

HW1 Gabe Colangelo

```
clear
close all
warning off
clc
```

Problem 1 Lagrangian Derivation & E.O.M

```
% Lagrangian Derivation
% x1      = x
% x2      = theta1
% x3      = theta2
% x4      = x_dot
% x5      = theta_dot_1
% x6      = theta_dot_2

syms x(t) x_dot(t) theta1(t) theta_dot_1(t) theta2(t) theta_dot_2(t) M m1 m2...
      L1 L2 x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6 g theta1_int theta2_int theta_ddot_1 x_ddot ...
      theta_ddot_2 u s real

% Position vector to cart - inertial coordinates
r_M      = [x;0;0];

% Rotation Matrix from body frame 1 to inertial frame
I_DCM_B   = [sin(theta1), cos(theta1), 0;...
             cos(theta1), -sin(theta1),0;...
             0, 0 ,-1];

% Position vector to mass 1, inertial frame: r_m1 = x ix + l br
r_m1      = r_M + I_DCM_B*[L1;0;0];

% Define angle between body frame 1 and body frame 2
beta      = theta2 - theta1;

% Rotation Matrix from body frame 1 to inertial frame
B_DCM_C   = [cos(beta), -sin(beta), 0;...
             sin(beta), cos(beta), 0;...
             0, 0, 1];

% Position vector to mass 2, inertial frame: r_m2 = x ix + l br + l cr
r_m2      = r_M + I_DCM_B*[L1;0;0] + I_DCM_B*B_DCM_C*[L2;0;0];

% Inertial Velocities
v_M      = subs(diff(r_M),diff(x(t),t),x_dot);
```

```

v_m1      = simplify(subs(diff(r_m1),[diff(x(t),t), diff(theta1(t),t)]...
    ,[x_dot, theta_dot_1]));

v_m2      = simplify(subs(diff(r_m2),[diff(x(t),t), diff(theta1(t),t)...
    ,diff(theta2(t),t)],[x_dot, theta_dot_1, theta_dot_2]));

% Kinetic Energy
T          = simplify((1/2)*M*transpose(v_M)*v_M +
(1/2)*m1*transpose(v_m1)*v_m1...
    + (1/2)*m2*transpose(v_m2)*v_m2);

% Gravitational Forces
W_M        = [0;-M*g;0];
W_m1       = [0;-m1*g;0];
W_m2       = [0;-m2*g;0];

% Differential Displacements
dsM        = subs(diff(r_M),diff(x(t),t),1);
dsm1       = simplify(subs(diff(r_m1),[diff(x(t),t), diff(theta1(t),t)]...
    ,[1 1]));
dsm2       = simplify(subs(diff(r_m2),[diff(x(t),t), diff(theta1(t),t)...
    ,diff(theta2(t),t)],[1 1 1]));

% Potential Energies of mass M:  $V = -\int(\dot{F},ds)$ 
V_M        = -int(transpose(W_M)*dsM);

% Potential Energy of mass 1
int_m1     = subs(transpose(W_m1)*dsm1,theta1,theta1_int);
V_m1       = subs(-int(int_m1,theta1_int),theta1_int,theta1);

% Potential Energy of mass 2
int_m2     = subs(transpose(W_m2)*dsm2,[theta1 theta2],[theta1_int,
theta2_int]);
V_m2       = subs(-int(subs(int_m2,theta2_int,0),theta1_int) +....
    -
int(subs(int_m2,theta1_int,0),theta2_int),[theta1_int,theta2_int],...
    [theta1,theta2]);

% Total potential energy
V          = simplify(V_M + V_m1 + V_m2);

% Lagrangian
disp('The Lagrangian is')

