det(A) = = 1 Ayxy

det (2A) = 24 det(A) = (16)(K)

det (2A) = 8

det (-A) = (-1) det(A) = (1) det(A)

det(-A) = /2

 $det(k^2) = det(k) det(k) = (k) (k)$ 

det(A) = /4

det(AT) = 1/2

det (A') = 2

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 - 2 0 \\ 2 & 3 - 4 1 \\ -1 - 2 & 0 2 \end{pmatrix} = (1)(-1)(-2)(10) = \boxed{20}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3/2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$det(A) = 0$$

$$det(u^{-1}) = \frac{1}{det(u)} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \geq Supps four (1-4) & rev (2-3)$$

$$PM = U = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 & 8 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M = P^{1}U$$

$$P^{1} = P^{T} = P$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_{11} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = -(1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$M_{n} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = (1) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = -1$$

$$M_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (1) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$M_{14} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = (1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + (1) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = 1$$

$$M_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 3 & 5 \\ 6 & 7 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -3 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 5 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -18$$

$$|a\rangle det(z') = \frac{det(z)}{det(z)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} C & \begin{array}{c} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \end{array} = 2$$

$$M_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (2) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$M_{12} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = (1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - 0 + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = 1$$

$$M_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 2 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -4$$

$$M_{14} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 4 \begin{bmatrix} (1) & | & -1 & 0 \\ | & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ | & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 4[(-1) - (2)] = (4)(-3) = [-12]$$

$$B_3 = \begin{cases} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{cases}$$

$$B_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 - 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 3$$

$$C_{33} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ + 2 \end{vmatrix} = 3$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad C^{T} = C$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{c^{T}}{det(h)} = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{3} & 1 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = C^T$$

$$B^{-1} = \begin{cases} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{\prime}b = (ab)^{-1}(0)$$

$$B_2 = \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 \\ C & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y = \frac{-c}{ad-bc}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ v & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix} \quad X = \begin{pmatrix} y \\ z \\ z \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ v \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y = x_2 = \frac{\det(B_2)}{\det(A)} = \frac{\det(B_2)}{O}$$

$$B_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} a & 1 & C \\ d & o & f \\ g & o & i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$9 = \frac{f_{5} - d}{D}$$