

Lesson 04 Demo 08

Demonstrating String Methods

Objective: To demonstrate the essential aspects of JavaScript strings, encompassing syntax variations, properties, and methods for a comprehensive understanding of string manipulation

Tools required: Visual Studio Code and Node.js

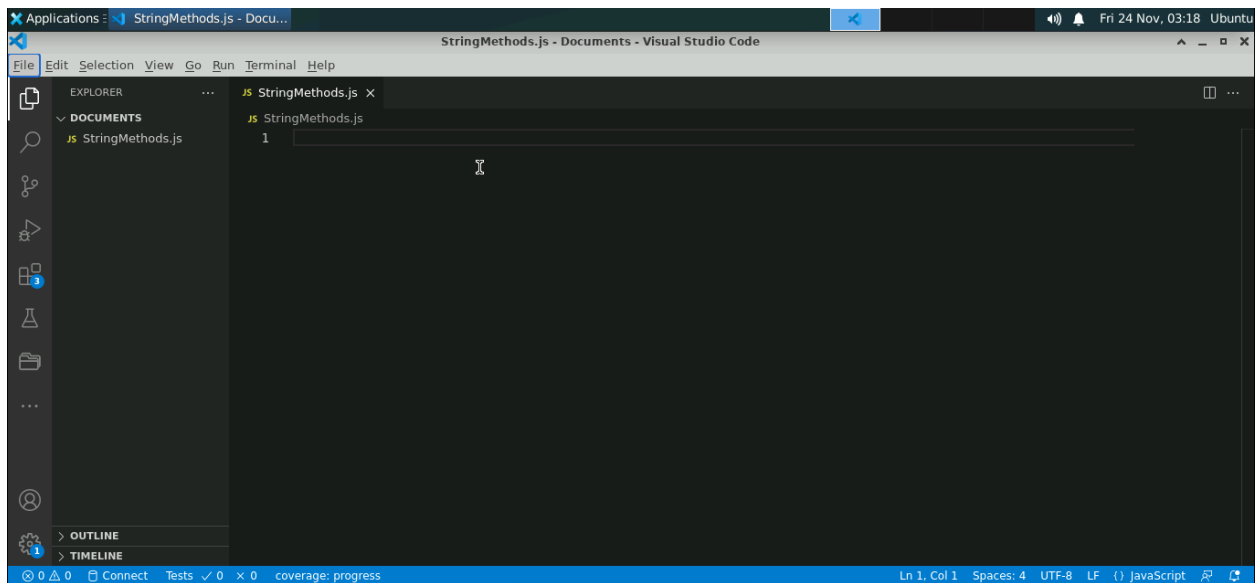
Prerequisites: A basic understanding of string properties and methods in JavaScript

Steps to be followed:

1. Create and execute the JS file

Step 1: Create and execute the JS file

- 1.1 Open the Visual Studio Code editor and create a JavaScript file named **StringMethods.js**