```

The Lagrangian is

```
L = simplify(T - V)
```

$L(t) =$

$$\frac{m_2 (\dot{x}(t) + \sigma_1 + L_2 \cos(\theta_2(t)) \dot{\theta}_2(t))^2}{2} + \frac{m_1 (\dot{x}(t) + \sigma_1)^2}{2} + \frac{m_2 (L_1 \sin(\theta_1(t)) \dot{\theta}_1(t) + L_2 \sin(\theta_2(t)) \dot{\theta}_2(t))^2}{2} + \frac{M \dot{x}(t)^2}{2} + \frac{L_1^2 m_1 \sin(\theta_1(t))^2 \dot{\theta}_1(t)^2}{2} - L_1 g m_1 \cos(\theta_1(t)) - L_1 g m_2 \cos(\theta_1(t)) - L_2 g m_2 \cos(\theta_2(t))$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = L_1 \cos(\theta_1(t)) \dot{\theta}_1(t)$$

```
% Lagrange Equations of Motions: d/dt(del_L/del_qdot) - del_L/del_q = Q
disp('Lagranges Equations of Motion are:')
```

Lagranges Equations of Motion are:

```
% : q = x, Q = u
eqn_x = subs(simplify(diff(diff(L,x_dot),t) - diff(L,x)),[diff(x(t),t),
diff(theta1(t),t)...
,diff(theta2(t),t), diff(x_dot,t), diff(theta_dot_1(t), t),
diff(theta_dot_2(t), t)],...
[x_dot, theta_dot_1, theta_dot_2, x_ddot, theta_ddot_1,
theta_ddot_2]) == u
```

$eqn_x(t) =$

$$M \ddot{x} + m_1 \ddot{x} + m_2 \ddot{x} - L_1 m_1 \sin(\theta_1(t)) \dot{\theta}_1(t)^2 - L_1 m_2 \sin(\theta_1(t)) \dot{\theta}_1(t)^2 - L_2 m_2 \sin(\theta_2(t)) \dot{\theta}_2(t)^2 + L_1 m_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1(t)) + L_1 m_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1(t)) + L_2 m_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_2(t)) = u$$

```
% : q = theta1, Q = 0
```

```
eqn_theta1 = subs(simplify(diff(diff(L,theta_dot_1),t) -
diff(L,theta1)),[diff(x(t),t), diff(theta1(t),t)...
,diff(theta2(t),t), diff(x_dot,t), diff(theta_dot_1(t), t),
diff(theta_dot_2(t), t)],...
[x_dot, theta_dot_1, theta_dot_2, x_ddot, theta_ddot_1,
theta_ddot_2]) == 0
```

$eqn_theta1(t) =$

$$L_1^2 m_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + L_1^2 m_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 - L_1 g m_1 \sin(\theta_1(t)) - L_1 g m_2 \sin(\theta_1(t)) + L_1 m_1 \ddot{x} \cos(\theta_1(t)) + L_1 m_2 \ddot{x} \cos(\theta_1(t)) + L_1 L_2 m_2 \sin(\sigma_1) \dot{\theta}_2(t)^2 + L_1 L_2 m_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\sigma_1) = 0$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = \theta_1(t) - \theta_2(t)$$

```
% : q = theta2, Q = 0
```

```
eqn_theta2 = subs(simplify(diff(diff(L,theta_dot_2),t) -
diff(L,theta2)),[diff(x(t),t), diff(theta1(t),t)...
,diff(theta2(t),t), diff(x_dot,t), diff(theta_dot_1(t), t),
diff(theta_dot_2(t), t)],...
[x_dot, theta_dot_1, theta_dot_2, x_ddot, theta_ddot_1,
theta_ddot_2]) == 0
```

```
eqn_theta2(t) =
```

$$L_2^2 m_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 - L_2 g m_2 \sin(\theta_2(t)) + L_2 m_2 \ddot{x} \cos(\theta_2(t)) - L_1 L_2 m_2 \sin(\theta_1(t) - \theta_2(t)) \dot{\theta}_1(t)^2 + L_1 L_2 m_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1(t) - \theta_2(t)) = 0$$

```
% Solve system of equations for 2nd derivative of states
```

```
sys_eqn =
```

```
solve([eqn_x,eqn_theta1,eqn_theta2],[x_ddot,theta_ddot_1,theta_ddot_2]);
```

```
% Lagrange Equation of motion, state space form
```

```
fprintf('\n')
```

```
disp('Lagranges Equation of motion in state space form are given by')
```

