

Install Virtual Machines

We will use 4 VM with differentes packages:

- **elephant:** NameNode, DataNode, TaskTracker.
- **tiger:** SecondaryNamenode, DataNode and TaskTracker.
- **horse:** JobTracker, DataNode and TaskTracker.
- **monkey:** DataNode and TaskTracker.

First, we configure one VM with basic components and network configurations. Later, we copy for 3 others VMs.

1. Configure keyboard
System -> Keyboard. Go to Layouts -> Add... -> Country -> *Spain*

See: https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en-US/Red_Hat_Enterprise_Linux/3/html/System_Administration_Guide/ch-keyboardconfig.html

Select Spain as default and remove US keyboard.

2. Set Clock settings

Sudoer user password by default is “*cloudera*”.

3. Update packages

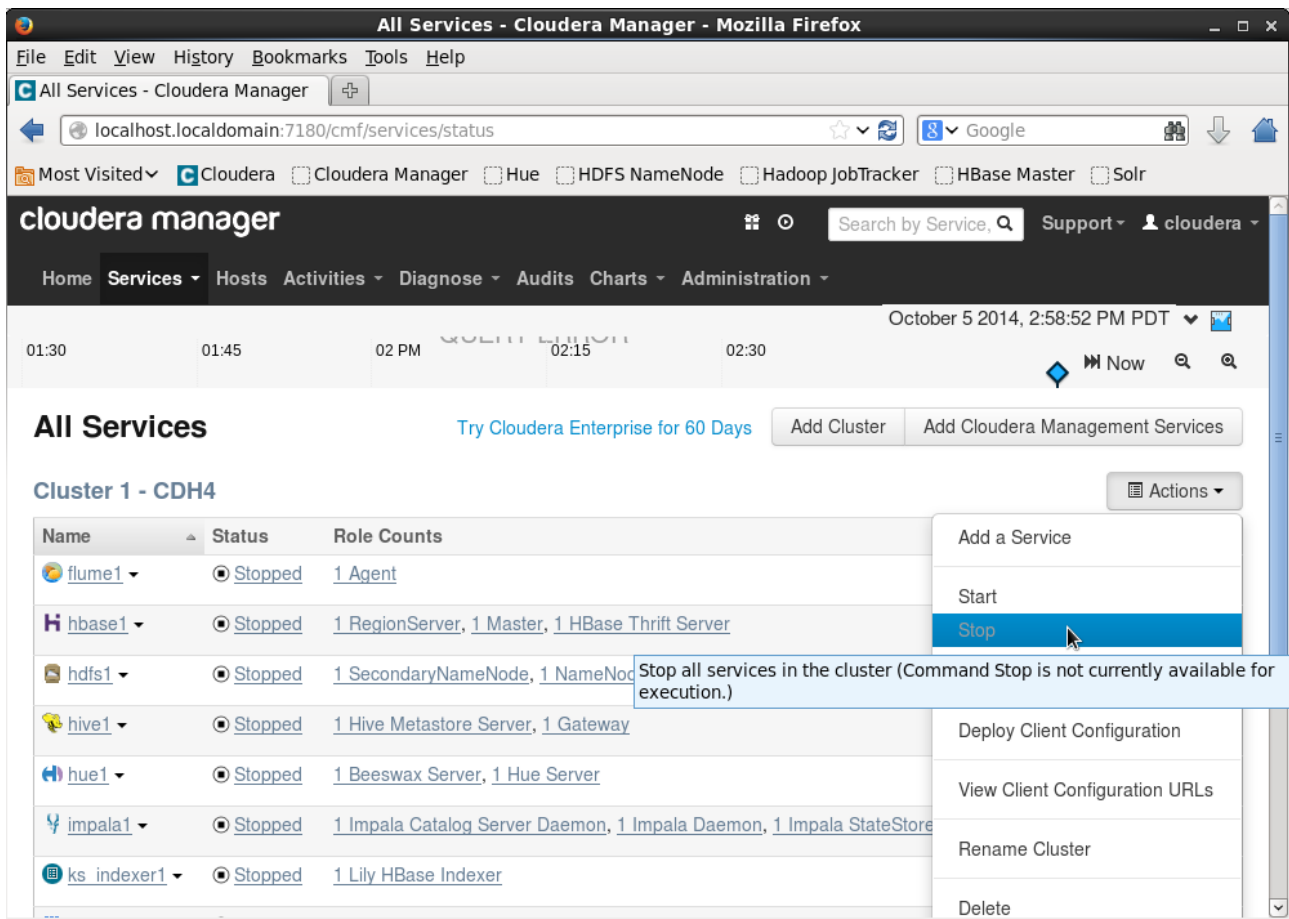
```
$ yum update -y
```

If you want a vim editor

```
$ yum install vim -y
```

4. Stop Cloudera Manager

- Go to <file:///home/cloudera/Documents/quick-hadoop/cloudera-manager.html>
- Click on Actions -> Stop



