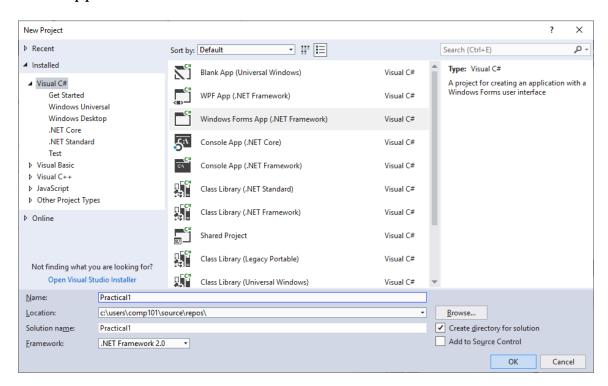
## Practical no.1

**AIM**: Set up Direct X 11, Window Frame work and Initialize Direct3D Device.

DirectX is an application program interface (API) for creating and managing graphic images and multimedia effects in applications such as games or active Web pages that will run in Microsoft's Windows operating systems.

## **Initailize Window:**

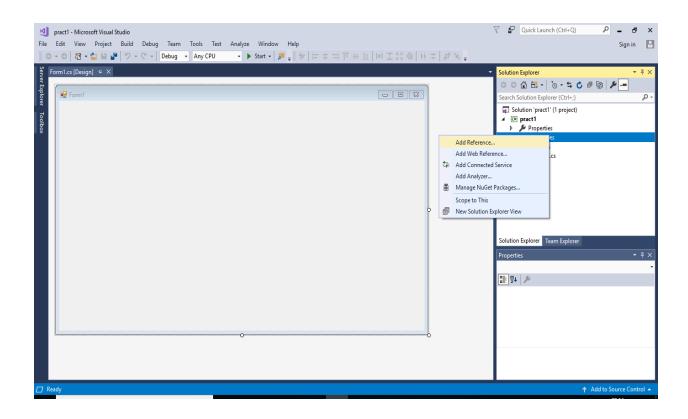
**Open visual studio :** File -> New -> Project -> Visualc# -> Select Window From Application Framework : .Net Framework2.0 .

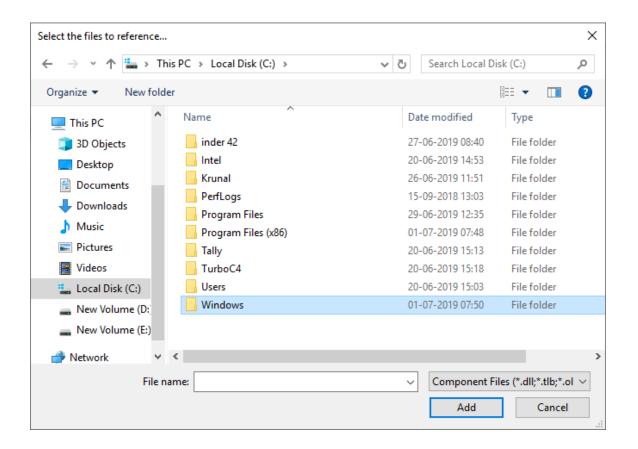


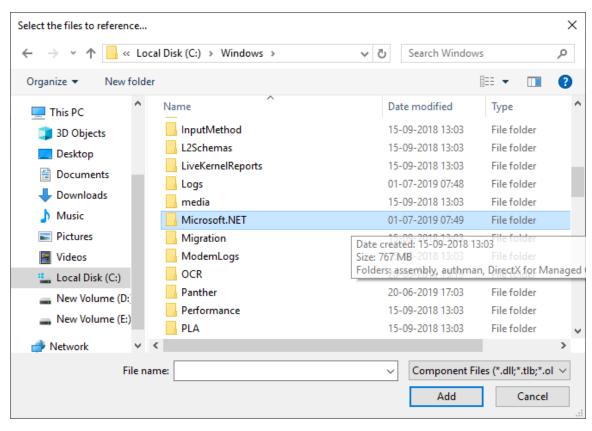
## **Add References:**

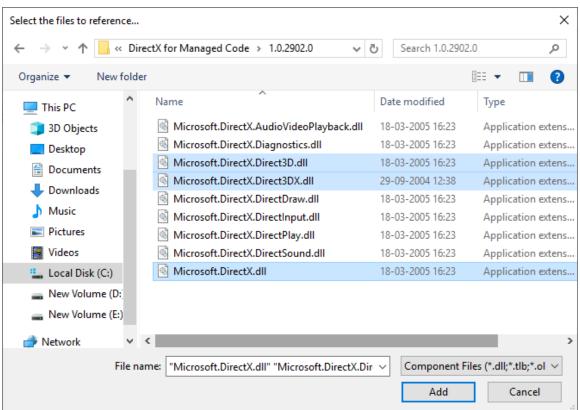
Right Click on References -> Add References -> Browse -> Click on Browse Button Go to C -> Windows -> Microsoft.Net folder >>> Select the following files :-