Lagranges Equation of motion in state space form are given by

```
x1_dot = x4
```

```
x1_dot = x4
```

```
x2_dot = x5
```

```
x2_dot = x5
```

```
x3_dot = x6
```

```
x3_dot = x6
```

```
x4_dot = subs(simplify(sys_eqn.x_ddot),[x theta1 theta2 x_dot theta_dot_1  
theta_dot_2],[x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6])
```

```
x4_dot =
```

$$\frac{2 m_1 u + m_2 u - m_2 u \sigma_1 - g m_1^2 \sin(2 x_2) + 2 L_1 m_1^2 x_5^2 \sin(x_2) - g m_1 m_2 \sin(2 x_2) + 2 L_1 m_1 m_2 x_5^2 \sin(x_2) + L_2 m_1 m_2 x_6^2 \sin(x_3) + L_2 m_1 m_2 x_6^2 \sin(2 x_2 - x_3)}{2 M m_1 + M m_2 + m_1 m_2 - m_1^2 \cos(2 x_2) + m_1^2 - m_1 m_2 \cos(2 x_2) - M m_2 \sigma_1}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = \cos(2 x_2 - 2 x_3)$$

```
x5_dot = subs(simplify(sys_eqn.theta_ddot_1),[x theta1 theta2 x_dot  
theta_dot_1 theta_dot_2],[x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6])
```

```
x5_dot =
```

$$-\frac{\frac{m_1 u \cos(x_2)}{2} + \frac{m_2 u \cos(x_2)}{2} - \frac{m_2 u \cos(x_2 - 2 x_3)}{2} - g m_1^2 \sin(x_2) - M g m_1 \sin(x_2) - \frac{M g m_2 \sin(x_2)}{2} - g m_1 m_2 \sin(x_2) + \frac{L_1 m_1^2 x_5^2 \sin(2 x_2)}{2} - \frac{M g m_2 \sin(x_2 - 2 x_3)}{2} + \frac{L_2 m_1 m_2 x_6^2 \sin(x_2 + x_3)}{2} + L_2 M m_2 x_6^2 \sin(x_2 - x_3) + \frac{L_2 m_1 m_2 x_6^2 \sin(x_2 - x_3)}{2} + \frac{L_2 m_1 m_2 x_5^2 \sin(2 x_2)}{2} + \frac{L_1 M m_2 x_5^2 \sin(\sigma_1)}{2}}{L_1 \left(M m_1 + \frac{M m_2}{2} + \frac{m_1 m_2}{2} - \frac{m_1^2 \cos(2 x_2)}{2} + \frac{m_1^2}{2} - \frac{m_1 m_2 \cos(2 x_2)}{2} - \frac{M m_2 \cos(\sigma_1)}{2} \right)}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = 2 x_2 - 2 x_3$$

```
x6_dot = subs(simplify(sys_eqn.theta_ddot_2),[x theta1 theta2 x_dot  
theta_dot_1 theta_dot_2],[x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6])
```

```
x6_dot =
```

$$\frac{\frac{m_1 u \sigma_2}{2} - \frac{m_2 u \cos(x_3)}{2} - \frac{m_1 u \cos(x_3)}{2} + \frac{m_2 u \sigma_2}{2} - \frac{M g m_1 \sigma_1}{2} - \frac{M g m_2 \sigma_1}{2} + \frac{M g m_1 \sin(x_3)}{2} + \frac{M g m_2 \sin(x_3)}{2} + L_1 M m_1 x_5^2 \sin(x_2 - x_3) + L_1 M m_2 x_5^2 \sin(x_2 - x_3) + \frac{L_2 M m_2 x_6^2 \sin(\sigma_3)}{2}}{L_2 \left(M m_1 + \frac{M m_2}{2} + \frac{m_1 m_2}{2} - \frac{m_1^2 \cos(2 x_2)}{2} + \frac{m_1^2}{2} - \frac{m_1 m_2 \cos(2 x_2)}{2} - \frac{M m_2 \cos(\sigma_3)}{2} \right)}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = \sin(2 x_2 - x_3)$$

$$\sigma_2 = \cos(2 x_2 - x_3)$$

$$\sigma_3 = 2 x_2 - 2 x_3$$

Part 2 Linearized Model Derivation

% Numerical Parameters

```
m1_num = 0.5;
L1_num = 0.5;
m2_num = 0.75;
L2_num = 0.75;
M_num = 1.5;
g_num = 9.81;
```

