

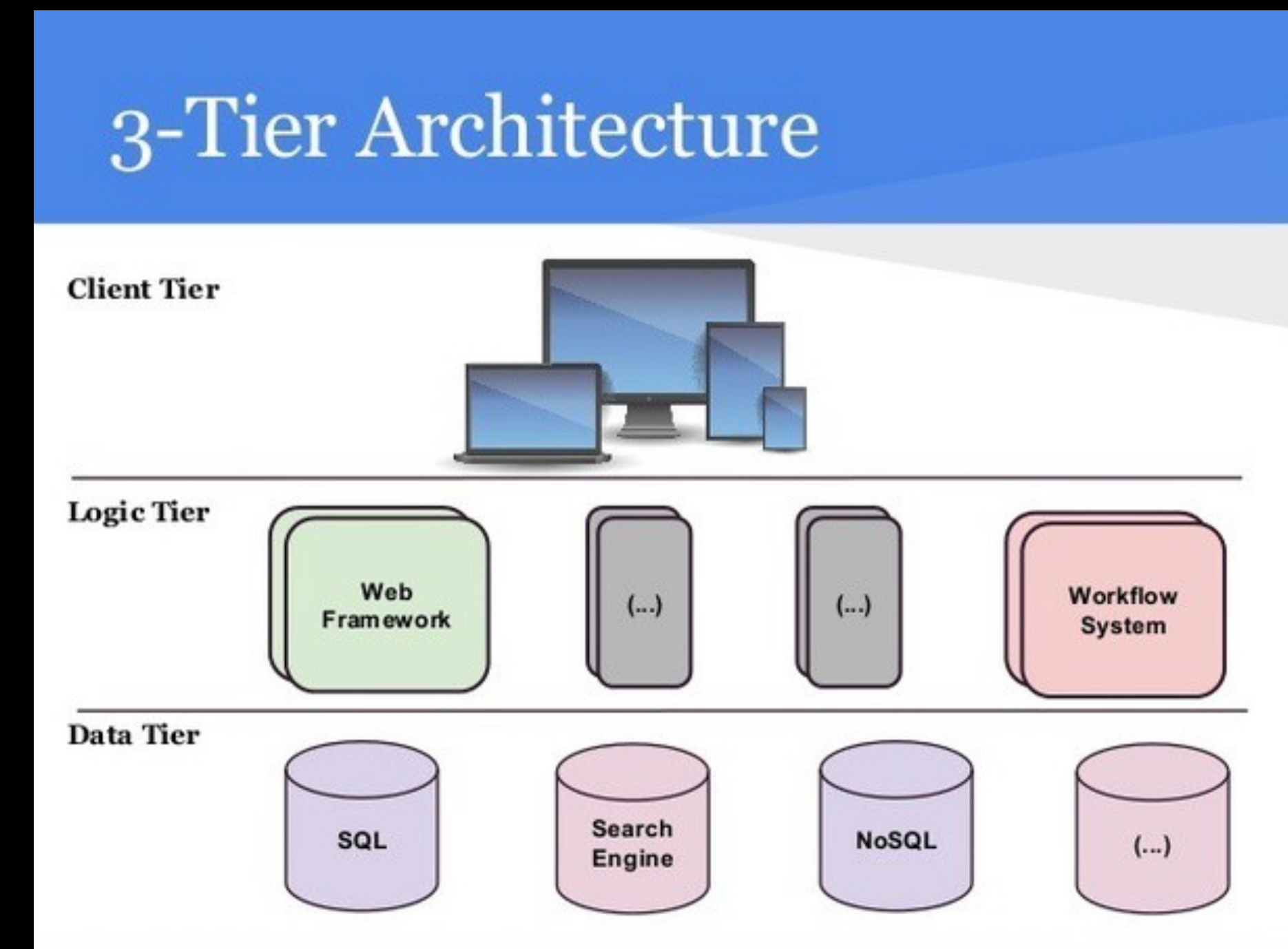
Lesson29

Databases. Data models

Web application architecture

Classic 3-Tier Architecture

- Client - Represented by Web browser/mobile phone app - (HTML, CSS, Javascript)
- Logic - Represented by (web)Server with any server language (php, nodejs, python, java, c#)
- Data - Represented by Database itself, Database Engine and Database Managements tool /s (MySQL, (InnoDB,MyISAM), HeidiSQL)



