4Geeks Academy: data science cohort 12

# DAY 11: DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

### TODO

## DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

Common summary statistics & interpretation

PROBABILITY PROJECT

Submit Probability Exercises in Python Project (Probability module), if you haven't done so already

DESCRIPTIVE STATS PROJECT

Work on Descriptive Statistics Exercises in Python Project (Descriptive Stats module), plan to finish before class Monday

#### Introduction & basics Weeks 1 - 5

Background needed to think like a data scientist

- 1. Pandas
- 2. Data visualization
- 3. Intro to SQL
- 4. Web Scraping
- 5. API requests
- 6. Calculus and L.Algebra
- 7. Probability
- 8. Descriptive Statistics
- 9. Random Variables
- 10. Hypothesis Testing
- 11. Algorithm Optimization

#### Data science tools & techniques Weeks 6 - 10

Data science concepts & techniques

- 1. Exploratory analysis
- 2. Your first ML algorithm
- 3. Linear regression
- 4. Decision tree algo
- Random forest
- 6. Boosting algorithms
- 7. Naive bayes algorithm
- 8. K-nearest neighbors
- 9. Unsupervised learning
- 10. Time series forecasting 11. Intro to deep learning
- 12. Deep learning
- 13. Intro to NLP
- 14. Recommendation systems 15. ML web app using Flask
- 16. ML web app using Streamlit
- 17. Cloud computing for ML

#### Final project Week 11 - 16

End-to-end data science application

- 1. Small dev teams
- 2. You pick the topic
- 3. Build and deploy an application
- 4. Pitch it on GeekTalk day

#### Past project topics:

- 1. Aviation incident prediction
- 2. Workout assistant
- 3. Cancer diagnosis
- 4. Natural disaster forecasting
- 5. Fantasy sports assistant

## **TOPICS**

O1 CENTRAL TENDENCY

O2 SHAPE & DISPERSION

## CENTRAL TENDENCY

WHAT Describes a dataset's values with one number

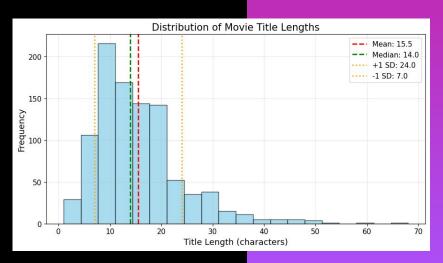
MEAN

- Numpy & Pandas .mean() method
- Average value of the variable

$$mean = \frac{sumof values}{count}$$

**MEDIAN** 

- Numpy & Pandas .median() method
- Middle value when data is sorted
- Less sensitive than mean to skew & outliers



## **SHAPE & DISPERSION**

WHAT Describes a dataset's shape and spread

## STANDARD DEVIATION

- Numpy & Pandas .std() method
- Average spread of the data around the mean

### QUANTILES

- Numpy & Pandas .percentile() method
- Percentiles: how much data is below a given percentile
- Quantile: divides data into four equal parts (boxplot)