% Define Non-linear system

```
f = [x1_dot;x2_dot;x3_dot;x4_dot;x5_dot;x6_dot];
h = [x1;x2;x3];
```

% Jacobian Matrices

```
df_dx = jacobian(f,[x1;x2;x3;x4;x5;x6]);
df_du = jacobian(f,u);
dh_dx = jacobian(h,[x1;x2;x3;x4;x5;x6]);
dh_du = jacobian(h,u);
```

% Equilibrium pair - origin

```
xe = zeros(6,1);
ue = 0;
```

```
fprintf('\n')
```

```
disp('The linearized state space model about the origin is')
```

The linearized state space model about the origin is

% Linearized Model

```
A =
double(subs(df_dx,[x1;x2;x3;x4;x5;x6;ue;m1;L1;m2;L2;M;g],[xe;ue;m1_num;L1_num;m2_num;L2_num;M_num;g_num]))
```

```
A = 6x6
    0         0         0    1.0000         0         0
    0         0         0         0    1.0000         0
    0         0         0         0         0    1.0000
    0   -8.1750         0         0         0         0
```

```

0    65.4000   -29.4300         0         0         0
0   -32.7000    32.7000         0         0         0

```

```

B =
double(subs(df_du,[x1;x2;x3;x4;x5;x6;ue;m1;L1;m2;L2;M;g],[xe;ue;m1_num;L1_num;m2_num;L2_num;M_num;g_num]))

```

```

B = 6x1
      0
      0
      0
    0.6667
   -1.3333
      0

```

```

C = double(dh_dx)

```

```

C = 3x6
      1      0      0      0      0      0
      0      1      0      0      0      0
      0      0      1      0      0      0

```

```

D = double(dh_du)

```

```

D = 3x1
      0
      0
      0

```

Problem 3 Linearized Model

```

% Controllability Matrix
Co = ctrb(A,B);

% Observability Matrix
Ob = obsv(A,C);

% Number of states
n = length(A);

% Verify system is reachable & observable
if rank(Co) == n
    disp('Pair (A,B) of the linearized model is reachable/controllable')
end

```

```

Pair (A,B) of the linearized model is reachable/controllable

```

```

if rank(Ob) == n
    disp('Pair (A,C) of the linearized model is observable')
end

```

Pair (A,C) of the linearized model is observable

```
% Inverse of Controllability Matrix
Co_inv      = inv(Co);

% Last row of inverse of Controllability Matrix
q1          = Co_inv(end,:);

% Transformation matrix used to get CCF
T_ccf       = [q1;q1*A;q1*A^2;q1*A^3;q1*A^4;q1*A^5];

% Transform System into Controller Canonical Form
disp('The Linearized Model in Controller Form is')
```