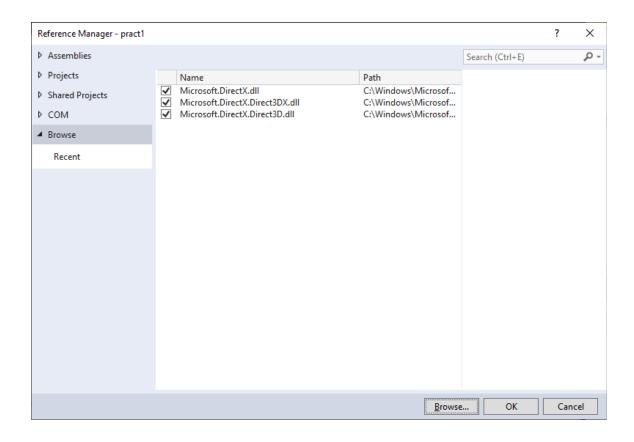
- >Direct 3D.dll(3rd File)
- >Direct 3D.dll(4th File)
- >Direct X.dll(Last File)





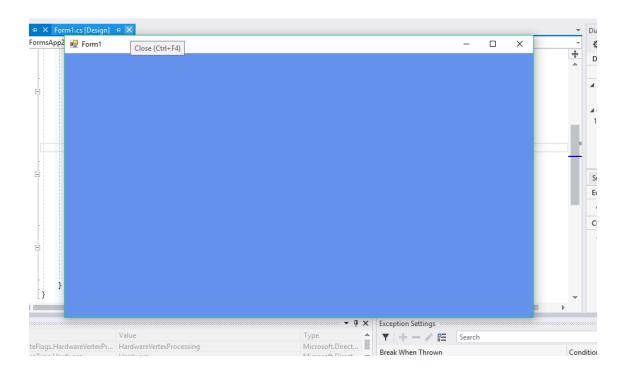






```
Using System.Collections.Generic;
Using System.ComponentModel;
Using System.Data;
Using System.Drawing;
Using System.Text;
Using System. Windows. Forms;
Using Microsoft.DirectX;
Using Microsoft.DirectX.Direct3D;
namespace GP P1
public partial class Form1: Form
    Microsoft.DirectX.Direct3D.Device device;
public Form1()
InitializeComponent();
InitDevice();
public void InitDevice()
PresentParameterspp = new PresentParameters();
pp.Windowed = true;
pp.SwapEffect = SwapEffect.Discard;
```

```
device = new Device(0, DeviceType.Hardware, this, CreateFlags.HardwareVertexProcessing,
pp);
    }
private void Render()
    {
        device.Clear(ClearFlags.Target, Color.Orange, 0, 1);
        device.Present();
     }
private void Form1_Paint(object sender, PaintEventArgs e)
    {
        Render();
     }
}
```



## AIM: Loading models into DirectX 11 and rendering.

1) After completing the steps from the initialization file("base setup.pdf"), now open "Form1.cs" file in your project, and code the part where it is commented as //OUR CODE

```
----Form1.cs-----
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Ling;
using System. Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using Microsoft.DirectX; //OUR CODE
using Microsoft.DirectX.Direct3D; //OUR CODE
namespace p9
Microsoft.DirectX.Direct3D.Device device: //OUR CODE
Microsoft.DirectX.Direct3D.Texture texture; //OUR CODE
Microsoft.DirectX.Direct3D.Font font; //OUR CODE
public Form1()
{
InitializeComponent();
InitDevice(); //OUR CODE
InitFont(); //OUR CODE
LoadTexture(); //OUR CODE
private void InitFont() //OUR CODE
System.Drawing.Font f = new System.Drawing.Font("Arial", 16f,FontStyle.Regular);
font = new Microsoft.DirectX.Direct3D.Font(device, f);
private void LoadTexture() //OUR CODE
texture = TextureLoader.FromFile(device, "D:\beach.jpg", 400, 400, 1, 0,
Format.A8B8G8R8,Pool.Managed, Filter.Point, Filter.Point, Color.Transparent.ToArgb());
private void InitDevice() //OUR CODE
PresentParameters pp = new PresentParameters();
pp.Windowed = true;
pp.SwapEffect = SwapEffect.Discard;
device = new Device(0, DeviceType.Hardware, this,
```

```
CreateFlags.SoftwareVertexProcessing, pp);
}
private void Render() //OUR CODE
device.Clear(ClearFlags.Target, Color.Cyan, 0, 1);
device.BeginScene();
using (Sprite s = new Sprite(device))
s.Begin(SpriteFlags.AlphaBlend);
s.Draw2D(texture,, new Rectangle(0, 0,device.Viewport.Width, device.Viewport.Height),new
sizeF(), new Point(0, 0), 0f, new Point(0, 0), Color. White);
font.DrawText(s, "GAME PROGRAMMING", new Point(0, 0), Color.Black);
s.End();
device.EndScene();
device.Present();
private void Form1_Paint(object sender, PaintEventArgs e)
Render(); //OUR CODE
}
}
```