- Stop Clouder Services:
one-step-one
 - for s in `cd /etc/init.d/; ls cloudera*`; do sudo service \$s stop; done
 or serveral-steps
 - \$ sudo service cloudera-scm-server stop
 - \$ sudo service cloudera-scm-server-db stop
 - \$ sudo service cloudera-scm-agent hard_stop
- Remove from start on boot
 - \$ sudo chkconfig --list|grep cloudera
 - \$ for s in `cd /etc/init.d/; ls cloudera*`; do sudo chkconfig \$s on; done
- 5. Remove pseudodistributed configuration
 - \$ sudo yum remove -y hadoop-0.20-conf-pseudo
- 6. Reinstall basic packages
 - \$ sudo yum -y reinstall hadoop-hdfs-namenode hadoop-hdfs-datanode hadoop-0.20-mapreduce-tasktracker hadoop-hdfs-secondarynamenode hadoop-0.20-mapreduce-jobtracker
 - \$ for s in `cd /etc/init.d/; ls hadoop*`; do sudo chkconfig \$s on; done
- 7. Configure network
 - Configure dhcp with Network-Manager for eth1 (we will use NAT config with guests OS):
\$ sudo vim /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth1

```
DEVICE="eth1"
TYPE=Ethernet
BOOTPROTO="dhcp"
NM_CONTROLLED="yes"
DEFROUTE=yes
IPV4_FAILURE_FATAL=yes
IPV6INIT=no
NAME="eth1"
ONBOOT=yes
```

- Configure static IP on eth2 (Internal Network device)

```
$ sudo nano /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth2
DEVICE="eth2"
TYPE=Ethernet
BOOTPROTO="static"
NM_CONTROLLED="no"
IPADDR=192.168.1.1
PREFIX=24
DEFROUTE=yes
IPV4_FAILURE_FATAL=yes
IPV6INIT=no
NAME="eth2"
ONBOOT=yes
```

- Configure hostname
\$ sudo nano /etc/sysconfig/network
NETWORKING=yes
HOSTNAME=**elephant**

- Configure hosts
 - 4 VMs

```
$ sudo nano /etc/hosts
192.168.1.1 elephant
192.168.1.2 tiger
192.168.1.3 horse
192.168.1.4 monkey
```