The Linearized Model in Controller Form is

```
A_ccf      = T_ccf*A*inv(T_ccf)
```

```
A_ccf = 6x6
103 x
      0      0.0010      0      -0.0000      0      -0.0000
      0      0      0.0010      0      0.0000      0
      0      0      0      0.0010      0      0.0000
      0      0      0.0000      0      0.0010      0
      0      0      0      0      0      0.0010
      0      0      -1.1762      0      0.0981      0
```

```
B_ccf      = T_ccf*B
```

```
B_ccf = 6x1
      0
      0
      0
     -0.0000
      0
      1.0000
```

```
C_ccf      = C*inv(T_ccf)
```

```
C_ccf = 3x6
  427.7160      0  -54.5000      0      0.6667      0
      0      0      43.6000      0     -1.3333      0
      0      0      43.6000      0      0.0000      0
```

```
D_ccf      = D
```

```
D_ccf = 3x1
      0
      0
      0
```

```
% Controllability Matrix of (A',C')
Co_dual    = ctrb(A',C');
```

```

% Row reduced echelon form of Controlability, get indice of pivots
[co_ref,p] = rref(Co_dual);

% Form L martix from inspection - L = [c1',A'*c1', c2',A'*c2', c3', A'*c3']
L_obs      = [C(1,:)', A'*C(1,:)',C(2,:)', A'*C(2,:)',C(3,:)', A'*C(3,:)'];

% Inverse of L
inv_L      = inv(L_obs);

% Observability Matrices from inspection
d1_obs     = 2;
d2_obs     = 2;
d3_obs     = 2;

% Vectors needed for transformation matrix
q1         = inv_L(d1_obs,:);
q2         = inv_L(d2_obs + d1_obs,:);
q3         = inv_L(d3_obs + d2_obs + d1_obs,:);

% Form Transformation Matrix
T_obs      = [q1; q1*A'; q2; q2*A'; q3; q3*A'];

% Transform linear system into observer form
disp('The Linearized Model in Observer Form is')

```

The Linearized Model in Observer Form is

```
A_obs = (T_obs*A'*inv(T_obs))'
```

```

A_obs = 6x6
    0         0         0   -8.1750         0         0
  1.0000         0         0         0         0         0
    0         0         0   65.4000         0   -29.4300
    0         0   1.0000         0         0         0
    0         0         0  -32.7000         0   32.7000
    0         0         0         0   1.0000         0

```

```
C_obs = (T_obs*C')'
```

```

C_obs = 3x6
    0     1     0     0     0     0
    0     0     0     1     0     0
    0     0     0     0     0     1

```

```
B_obs = (B'*inv(T_obs))'
```

```

B_obs = 6x1
    0.6667
         0

```



```
-1.3333
0
0
0
```

```
D_obs = D
```

```
D_obs = 3x1
0
0
0
```

Problem 4 Transfer Function

```
% Transfer Function Matrix Equation
Y_U = C*inv(s*eye(size(A)) - A)*B + D;

disp('Transfer function for X to u:')
```

Transfer function for X to u:

```
disp(simplify(Y_U(1)))
```

$$\frac{4 (500 s^4 - 40875 s^2 + 320787)}{3 s^2 (1000 s^4 - 98100 s^2 + 1176219)}$$

```
disp('Trasnfer Function for theta_1 to u:')
```

Transfer Function for theta_1 to u:

```
disp(Y_U(2))
```

$$-\frac{400 (10 s^2 - 327)}{3 (1000 s^4 - 98100 s^2 + 1176219)}$$

```
disp('Transfer Function for theta_2 to u:')
```

Transfer Function for theta_2 to u:

```
disp(Y_U(3))
```

$$\frac{43600}{1000 s^4 - 98100 s^2 + 1176219}$$

Problem 5 - Part 1 Pendulum Simulation

```
% Initial Conditions [m, rad, rad, m/s, rad/s, rad/s]
x0 = [0 .01 .02 0 0 0]';

% Time interval
dt = 1/200;

% time and input
```

```

time      = (0:dt:10)';
u         = 0;

% ODE45 Function Call
[~, X] = ode45(@(t,x)
DIPC(t,x,u,m1_num,m2_num,M_num,L1_num,L2_num,g_num),time,x0);