1.2 Add the following code to the **StringMethods.js** file:

```
// Single quotes (' '), double quotes (" "), or template literals (``)
let singleQuotesString = 'Single Quotes String';
let doubleQuotesString = "Double Quotes String";
let templateLiteralString = `Template Literal String`;

console.log("Single Quotes String:", singleQuotesString);
console.log("Double Quotes String:", doubleQuotesString);
console.log("Template Literal String:", templateLiteralString);

// String Objects, Indexing
let myStringObject = new String("Hello, World!");

console.log("String Object:", myStringObject);

// Accessing individual characters using indexing
let firstCharacter = myStringLiteral[0];
let lastCharacter = myStringLiteral[myStringLiteral.length - 1];
console.log("First Character:", firstCharacter);
console.log("Last Character:", lastCharacter);

// String Properties
// Demonstrating string properties
let stringLength = myString.length;
let stringConstructor = myString.constructor;
let stringPrototype = myString.constructor.prototype;

console.log("String Length:", stringLength);
console.log("String Constructor:", stringConstructor);
console.log("String Prototype:", stringPrototype);

// String Methods
// 1. charAt() - Returns the character at the specified index
let charAtIndex = myString.charAt(7);
console.log("Character at Index 7:", charAtIndex);

// 2. charCodeAt() - Returns the Unicode value of the character at the specified index
let charCodeAtIndex = myString.charCodeAt(7);
console.log("Unicode of Character at Index 7:", charCodeAtIndex);

// 3. concat() - Concatenates two or more strings
let additionalString = " Have a great day!";
```

```
let concatenatedString = myString.concat(additionalString);  
console.log("Concatenated String:", concatenatedString);
```

```
// 4. indexOf() - Find the index of a specific character or substring  
let indexOfComma = myString.indexOf(",");  
console.log("Index of comma:", indexOfComma);
```

```
// 5. lastIndexOf() - Returns the index of the last occurrence of a specified value in a string  
let lastIndexOfSpace = myString.lastIndexOf(" ");  
console.log("Last Index of Space:", lastIndexOfSpace);
```

```
// 6. search() - Searches a string for a specified value and returns the position of the match  
let searchResult = myString.search("World");  
console.log("Search Result for 'World':", searchResult);
```

```
// 7. match() - Retrieves the result of matching a string against a regular expression  
let matchResult = myString.match(/o/g);  
console.log("Match Result for 'o':", matchResult);
```

```
// 8. replace() - Replaces a substring with another string  
let replacedString = myString.replace("World", "Universe");  
console.log("Replaced String:", replacedString);
```

```
// 9. substr() - Extracts a specified number of characters from a string, starting at a specified index  
let substrResult = myString.substr(7, 5);  
console.log("Substring Result:", substrResult);
```

```
// 10. substring() - Extracts characters from a string, between two specified indices  
let substringResult = myString.substring(7, 12);  
console.log("Substring Result:", substringResult);
```

```
// 11. slice() - Extracts a section of a string and returns it as a new string  
let slicedString = myString.slice(7, 12);  
console.log("Sliced String:", slicedString);
```

```
// 12. toLowerCase() - Converts a string to lowercase  
let lowerCaseString = myString.toLowerCase();  
console.log("Lowercase String:", lowerCaseString);
```

// 13. toLocaleLowerCase() - Converts a string to lowercase, according to the host's locale

```
let localeLowerCaseString = myString.toLocaleLowerCase();
console.log("Locale Lowercase String:", localeLowerCaseString);
```

// 14. toString() - Returns the string representation of an object

```
let stringRepresentation = myString.toString();
console.log("String Representation:", stringRepresentation);
```

// 15. valueOf() - Returns the primitive value of a String object

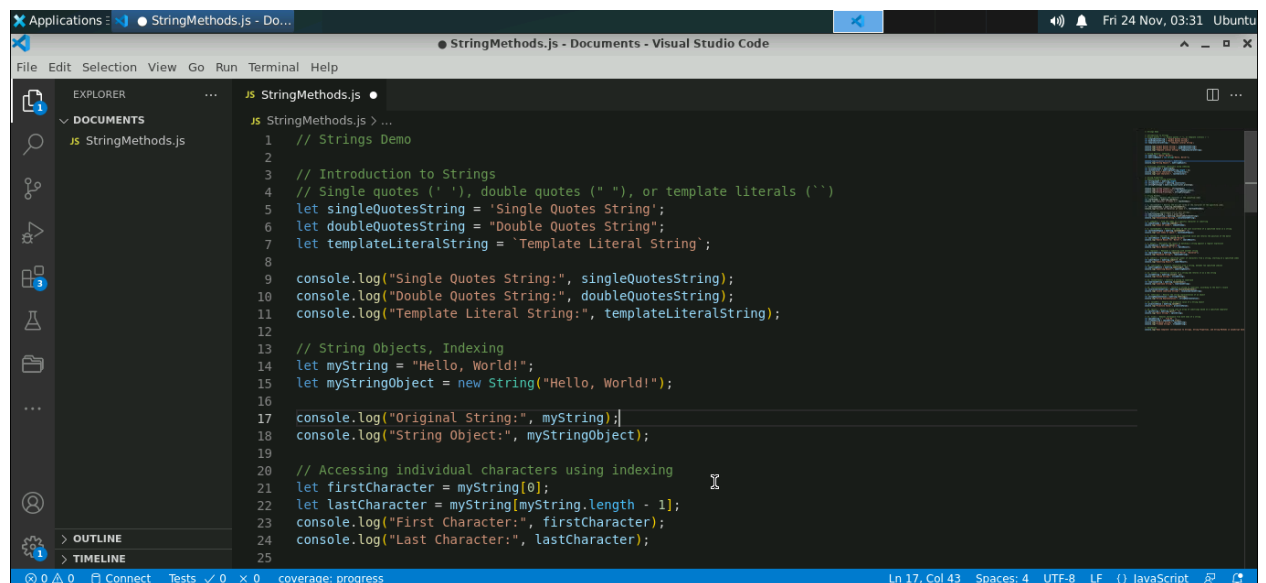
```
let primitiveValue = myString.valueOf();
console.log("Primitive Value:", primitiveValue);
```

