

Current scope: [all classes](#) | [org.apache.commons.math4.neuralnet](#)

## Coverage Summary for Class: Neuron (org.apache.commons.math4.neuralnet)

Class	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
Neuron	100% (1/1)	100% (9/9)	85.3% (29/34)

```

1  /*
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13 * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
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15 * limitations under the License.
16 */
17
18 package org.apache.commons.math4.neuralnet;
19
20 import java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicReference;
21 import java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicLong;
22
23 import org.apache.commons.numbers.core.Precision;
24 import org.apache.commons.math4.neuralnet.internal.NeuralNetException;
25
26 /**
27  * Describes a neuron element of a neural network.
28  *
29  * This class aims to be thread-safe.
30  *
31  * @since 3.3
32  */
33 public class Neuron {
34     /** Identifier. */
35     private final long identifier;
36     /** Length of the feature set. */
37     private final int size;
38     /** Neuron data. */
39     private final AtomicReference<double[]> features;
40     /** Number of attempts to update a neuron. */

```

```
41 private final AtomicLong numberOfAttemptedUpdates = new AtomicLong(0);
42 /** Number of successful updates of a neuron. */
43 private final AtomicLong numberOfSuccessfulUpdates = new AtomicLong(0);
44
45 /**
46  * Creates a neuron.
47  * The size of the feature set is fixed to the length of the given
48  * argument.
49  * <br>
50  * Constructor is package-private: Neurons must be
51  * {@link Network#createNeuron(double[] created)} by the network
52  * instance to which they will belong.
53  *
54  * @param identifier Identifier (assigned by the {@link Network}).
55  * @param features Initial values of the feature set.
56  */
57 Neuron(long identifier,
58         double[] features) {
59     this.identifier = identifier;
60     this.size = features.length;
61     this.features = new AtomicReference<>(features.clone());
62 }
63
64 /**
65  * Performs a deep copy of this instance.
66  * Upon return, the copied and original instances will be independent:
67  * Updating one will not affect the other.
68  *
69  * @return a new instance with the same state as this instance.
70  * @since 3.6
71  */
72 public synchronized Neuron copy() {
73     final Neuron copy = new Neuron(getIdentifier(),
74                                     getFeatures());
75     copy.numberOfAttemptedUpdates.set(numberOfAttemptedUpdates.get());
76     copy.numberOfSuccessfulUpdates.set(numberOfSuccessfulUpdates.get());
77
78     return copy;
79 }
80
81 /**
82  * Gets the neuron's identifier.
83  *
84  * @return the identifier.
85  */
86 public long getIdentifier() {
87     return identifier;
88 }
89
90 /**
91  * Gets the length of the feature set.
```

```
92     *
93     * @return the number of features.
94     */
95     public int getSize() {
96         return size;
97     }
98
99     /**
100     * Gets the neuron's features.
101     *
102     * @return a copy of the neuron's features.
103     */
104     public double[] getFeatures() {
105         return features.get().clone();
106     }
107
108     /**
109     * Tries to atomically update the neuron's features.
110     * Update will be performed only if the expected values match the
111     * current values.<br>
112     * In effect, when concurrent threads call this method, the state
113     * could be modified by one, so that it does not correspond to the
114     * the state assumed by another.
115     * Typically, a caller {@link #getFeatures()} retrieves the current state},
116     * and uses it to compute the new state.
117     * During this computation, another thread might have done the same
118     * thing, and updated the state: If the current thread were to proceed
119     * with its own update, it would overwrite the new state (which might
120     * already have been used by yet other threads).
121     * To prevent this, the method does not perform the update when a
122     * concurrent modification has been detected, and returns {@code false}.
123     * When this happens, the caller should fetch the new current state,
124     * redo its computation, and call this method again.
125     *
126     * @param expect Current values of the features, as assumed by the caller.
127     * Update will never succeed if the contents of this array does not match
128     * the values returned by {@link #getFeatures()}.
129     * @param update Features's new values.
130     * @return {@code true} if the update was successful, {@code false}
131     * otherwise.
132     * @throws IllegalArgumentException if the length of {@code update} is
133     * not the same as specified in the {@link #Neuron(long,double[])}
134     * constructor}.
135     */
136     public boolean compareAndSetFeatures(double[] expect,
137                                         double[] update) {
138         if (update.length != size) {
139             throw new NeuralNetException(NeuralNetException.SIZE_MISMATCH,
140                                         update.length, size);
141         }
142     }
```

```
143 // Get the internal reference. Note that this must not be a copy;
144 // otherwise the "compareAndSet" below will always fail.
145 final double[] current = features.get();
146 if (!containSameValues(current, expect)) {
147     // Some other thread already modified the state.
148     return false;
149 }
150
151 // Increment attempt counter.
152 numberOfAttemptedUpdates.incrementAndGet();
153
154 if (features.compareAndSet(current, update.clone())) {
155     // The current thread could atomically update the state (attempt succeeded).
156     numberOfSuccessfulUpdates.incrementAndGet();
157     return true;
158 } else {
159     // Some other thread came first (attempt failed).
160     return false;
161 }
162 }
163
164 /**
165  * Retrieves the number of calls to the
166  * {@link #compareAndSetFeatures(double[],double[]) compareAndSetFeatures}
167  * method.
168  * Note that if the caller wants to use this method in combination with
169  * {@link #getNumberOfSuccessfulUpdates()}, additional synchronization
170  * may be required to ensure consistency.
171  *
172  * @return the number of update attempts.
173  * @since 3.6
174  */
175 public long getNumberOfAttemptedUpdates() {
176     return numberOfAttemptedUpdates.get();
177 }
178
179 /**
180  * Retrieves the number of successful calls to the
181  * {@link #compareAndSetFeatures(double[],double[]) compareAndSetFeatures}
182  * method.
183  * Note that if the caller wants to use this method in combination with
184  * {@link #getNumberOfAttemptedUpdates()}, additional synchronization
185  * may be required to ensure consistency.
186  *
187  * @return the number of successful updates.
188  * @since 3.6
189  */
190 public long getNumberOfSuccessfulUpdates() {
191     return numberOfSuccessfulUpdates.get();
192 }
193
```

```
194  /**
195   * Checks whether the contents of both arrays is the same.
196   *
197   * @param current Current values.
198   * @param expect Expected values.
199   * @throws IllegalArgumentException if the length of {@code expect}
200   * is not the same as specified in the {@link #Neuron(long,double[])}
201   * constructor}.
202   * @return {@code true} if the arrays contain the same values.
203   */
204  private boolean containSameValues(double[] current,
205                                   double[] expect) {
206      if (expect.length != size) {
207          throw new NeuralNetException(NeuralNetException.SIZE_MISMATCH,
208                                       expect.length, size);
209      }
210
211      for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
212          if (!Precision.equals(current[i], expect[i])) {
213              return false;
214          }
215      }
216      return true;
217  }
218 }
```

generated on 2023-10-23 18:01