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DISCUSS ON STUDENT HUB

Kidnapped Vehicle

审阅
代码审阅
HISTORY

Meets Specifications

Dear student,

This is a very great attempt as I can see you put a lot of effort to accomplish this project. I enjoyed reviewing your project as your code is very well commented which makes the project easy to follow. I am sure that you also enjoyed working on the project.

• If you are interested to learn more about the topic, you might want to check *Sebastian's article* about the particle filter in robotics.

Congratulations and keep up the good work for the next project!



Accuracy

This criteria is checked automatically when you do ./run.sh in the terminal. If the output says "Success! Your particle filter passed!" then it means you've met this criteria.

The particle filter implementation passes the grading code in the simulator. Awesome.

Zoom out Server: x .113 y .110 yaw .004

Time Step: 2,241.00
System Time: 45.20

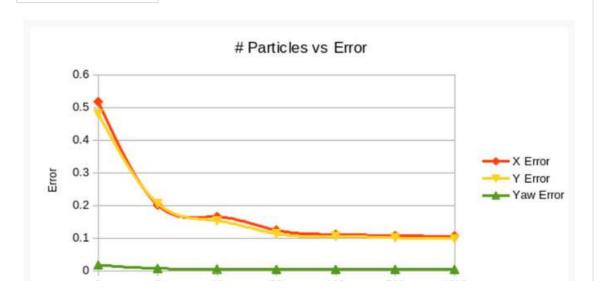
Restart

Pause

Performance

This criteria is checked automatically when you do ./run.sh in the terminal. If the output says "Success! Your particle filter passed!" then it means you've met this criteria.

num_particles = 100;



```
10
                      100
                                  500
                                             1000
      # Particles
```

Great choice. It is neither too small which would prone to error nor too high as that would be computationally expensive.

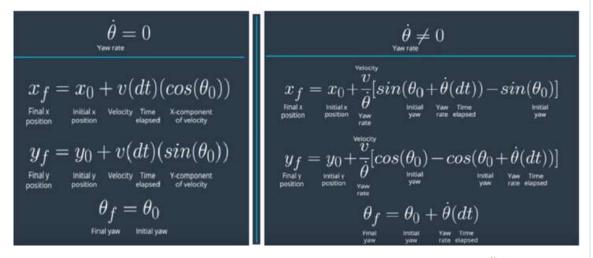
```
double tx = x + cos(theta) * observations[j].x - sin(theta) * obs
ervations[j].y;
          double ty = y + sin(theta) * observations[j].x + cos(theta) * obs
ervations[j].y;
```

Nice work transforming the observations from car coordinates to map coordinates.

if(fabs(yaw_rate)<0.00001)</pre>

Good job using the linear model when the yaw rate is close to zero to avoid division by zero.

```
if (yaw_rate is close to zero)
 Use linear Model
else
  use the General Model
```



I went through the rest of the code, and all the functions are properly implemented. Kudos!! 📉



General

There may be ways to "beat" the automatic grader without actually implementing the full particle filter. You will meet this criteria if the methods you write in particle_filter.cpp behave as expected.

The methods in particle_filter.cpp behave as expected. All the steps in particle filter(Initialization, Prediction, Update and Resample) is correctly implemented. The code is clear and logical. Nice work. 👍



- You may also check this *paper* which discusses the resampling methods that allow for increased speed of particle filter and require less memory.
- This *research paper* discusses object tracking in a video using particle filter which is an interesting read to get an idea of real world particle filter applications.



返回 PATH

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