```

Problem 5 Part - 2 Animation

```

% Cart width and height
w         = 1;
h         = .5;

% Graphics handle - cart
cart      = rectangle('position',[X(1,1) - w/2, -h, w, h]);

% Graphics handle - hinge
hinge     = line('xdata', X(1,1), 'ydata', 0, 'marker', 'o', 'markersize', 7);

% Graphics handle - mass 1
mass1     = line('xdata', X(1,1) + L1_num*sin(X(1,2)), 'ydata',
L1_num*cos(X(1,2)), ...
                'marker', 'o', 'markersize', 10, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'k');

% Graphics handle - bar 1
bar1      = line('xdata', [X(1,1) X(1,1) + L1_num*sin(X(1,2))], 'ydata', ...
[0 L1_num*cos(X(1,2))], 'linewidth', 3);

% Graphics handle - mass 2
mass2     = line('xdata', X(1,1) + L1_num*sin(X(1,2)) + L2_num*sin(X(1,3)),
'ydata', ...
L1_num*cos(X(1,2))+L2_num*cos(X(1,3)), 'marker', 'o', 'markersize', 10, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'k');

% Graphics handle - bar 2
bar2      = line('xdata', [(X(1,1) + L1_num*sin(X(1,2))), (X(1,1) +
L1_num*sin(X(1,2)) + L2_num*sin(X(1,3)))], 'ydata', ...
[(L1_num*cos(X(1,2)))
(L1_num*cos(X(1,2))+L2_num*cos(X(1,3)))], 'linewidth', 3);

h_txt     = text(-2,2, strcat(['Time = ', ' ', num2str(time(1)), ' [s]']));

% Define axis limits

```

```

axis([-2*(L1_num + L2_num), 2*(L1_num + L2_num), -2*(L1_num + L2_num), 2*(L1_num
+ L2_num)]);
grid on
xlabel('X [m]')
ylabel('Y [m]')
title('Double Inverted Pendulum')

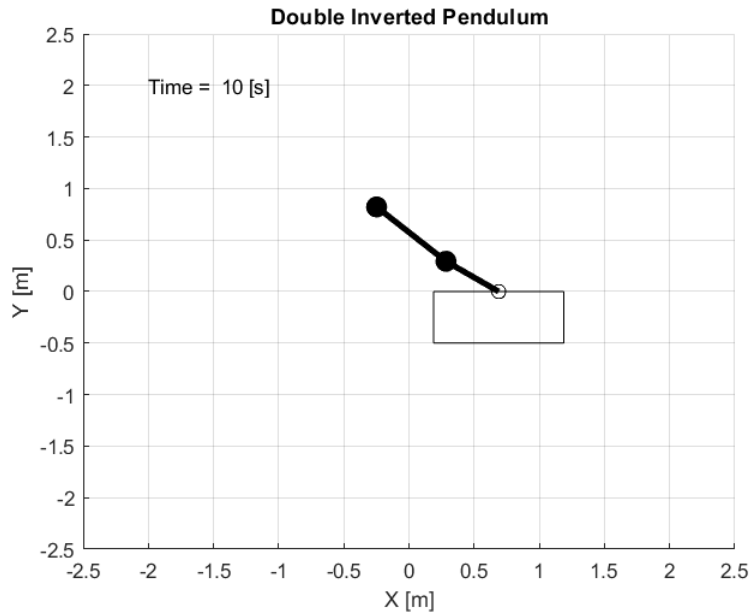
% Video stuff
vidobj = VideoWriter('DIPC.avi');
open(vidobj);
nframes = length(X);
frames = moviein(nframes);

for i = 2:nframes

    % Update handles
    set(cart, 'position', [X(i,1) - w/2, -h, w, h]);
    set(hinge, 'xdata', X(i,1), 'ydata', 0, 'marker', 'o', 'markersize', 7);
    set(mass1, 'xdata', X(i,1) + L1_num*sin(X(i,2)), 'ydata',
L1_num*cos(X(i,2)), ...
        'marker', 'o', 'markersize', 10, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'k');
    set(bar1, 'xdata', [X(i,1) X(i,1) + L1_num*sin(X(i,2))], 'ydata', ...
        [0 L1_num*cos(X(i,2))], 'linewidth', 3);
    set(mass2, 'xdata', X(i,1) + L1_num*sin(X(i,2)) + L2_num*sin(X(i,3)),
'ydata', ...
L1_num*cos(X(i,2)) + L2_num*cos(X(i,3)), 'marker', 'o', 'markersize', 10, 'MarkerFaceCo
lor', 'k');
    set(bar2, 'xdata', [(X(i,1) + L1_num*sin(X(i,2))), (X(i,1) +
L1_num*sin(X(i,2)) + L2_num*sin(X(i,3)))], 'ydata', ...
        [(L1_num*cos(X(i,2)))
(L1_num*cos(X(i,2)) + L2_num*cos(X(i,3)))], 'linewidth', 3);
    set(h_txt, 'String', strcat(['Time = ', ' ', num2str(time(i)), ' [s]']));

    drawnow;
    frames(:,i) = getframe(gcf);
    writeVideo(vidobj, frames(:,i));
end

