README.md 2025-07-14



就 mqtt-mongo-python

This project demonstrates a simple telemetry API written in Python, using MongoDB as a database and various DevOps technologies.



Build coverage 74%



Table of Contents

- 🕷 mqtt-mongo-python
 - Table of Contents
 - Running Locally
 - With Python and MongoDB
 - With Docker and Compose
 - // Testing
 - Project Configuration with Terraform on AWS
 - SSH Keys
 - Elastic IP
 - Slack Webhook
 - ØitHub Secrets
 - AWS IAM Identity Providers
 - AWS IAM Assign Role to the Identity Provider
 - WS S3 Statefile
 - **III** AWS DynamoDB
 - GitHub Actions Workflow Variables
 - Mariables
 - API Docs
 - o h Logs
 - Destroy Config

Running Locally

With Python and MongoDB

- 1. Make sure you have Python and MongoDB installed.
- 2. Create and activate the virtual environment:

```
cd mqtt-mongo-python
python3 -m venv .venv
source .venv/bin/activate
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

3. Run the application:

README.md 2025-07-14

```
make run
```

To change MQTT broker or MongoDB credentials, edit the env file in app/env.

With Docker and Compose

Use the provided Makefile to run the project with Docker:

```
make docker
```

To remove all containers, volumes, and images:

```
make docker-clear
```

Testing

• Run tests:

```
make test
```

• Run tests with coverage report:

```
make coverage
```

Coverage HTML report will be saved in html/ by default.

Project Configuration with Terraform on AWS

🔐 SSH Keys

Generate the required keys:

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -m PEM -f key_ec2_dev -N ""
ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -m PEM -f key_ec2_prod -N ""
ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -m PEM -f key_github -N ""
```

README.md 2025-07-14

You may add a . pem extension to the EC2 key if you prefer. You will find the keys in the . ssh folder in your user directory. At the end, you'll have:

• key_ec2_dev.pem - Private key to connect to the developer EC2 instance:

```
ssh -i "key_ec2_dev.pem" ubuntu@ec2-[YOUR_IP].sa-east-
1.compute.amazonaws.com
```

• key_ec2_prod.pem - Private key to connect to the production EC2 instance:

```
ssh -i "key_ec2_prod.pem" ubuntu@ec2-[YOUR_IP].sa-east-
1.compute.amazonaws.com
```

- key_ec2_dev.pub Public key registered in AWS for the development EC2
- key_ec2_prod.pub Public key registered in AWS for the production EC2
- key_github Private key injected into the EC2 by Terraform to clone the GitHub repository
- key_github.pub Public key registered in GitHub under Deploy Keys to allow clone access

Elastic IP

This project uses fixed IPs via AWS Elastic IP. Manually create two Elastic IPs in the AWS console, one for development and one for production. Save the Allocation IDs to use later.

Slack Webhook

This project sends notifications to Slack for Dependabot, GitHub Actions, and CloudWatch SNS alerts. Slack's documentation explains how to create a channel and a webhook.

GitHub Secrets

Go to: Settings > Secrets and variables > Actions > Secrets, and add:

- DEV_EC2_PUBLIC_IP
 - Paste the Allocation ID of the development Elastic IP
- PROD_EC2_PUBLIC_IP
 - o Paste the Allocation ID of the production Elastic IP
- DEV_EC2_SSH_PRIVATE_KEY
 - Paste the contents of the key_ec2_dev.pem private key key_ec2_dev.pem
- PROD_EC2_SSH_PRIVATE_KEY
 - Paste the contents of the key_ec2_prod.pem private key key_ec2_prod.pem
- SLACK_WEBHOOK_URL
 - Your Slack webhook URL
- AWS IAM Identity Providers
 - Go to IAM > Identity providers > Add provider [OpenID Connect]
 - Provider URL: https://token.actions.githubusercontent.com

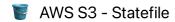
README.md 2025-07-14

Audience: sts.amazonaws.com

AWS IAM - Assign Role to the Identity Provider

 Access the Identity Provider again, click on the previously registered provider, and click on Assign Role

- Keep "Create a new role" selected and click on "next"
- · Keep Web Identity selected
- Select the previously configured Audience (sts.amazonaws.com)
- Enter your GitHub organization name (or your GitHub username)
- On the next screen, add the following policies:
 - AmazonS3FullAccess
 - AmazonDynamoDBFullAccess
 - AmazonEC2FullAccess
 - CloudWatchAgentServerPolicy
 - IAMFullAccess
 - AmazonSNSFullAccess
 - AWSLambda_FullAccess



Create a bucket with versioning enabled.

Marcoll AWS DynamoDB

Create a table with Partition Key: LockID

GitHub Actions Workflow Variables

For GitHub Actions to work properly, use these variables in the workflow files located at qithub/workflows:

- aws-assume-role-arn: e.g., arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/your-role-name
- aws-region: e.g., sa-east-1
- aws-statefile-s3-bucket: name of your S3 bucket
- aws-lock-dynamodb-table: name of your DynamoDB table

Terraform Variables

For Terraform to work properly, use these variables in the configuration files located at terraform/envs/:

- ami_id
 - Set the AMI ID for the OS image to be used, e.g., ami-0a174b8e659123575 # Ubuntu 22.04
 Free Tier sa-east-1
- instance_type
 - Set the instance type, e.g., t2.micro
- eip_id
 - Paste the Elastic IP allocation ID, usually starting with eipalloc-...
- branch
 - Set the name of the branch

README.md 2025-07-14

API Docs

• Without Docker:

http://localhost:3000/telemetry

http://localhost:3000/docs

• With Docker:

http://localhost:3001/telemetry

http://localhost:3001/docs

• On AWS (Docker):

- http://[YOUR_IP]:3001/telemetry
- http://[YOUR_IP]:3001/docs

Logs

```
# Cloud Init log (executed on instance creation)
sudo cat /var/log/cloud-init-output.log
# CloudWatch Agent log
sudo cat /opt/aws/amazon-cloudwatch-agent/logs/amazon-cloudwatch-agent.log
```

Destroy Config

Edit the destroy_config.json file inside the terraform/ folder to decide whether to destroy the environment:

```
"dev": false,
"prod": true
```