Identifying data for your application

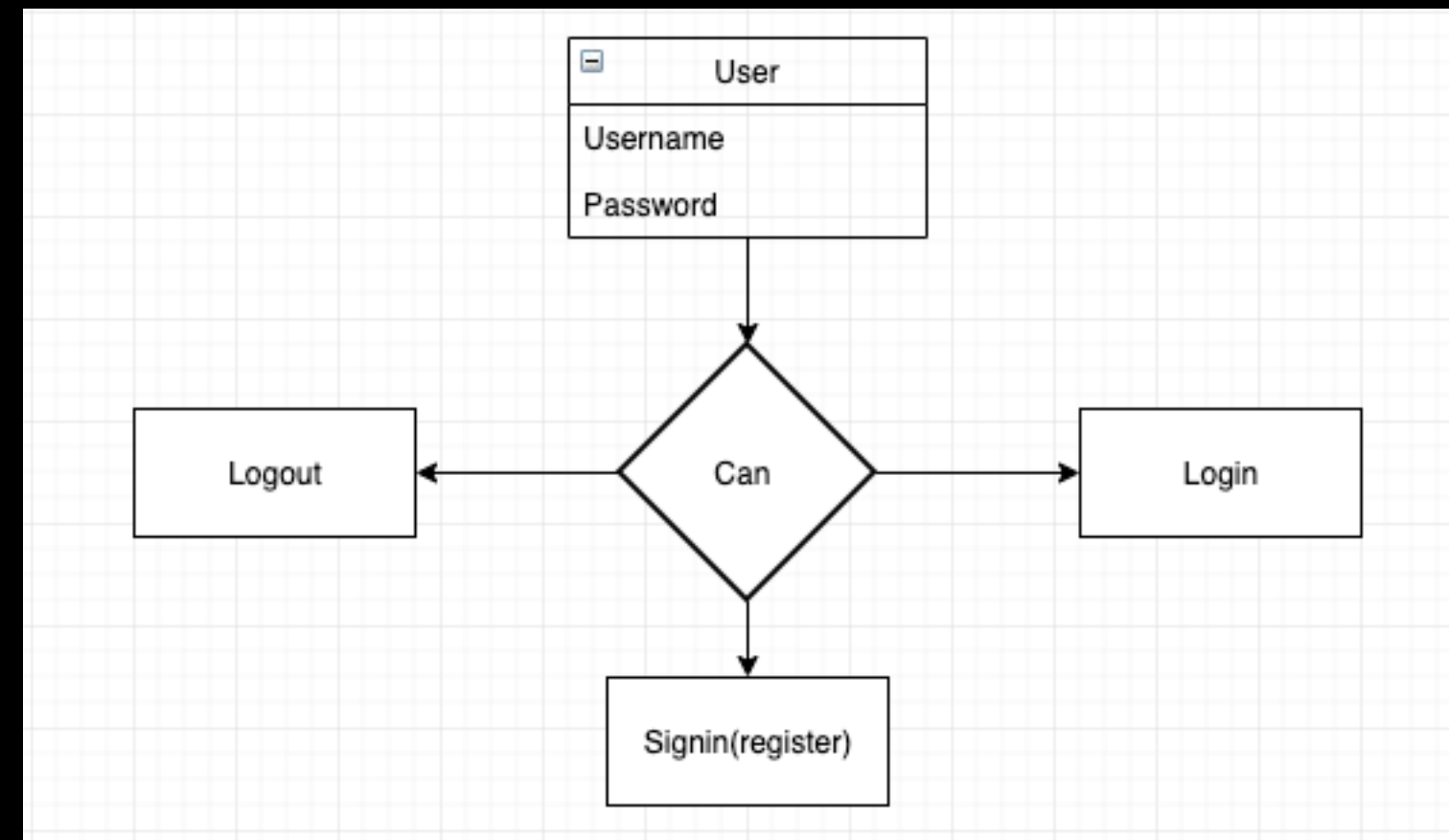
Software Engineering Mindset

- We need to ask yourself - what data we need for this application, module, part of program?
- Different application parts need different data
- Some times data from different application parts is connected
- We need to think how data is connected and related to each other

Authentication

Example

- Sign up
- Login
- Log out
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Movie database modeling example

Modeling data

- Movie name
- Movie details (Country, Language, Release date etc)
- Movie pictures
- Movie scenes (short videos)
- Movie actors
- Movie makers
- Technical Specs

Data models

DM describe business entities and relationships

- **Entities** - object or concepts we want to track data about - they become the tables in database. For example: Products, Vendors and Customers are all potential entities in a data model
- **Attributes** - entities have attributes which are details we want to track about entities - you can think of attributes as the columns in the a table

Products	Vendors	Customers
ProductID	VendorID	CustomerID
VendorID	VendorName	FirstName
ProductName		LastName
UPC		PhoneNumber
Size		Email
Color		