- Restart network
\$ sudo service network restart

- Verify hostname
\$ hostname

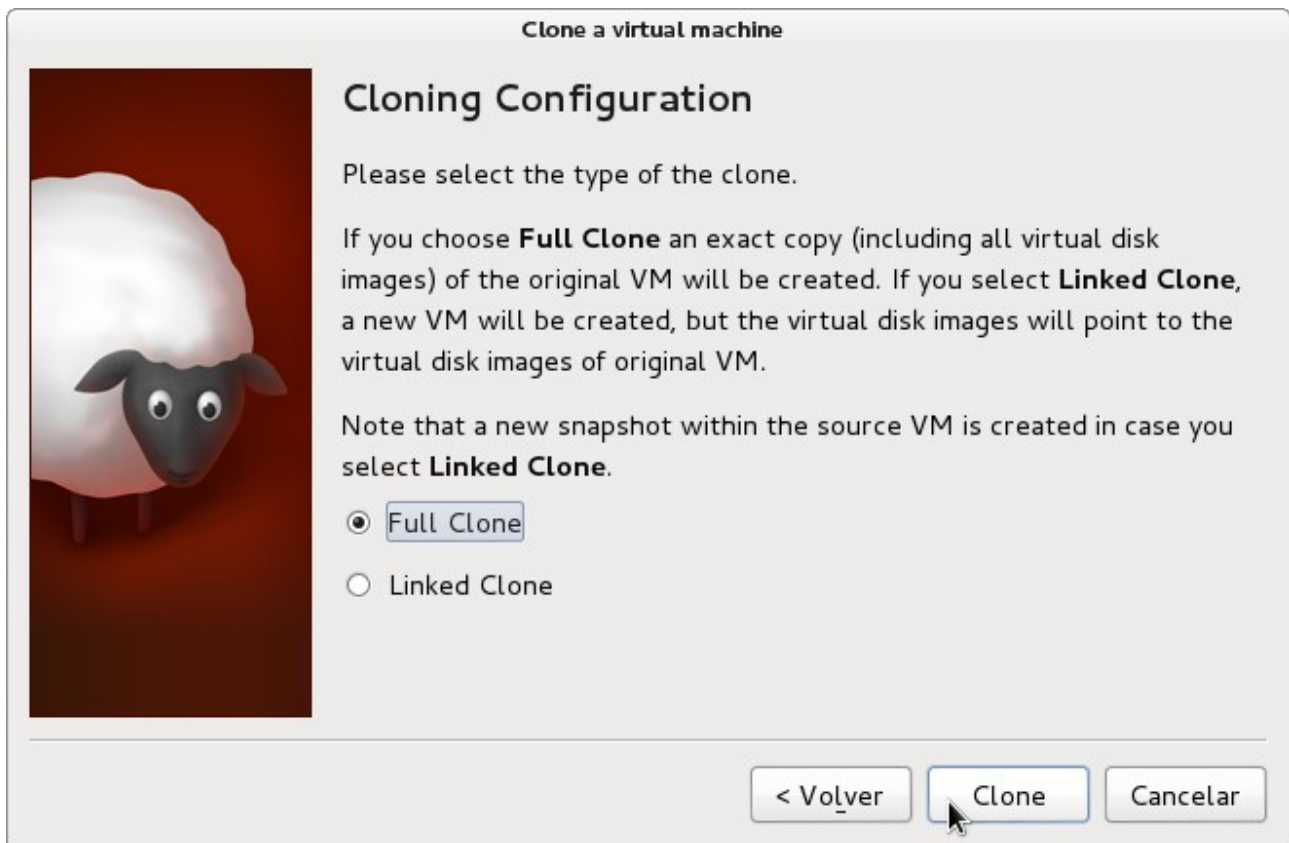
8. Create Hadoop Configuration files

- Move old Cloudera Manager config files
 - \$ sudo mv /etc/hadoop/conf /etc/hadoop/conf.alternatives
- Create basic Hadoop config files
 - \$ sudo mv /etc/hadoop/conf.empty /etc/hadoop/conf
- Create environment vars file
 - \$ touch /etc/hadoop/conf/hadoop-env.sh

9. Clone elephant VM

- Shut down elephant on System -> Shut down
- Select elephant on Virtual Box manager and go to menu Machine -> Clone
- Select new names: tiger, horse and monkey.
- Mark reinitialize the MAC address...
- Select Full clone.





10. Start new VM tiger

11. Reconfigure interfaces name

By default, VirtualBox creates new internal interfaces. We can change the names using these commands:

- `$ sudo nano /etc/udev/rules.d/70-persistent-net.rules`
- Comment with # eth0, eth1 and eth2
- Rename eth3 -> eth1 and eth4 -> eth2

```
# PCI device 0x8086:0x100e (e1000)
SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*",
ATTR{address}=="08:00:27:6a:1b:86", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth1"
```

```
# PCI device 0x8086:0x100e (e1000)
SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*",
ATTR{address}=="08:00:27:75:b5:92", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth2"
```

```
# This file was automatically generated by the /lib/udev/write_net_rules
# program, run by the persistent-net-generator.rules rules file.
#
# You can modify it, as long as you keep each rule on a single
# line, and change only the value of the NAME= key.

# PCI device 0x8086:0x100e (e1000)
#SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR{address}=="08:00:27:eb:65:c5", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth0"

# PCI device 0x8086:0x100e (e1000)
#SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR{address}=="08:00:27:9e:e6:60", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth1"

# PCI device 0x8086:0x100e (e1000)
#SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR{address}=="08:00:27:ba:08:a2", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth2"

# PCI device 0x8086:0x100e (e1000)
SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR{address}=="08:00:27:6a:1b:86", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth1"

# PCI device 0x8086:0x100e (e1000)
SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR{address}=="08:00:27:75:b5:92", ATTR{type}=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth2"
~
~
~
```

12. Configure tiger Network

- Configure IP
\$ sudo nano /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth2
...
IPADDR=192.168.1.2
...
- Configure hostname
\$ sudo nano /etc/sysconfig/network
NETWORKING=yes
HOSTNAME=**tiger**.gpul.org
- We need reboot VM after change ethX names
\$ sudo reboot

13. Copy and configure **horse** same as tiger in steps 10 to 14

14. Copy and configure **monkey** same as tiger in steps 10 to 14

Test ping to elephant, tiger, horse and monkey:

```
$ ping elephant
$ ping tiger
$ ping horse
$ ping monkey
```

There should be the cluster prepared like in this picture:

