# Relationship

```
from collections import defaultdict
class Solution:
  def __init__(self,head_name):
     self.family=defaultdict(list)
     self.head=head name
     self.dead=set()
  def birth(self,parent,child):
     self.family[parent].append(child)
  def death(self,name):
     self.dead.add(name)
  def inheritance(self):
     ans=[]
     def depth(current):
       if current not in self.dead:
          ans.append(current)
          for child in self.family[current]:
             depth(child)
     depth(self.head)
     return ans
ob= Solution("Paul")
ob.birth("Paul","Zach")
ob.birth("Zach","Emma")
ob.birth("Paul","David")
ob.birth("David", "Sophia")
ob.death("David")
result = ob.inheritance()
print(result)
```

## Waterjug problem

```
from collections import defaultdict def waterjug(amt1,amt2,jug1=4,jug2=3,aim=2,visited=defaultdict(bool)): if(amt1==aim and amt2==0) or (amt1==0 and amt2==aim): print(amt1,amt2)
```

```
return True
  if visited[(amt1,amt2)]==False:
     print(amt1,amt2)
     visited[(amt1,amt2)]=True
     return (waterjug(amt1,0) or waterjug(0,amt2) or waterjug(jug1,amt2) or waterjug(amt1,jug2)
or (waterjug(amt1+min(amt2,(jug1-amt1)),amt2-min(amt2,(jug1-amt1)))) or
waterjug(amt1-min(amt1,(jug2-amt2)),amt2+min(amt1,(jug2-amt2))))
  else:
     return False
print("Steps")
waterjug(0,0)
4 queens
def is_safe(board,row,col):
  return all(board[i] != col and abs(board[i]-col)!=row-i for i in range(row))
def solve_n_queens(n,row=0,board=[]):
  if row == n:
     return [board[:]]
  solutions=[]
  for col in range(n):
     if is safe(board,row,col):
       solutions.extend(solve_n_queens(n,row+1,board+[col]))
  return solutions
solutions=solve n queens(4)
print(solutions)
Depth First Search
graph = {0: [1, 2], 1: [0, 2,3], 2: [0, 1,4], 3: [1,4], 4: [2,3]}
visited=set()
def dfs(graph, visited, node):
  if node not in visited:
     print(node)
```

```
visited.add(node)

for neighbour in graph[node]:
    dfs(graph,visited,neighbour)

dfs(graph,visited,4)
```

#### **Best First Search**

```
from queue import PriorityQueue
def bfs(graph, start, goal, heuristic):
  priority queue = PriorityQueue()
  priority_queue.put((heuristic[start], [start]))
  while not priority_queue.empty():
     _, path = priority_queue.get()
     current_node = path[-1]
     if current_node == goal:
        return path
     for neighbor in graph[current_node]:
        if neighbor not in path:
           new_path = path + [neighbor]
           priority_queue.put((heuristic[neighbor], new_path))
# Example usage:
graph = {
  'S': ['A', 'B'],
  'A': ['C','D'],
  'C':[],
  'D':[],
  'B': ['E','F'],
  'E': ['H'],
  'F': ['I','G'],
  'l':[],
  'G':[],
  'H':[]
}
start_node = 'S'
goal node = 'G'
```

```
heuristic = {'A':12,'B':4,'C':7,'D':3,'E':8,'F':2,'H':4,'I':9,'S':13,'G':0}
print(heuristic)# Simple heuristic (number of neighbors)

bfs_path = bfs(graph, start_node, goal_node, heuristic)
print(f'BFS Path from {start_node} to {goal_node}: {bfs_path}')
```

# **Depth Limit Search**

```
def depth_limited_search(graph, start, goal, depth_limit):
  visited = set()
  def dfs(node, depth):
     if depth > depth_limit:
        return False
     if node == goal:
        return True
     if node in visited:
        return False
     visited.add(node)
     for neighbor in graph.get(node, []):
        if dfs(neighbor, depth + 1):
           return True
     return False
  return dfs(start, 0)
# Example usage:
graph = {
  'A': ['B', 'C'],
  'B': ['D', 'E'],
  'C': ['F'],
  'D': [],
  'E': ['F'],
  'F': ['G'],
  'G': []
}
start node = 'A'
goal_node = 'G'
depth_limit = 2
```

```
result = depth_limited_search(graph, start_node, goal_node, depth_limit)

if result:
    print(f"There is a path from {start_node} to {goal_node} within the depth limit.")

else:
    print(f"No path found from {start_node} to {goal_node} within the depth limit.")
```

### **Graph Colouring**

```
def greedy_coloring(graph):
  colors = {}
  available colors = ['red', 'green', 'blue', 'yellow']
  for vertex in graph:
     used colors = set(colors[neighbor] for neighbor in graph[vertex] if neighbor in colors)
     for color in available_colors:
        if color not in used_colors:
           break
     colors[vertex] = color
  return colors
if __name__ == "__main__":
  graph = {
     'A': ['B', 'C'],
     'B': ['A', 'C', 'D'],
     'C': ['A','B', 'D'],
     'D': [ 'B', 'C', 'E'],
     'E': ['D']
  }
  coloring_result = greedy_coloring(graph)
  print("Vertex\tColor")
  for vertex, color in coloring_result.items():
     print(f"{vertex}\t{color}")
```