// 16. split() - Splits a string into an array of substrings based on a specified separator

```
let splitString = myString.split(" ");
console.log("Split String:", splitString);
```

// 17. trim() - Removes whitespace from both ends of a string

```
let spacedString = " Trim Me ";
let trimmedString = spacedString.trim();
console.log("Original String:", spacedString);
console.log("Trimmed String:", trimmedString);
```



```
StringMethods.js
1 // Strings Demo
2
3 // Introduction to Strings
4 // Single quotes (' '), double quotes (" "), or template literals (` `)
5 let singleQuotesString = 'Single Quotes String';
6 let doubleQuotesString = "Double Quotes String";
7 let templateLiteralString = `Template Literal String`;
8
9 console.log("Single Quotes String:", singleQuotesString);
10 console.log("Double Quotes String:", doubleQuotesString);
11 console.log("Template Literal String:", templateLiteralString);
12
13 // String Objects, Indexing
14 let myString = "Hello, World!";
15 let myStringObject = new String("Hello, World!");
16
17 console.log("Original String:", myString);
18 console.log("String Object:", myStringObject);
19
20 // Accessing individual characters using indexing
21 let firstCharacter = myString[0];
22 let lastCharacter = myString[myString.length - 1];
23 console.log("First Character:", firstCharacter);
24 console.log("Last Character:", lastCharacter);
25
```

```

StringMethods.js
84 console.log("Lowercase String:", lowerCaseString);
85
86 // 13. toLocaleLowerCase() - Converts a string to lowercase, according to the host's locale
87 let localeLowerCaseString = myString.toLocaleLowerCase();
88 console.log("Locale Lowercase String:", localeLowerCaseString);
89
90 // 14. toString() - Returns the string representation of an object
91 let stringRepresentation = myString.toString();
92 console.log("String Representation:", stringRepresentation);
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94 // 15. valueOf() - Returns the primitive value of a String object
95 let primitiveValue = myString.valueOf();
96 console.log("Primitive Value:", primitiveValue);
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98 // 16. split() - Splits a string into an array of substrings based on a specified separator
99 let splitString = myString.split(" ");
100 console.log("Split String:", splitString);
101
102 // 17. trim() - Removes whitespace from both ends of a string
103 let spacedString = "  Trim Me  ";
104 let trimmedString = spacedString.trim();
105 console.log("Original String:", spacedString);
106 console.log("Trimmed String:", trimmedString);
107

```

1.3 Save the file and run it using Node.js in the terminal:
node StringMethods.js

```

StringMethods.js - Documents - Visual Studio Code
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
EXPLORER PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL SQL CONSOLE
DOCUMENTS
StringMethods.js
labuser@ubuntu2204:~/Documents$ node StringMethods.js
Single Quotes String: Single Quotes String
Double Quotes String: Double Quotes String
Template Literal String: Template Literal String
Original String: Hello, World!
String Object: [String: 'Hello, World!']
First Character: H
Last Character: !
String Length: 13
String Constructor: [Function: String]
String Prototype: {}
Character at Index 7: W
Unicode of Character at Index 7: 87
Concatenated String: Hello, World! Have a great day!
Index of comma: 5
Last Index of Space: 6
Search Result for 'World': 7
Match Result for 'o': [ 'o', 'o' ]
Replaced String: Hello, Universe!
Substring Result: World
Substring Result: World
Sliced String: World
Lowercase String: hello, world!
Locale Lowercase String: hello, world!
String Representation: Hello, World!
Primitive Value: Hello, World!
Split String: [ 'Hello', 'World!' ]
Original String:  Trim Me
Trimmed String: Trim Me
labuser@ubuntu2204:~/Documents$

```

The provided code demonstrates string creation with various quotes and explores properties like length. It uses string methods for manipulation, including indexing, searching, and case conversion in JavaScript.

You have successfully demonstrated the usage of diverse string creation methods and properties, such as length, and various manipulation techniques for effective string handling in JavaScript.