```



```
close(vidobj);
```

Function for Double Inverted Cart Pendulum

```
function xdot = DIPC(t,x,u,m1,m2,M,L1,L2,g)

% States and inputs
x1      = x(1,1); % x
x2      = x(2,1); % theta_1
x3      = x(3,1); % theta_2
x4      = x(4,1); % xdot
x5      = x(5,1); % theta_1_dot
x6      = x(6,1); % theta_2_dot

% Equations of Motion
x1dot   = x4;    % xdot
x2dot   = x5;    % theta_1_dot
x3dot   = x6;    % theta_2_dot

% x_ddot
x4dot   = (2*m1*u + m2*u - m2*u*cos(2*x2 - 2*x3) - g*m1^2*sin(2*x2) + ...
           2*L1*m1^2*x5^2*sin(x2) - g*m1*m2*sin(2*x2) + ...
           2*L1*m1*m2*x5^2*sin(x2) + L2*m1*m2*x6^2*sin(x3) + ...
           L2*m1*m2*x6^2*sin(2*x2 - x3))/(2*M*m1 + M*m2 + m1*m2 - ...
           m1^2*cos(2*x2) + m1^2 - m1*m2*cos(2*x2) - M*m2*cos(2*x2 - 2*x3));

% theta_1_ddot
```

```

x5dot = -(m1*u*cos(x2) + (m2*u*cos(x2))/2 - (m2*u*cos(x2 - 2*x3))/2 - ...
          g*m1^2*sin(x2) - M*g*m1*sin(x2) - (M*g*m2*sin(x2))/2 - ...
          g*m1*m2*sin(x2) + (L1*m1^2*x5^2*sin(2*x2))/2 - (M*g*m2*...
          sin(x2 - 2*x3))/2 + (L2*m1*m2*x6^2*sin(x2 + x3))/2 + ...
          L2*M*m2*x6^2*sin(x2 - x3) + (L2*m1*m2*x6^2*sin(x2 - x3))/2 + ...
          (L1*m1*m2*x5^2*sin(2*x2))/2 + (L1*M*m2*x5^2*sin(2*x2 - 2*x3))/2)...
          /(L1*(M*m1 + (M*m2)/2 + (m1*m2)/2 - (m1^2*cos(2*x2))/2 + m1^2/2 ...
          - (m1*m2*cos(2*x2))/2 - (M*m2*cos(2*x2 - 2*x3))/2));

% theta_2_ddot
x6dot = ((m1*u*cos(2*x2 - x3))/2 - (m2*u*cos(x3))/2 - (m1*u*cos(x3))/2 + ...
          (m2*u*cos(2*x2 - x3))/2 - (M*g*m1*sin(2*x2 - x3))/2 - ...
          (M*g*m2*sin(2*x2 - x3))/2 + (M*g*m1*sin(x3))/2 + ...
          (M*g*m2*sin(x3))/2 + L1*M*m1*x5^2*sin(x2 - x3) + ...
          L1*M*m2*x5^2*sin(x2 - x3) + (L2*M*m2*x6^2*sin(2*x2 - 2*x3))/2)/...
          (L2*(M*m1 + (M*m2)/2 + (m1*m2)/2 - (m1^2*cos(2*x2))/2 + m1^2/2 - ...
          (m1*m2*cos(2*x2))/2 - (M*m2*cos(2*x2 - 2*x3))/2));

xdot = [x1dot;x2dot;x3dot;x4dot;x5dot;x6dot];

end

```