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```
clear
close all
clc
```

Problem 2

```
% Scaling parameters
lambda1 = 2;
lambda2 = 3;
mu1 = lambda1^2;
mu2
      = lambda2^2;
% xdot = Ax + B1*phi1 + B2*phi2
% zi = Ci*X
C1
       = [1 0 0 0];
       = [0 1 0 0];
       = [0 0 1 0]';
       = [0 0 0 1]';
% Initialize spring constant
       = 0.1;
% Initialize counter
count = 0;
% Initialize while loop logic
tfeas = 1;
% Options for feasp - silent
opts = [0;0;0;0;1];
% Create iterative loop
while tfeas > -.01
   % Increase counter
    count = count + 1;
   % Create counter break
    if count > 1000
       disp('Stable spring constant not found')
       fprintf('\n')
       break
    end
   % LMI toolbox setup
    setlmis([]);
   % Constant matrix
           = [0 0 1 0; 0 0 0 1; -2*K K -2 1; K -K 1 -1];
   % Positive definite matrix
           = lmivar(1, [4,1]);
   % Create LMI -[PA+A'P+C1'C1+C2'C2 PB1 PB2; B1'P -I 0; B2'P 0 -I];
    lmi1 = newlmi;
```

```
lmiterm([lmi1,1,1,P],1,A,'s');
                                     % PA + A'P
    lmiterm([lmi1 1 1 0],mu1*(C1'*C1)); %mu1*C1'C1
    lmiterm([lmi1 1 1 0],mu2*(C2'*C2)); %mu2*C2'C2
   lmiterm([lmi1 1 2 P],1,B1);
   lmiterm([lmi1 1 3 P],1,B2);
                                     %-mu1*I
    lmiterm([lmi1 2 2 0],-mu1);
                                     %-mu2*I
    lmiterm([lmi1 3 3 0],-mu2);
    Plmi
           = newlmi;
    lmiterm([-Plmi,1,1,P],1,1);
    lmiterm([Plmi,1,1,0],1);
          = getlmis;
   % Solve LMIS
   [tfeas, xfeas] = feasp(lmis,opts);
   % Create P matrix
   P = dec2mat(lmis,xfeas,P);
   % If not feasible, increase K
    if tfeas > -.01
            = K + .1;
    end
end
% Check P
fprintf('\n')
disp('Final P is')
disp(P)
disp('Eigenvalues of P are')
disp(eig(P))
fprintf(['A spring constant value that guarantees' ...
        ' the system is globally exponentially stable about' ...
        ' the zero solution is K = %.1f \n'],K)
% Check QMI
Ctilde = [lambda1*C1;lambda2*C2];
Btilde = [lambda1^-1*B1, lambda2^-1*B2];
      = P*A + A'*P + P*Btilde*Btilde'*P + Ctilde'*Ctilde;
fprintf('\n')
disp('The QMI from Equation 14.37 is:')
disp(Q)
disp('With eigenvalues:')
disp(eig(Q))
Final P is
 639.3024 -384.3185 3.8190 -4.9162
                               3.3037
-384.3185 258.6842 -1.7025
   3.8190 -1.7025 12.2526 -6.0652
  -4.9162 3.3037 -6.0652 6.3122
Eigenvalues of P are
   2.5066
  15.9522
  20.1819
 877.9106
A spring constant value that guarantees the system is globally exponentially stable about the zero solution is K = 20.9
The QMI from Equation 14.37 is:
-514.4370 319.3492 2.8361
                               0.6291
 319.3492 -198.3229 -2.2082 -0.1117
```

```
2.8361 -2.2082 -11.8837 7.3092
0.6291 -0.1117 7.3092 -4.5236
With eigenvalues:
-712.7215
-16.3885
-0.0450
-0.0123
```

Problem 4

```
% Laplace variable
s = tf('s');
% Initial beta
beta = 0;
% Initialize counter
count = 0;
% Initialize Loop logic
logic = 0;
% Define small posiitve alpha
alpha = 1e-3;
while logic == 0
   % Increase counter
    count = count + 1;
   % Create counter break
    if count > 1000
       disp('SPR beta not found')
       fprintf('\n')
       break
   % Transfer Funtion
    g = (beta*s + 1)/(s^2 + s + 2);
   \% Transfer function to state space
    [A,B,C,D] = tf2ss(g.Numerator{1},g.Denominator{1});
    % Get size of A
       = length(A);
   cvx begin sdp quiet
   % Variable definition
    variable P(n, n) symmetric
   % LMIs
    [(P*A + A'*P + 2*alpha*P), (P*B - C');...
    (B'*P - C), -(D + D')] \leftarrow -eps*eye(n+1);
    P >= eps*eye(n);
    cvx_end
   % Check in P = P' > 0
   logic = all(eig(P) > 0);
   % If logic is true, increase beta
   if logic == 0
      beta = beta + .1;
    end
```

```
end
% Create controllability and observability gramian
Wc
       = gram(ss(A,B,C,D),'c');
        = gram(ss(A,B,C,D),'o');
Wo
\% Check if gramian is invertible and A is Hurwitz
if det(Wc) ~= 0 && all(eig(A) < 0)</pre>
    disp('System is controllable')
end
if det(Wo)~= 0 && all(eig(A) < 0)</pre>
    disp('System is observable')
end
fprintf('The minimum beta needed for P = P'' > 0 is %.1f \n',beta)
        = [(P*A + A'*P + 2*alpha*P), (P*B - C');...
LMI
           (B'*P - C), -(D + D')]
disp('The eigenvalues of the LMI are: ')
disp(eig(LMI))
System is controllable
System is observable
The minimum beta needed for P = P' > 0 is 1.1
LMI =
   -0.1978
            0.4365
                       0.0000
    0.4365 -3.9927 -0.0000
0.0000 -0.0000 0
```

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-4.0423 -0.1482 0.0000

The eigenvalues of the LMI are: