentation IV

```
41 def check_diagonals(symbol): # 4.1c Check the symbol is in three
      diagonal places
42
      if board[0][2] == board[1][1] and board[1][1] == board[2][0] and
          board[1][1] == symbol: # 4.1c.1 First winning diagonal move
          print(symbol, "won") # 4.1c.2 Place the symbol X won or 0
43
              won
44
          return True # 4.1c.3 Return True if the player has won
      if board[0][0]==board[1][1] and board[1][1]==board[2][2] and
45
          board[0][0] == symbol: # 4.1c.4 Second winning digonal move
          print(symbol, " won") # 4.1c.5 Place the symbol X won or 0
46
               won
          return True # 4.1c.6 Return True if the player has won
47
      return False # 4.1c.7 Return Flase in all the other cases
48
49
odef won(symbol): # 4 or 8. check the winning move
      return check_rows(symbol) or check_cols(symbol) or
          check_diagonals(symbol) # 4.1 Winning move can be either
          three consecutive rows or cols or any diagonal
      #these functions return True in case it is a winning move
          otherwise False
54 def play():
```

### Python Code with Documentation V

```
for turn in range(9): # 1. Number of total turns as the size of
           board is 3x3
          if turn%2==0: # 2. All even chances 0,2,4 are of X's and
              odd chances 1,3,5 are of 0's
              print('X Trun') # 2.1 Print it is an X's Turn
              place(pls) # 3. Place the X's symbol on the board
              if won(p1s): # 4. After placing the symbol check
                  whether this move is winning move or not
                  break # 5. If X's move is winning then come of
60
                      the the game
              else: # 6. Else check if it is O's turn
                  print('0 Trun') # 6.1 Print is is an O's Turn
                  place(p2s) # 7. Place the O's symbol on the board
                  if won(p2s): # 8. After placing the symbol check
                      whether this move is winning move or not
                      break # 9. If O's move is winning then come of
                           the the game
      if not(won(p1s)) and not(won(p2s)): # 10. if there is no move
          that it is a winning move
          print('Draw') # 11. then it is a draw
69 if __name__ == "__main__":
```

#### Python Code with Documentation VI

play()