SFC THEORETICAL

Botta, Caverzasi, and Russo (2019) - When complexity meets finance: A contribution to the study of the macroeconomic effects of complex financial systems

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Background Widespread attention to system and financial product complexity after the Great Recession. **Supporting ideas** Defines financial complexity as both increase of financial instruments to real-side economics and the intrinsic complexity of financial products created by financial institutions.

Aim Analyze the macroeconomic effects of financial complexity on economic growth, macroeconomic stability and inequality

Contribution

Relevance Maps some complexity-financial strands. Endogenous boom-and-bust credit cycles.

Methods ABM-SFC approach with heterogeneous household sector. Includes positive feedbacks between households, productive non-financial firms, and financial institutions giving rise to endogenous boom-and-bust credit cycles. Propose an stage-approach in which model complexity increases gradually. **Commercial banks:** issue credit-money to households and non-financial firms. **Investment funds:** collects funds from households and allocates between financial assets available

Results Higher financial complexity leads to higher macroeconomic instability, income and wealth inequality and a more crisis-prone economic system

Interesting findings Proposes a SFC model with only one heterogeneous sector (households). **Critics**

Citation: BOTTA, A.; CAVERZASI, E.; RUSSO, A. When complexity meets finance: A contribution to the study of the macroeconomic effects of complex financial systems. en. Apr. 2019. Publication Title: Working Papers

5SS: Botta, Caverzasi, and Russo (2019)

Further readings

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REFERENCES

BOTTA, A.; CAVERZASI, E.; RUSSO, A. When complexity meets finance: A contribution to the study of the macroeconomic effects of complex financial systems. en. Apr. 2019. Publication Title: Working Papers.

Keywords

AB-SFC model financial complexity securitization